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PANAMA TREATY WINS; CUBAN TREATY HELD UP

END OF EXTRA SESSION NEAR

WASHINGTON, March 12.—There were important developments today regarding the treaties pending in the senate. The decision of the senate to vote upon the Panama canal treaty on Tuesday next and the reporting back of the Cuban reciprocity to the senate by the committee on foreign relations, indicate that the end of the work for which the extra session was called is in sight.

It is believed the democrats as a body probably will cease opposition to the Cuban treaty, but some of them, the sugar interests of whose states are affected by the treaty, will continue to oppose it. The republican side will vote practically if not absolutely solid for the treaty, and it is now generally believed that it will be ratified after action upon the Panama treaty.

The progress made today leads many senators to predict an adjournment by the close of next week

The action of the committee on commerce in postponing a vote upon Dr. Crum's nomination, which also took place today, is generally accepted as disposing of that matter for this session.

Ratification of Isthmian Convention Is Certain on Next Tuesday.

Washington, March 12.—The senate by unanimous consent today agreed to vote on the Colombian canal treaty Tuesday. The amendments to the treaty are to be considered Monday. The request for unanimous agreement was made by Senator Frye. The agreement is in part as follows:

"That, not later than Tuesday next, the vote upon the resolution for ratification shall be taken without further debate. That the injunction of secrecy shall be removed from the speeches of Senator Morgan already printed and submitted to senators, including that to be made by him on the response to the senate resolution calling for information as to the agreement between the Panama Canal Company and our government, and they shall be printed in The Record, and that the speech or speeches made for and against the ratification of the treaty during the hour of general debate allowed each side shall be printed in The Record in like manner as the speeches of Senator Morgan."

On motion of Senator Gorman the injunction of secrecy was removed from the agreement.

Many republicans agree that the two amendments proposed by the democrats ought to be adopted, but they fear any changes will endanger the treaty. There is every reason, therefore, to believe that the amendments will be voted down and the treaty ratified as it stands.

Cuban Treaty Discussed.

The executive session of the senate today was taken up largely with the details of the agreement to vote on the Panama canal treaty, and after the agreement was reached, Senator Morgan did not manifest any disposition to proceed with the discussion of that treaty. Senator Cullom thereupon asked the senate to take up the Cuban treaty, which he has just reported from the committee on foreign relations, but Senator Foster, of Louisiana, objected, saying that his colleague, Senator McEnery, who desired to speak on the treaty, was absent. This objection had the effect of preventing a formal consideration of the treaty, as such, but there was more or less discussion of the effect of the amendment to require the approval of the treaty by the house. Senator Foster asked when, under that amendment, the treaty would take effect and several republican senators made reply. The general opinion was that it could not become effective until after legislation by bill or joint resolution, in which both houses of congress should concur.

Among the senators who expressed the opinion that the treaty would not become effective under the operation of the amendment until approved by both houses of congress were Senators Allison, Platt of Connecticut, Teller and Bacon. These senators also contended that the action of the house on reciprocity treaties is necessary in order to conform to the constitution of the United States. Senator Allison, who always has taken a leading part in tariff and financial legislation, was quite emphatic in his expression of this view, and he cited the senate to a number of reciprocity treaties, in all of which treaties the cooperation of the two houses of congress had been secured.

Teller on Sugar Trust.

After concluding his remarks on the effect of the new amendment, Senator Teller discussed the merits of the treaty in detail, contending that it was a direct thrust at the sugar industry of the United States and that its effect would be entirely in the interest of the sugar trust, which he claimed would be benefited to the extent of no less than $6,000,000 annually by the reduction of the duties on raw sugar. He also declared the amendment recommended by the committee on foreign relations which provides that reduction on Cuban sugar during the life of the treaty shall not be more than 20 per cent and that during this time there shall not be reduction on sugar imported from any other foreign country, had been inserted merely for the purpose of catching the votes of senators from sugar-producing states. He asserted that it could have no possible effect in binding the government of the United States if its congress should decree otherwise. In other words, he said this enactment could be repealed just as any statute might be by congress.

Senators Platt, of Connecticut, and Dietrich, of Nebraska, replied to Mr. Teller. Mr. Platt denied that the sugar trust would repeat the benefit of the reduction proposed by the treaty.

Senator Dietrich defended the amendment providing against further reductions of the duty on sugar. The moral effect of the inclusion of this provision in the treaty, he said, would be very great. He said that he and some of the other beet sugar senators had exerted their influence to have the amendment adopted by the committee, and his confidence in the provision was such that its acceptance or non-acceptance would determine his final vote on the ratification of the treaty. Without the amendment he was opposed to the treaty; with it he was for the treaty.

Living in Upper Stories.

Shawneetown, Ill., March 12.—The people of this town are living and transacting business in the upper stories of their homes. It has been decided not to cut the levee along the Ohio as the water has begun to recede. The hills beyond the town are dotted with tents in which people have taken shelter from the flood.

Democrats Succeed in Sending Cuban Treaty to House For Action.

Washington, D. C., March 12.—(Special.) The democrats of the senate have scored a distinct victory in the matter of the Cuban treaty by forcing the republicans to accept their amendment providing that the treaty shall not go into effect until it is approved by the congress. This is the point for which the democrats have been making their strongest fight, the one which they have regarded as most important of all those under consideration. The republican leaders for their own political purposes have desired to avoid the adoption of such an amendment to the treaty, fearing it would lead to an embarrassing tariff fight in the new congress, but they found that the best constitutional lawyers on their side agreed that the democratic contention was right, and today accordingly they surrendered and permitted a unanimous adoption of this amendment by the foreign relations committee. This, of course, brought a unanimous report for the treaty as amended. The amendment is in these words:

"This treaty shall not take effect until the same shall have been approved by the congress."

Contention of Democrats.

This amendment removes from this treaty the grave question whether the president and the senate have the power to change the tariff laws by a treaty made with a foreign government. The original treaty assumed that the president and senate have this power and contained no provision recognizing that an act of congress would be necessary to make the treaty effective. The democratic senators have from the beginning strenuously contended that the president and the senate do not have this power under the constitution, and have insisted that the Cuban treaty should be so amended that it should not be effective until made so by act or joint resolution of congress. This contention is based upon the constitutional provision reposing in "the congress" the power "to lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts and excises."

When the treaty was before the senate foreign relations committee in the last congress, Senator Bacon, representing the democratic contention in this regard, offered an amendment that the treaty should not go into effect until approved by the congress. This amendment was then voted down by the committee and the treaty was reported to the senate without it.

When the present executive session of the senate began the treaty was again referred to the committee on foreign relations, and again Senator Bacon, by instruction of the democratic steering committee, offered the same amendment and it was finally accepted by the committee and reported to the senate.

The democratic senators claim this as a distinct victory, having in view their contention as above stated and the fact that in the last congress the republicans opposed the amendment and refused to permit it to be attached to the treaty. The democrats have regarded this as the most serious question involved in the Cuban treaty and if the amendment had not been finally conceded by the republicans the treaty would doubtless have been defeated.

Cuban Fight for House.

The practical effect of this is to carry the Cuban tariff fight over to the regular session of the new congress. President Roosevelt might call an extra session of congress to consider it, but he has been advised against this by republican leaders, who agree that the reports from Cuba show that the conditions there are not at all bad and there is therefore no call for extraordinary haste at this end of the line.

A renewal of the sensational contest over this question in the house is assured. It will be recalled that at the first session of the last congress the house put upon this Cuban bill a provision removing from the tariff law the differential which protects the sugar trust at the expense of the American consumer. A fight will be made to repeat this action. The whole tariff question will doubtless be opened up in the house and the senate when the Cuban matter gets before it next winter.

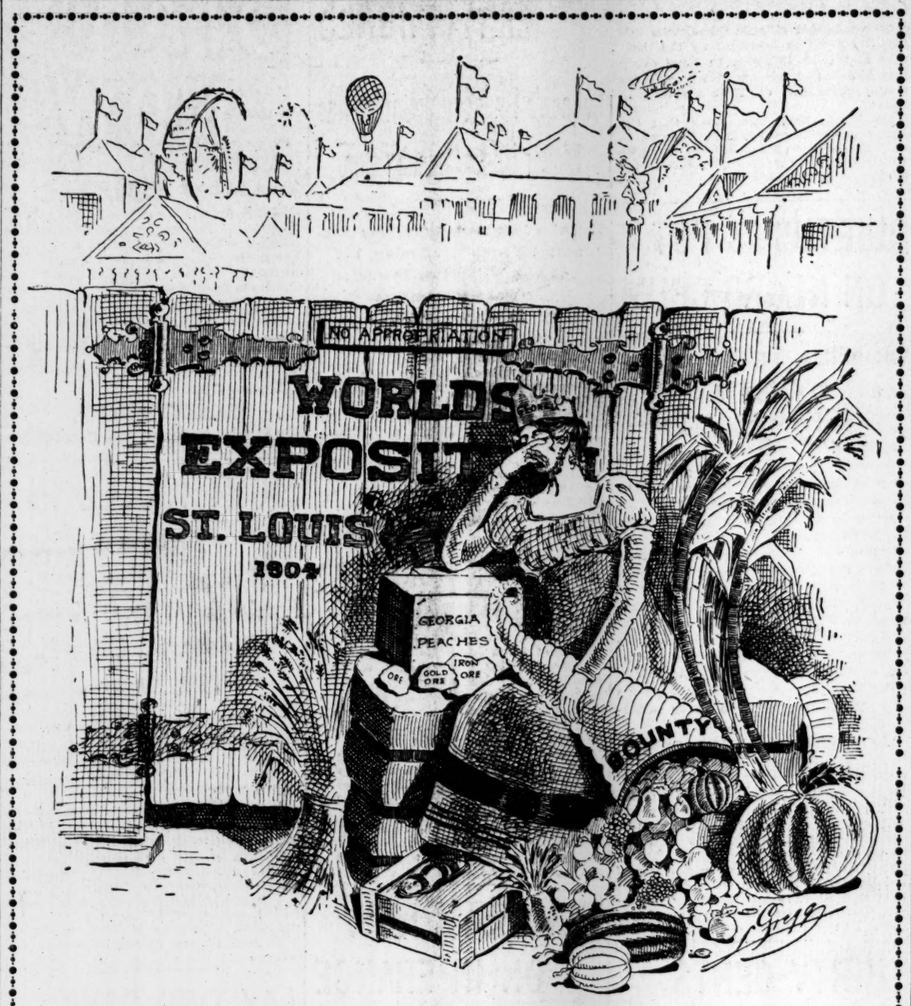
The amendments made to the treaty by the committee at the last session of congress were renewed at today's meeting and were accepted without discussion. One of these provides for a reduction of 40 per cent in the tariff on American cattle shipped into Cuba, and the other is a provision prohibiting in explicit terms a further reduction than 20 per cent in the duty on Cuban sugar shipped into the United States, and also prohibiting reductions in the rates of sugar coming into the United States from other countries.

The democratic senators as a rule express themselves as satisfied to allow the Cuban treaty to be acted upon with the amendment for submission to the house added. They say that this addition meets their demands on the question of principle, and that if there is any further opposition it will come from individual senators and not from the democrats as a whole. A leading democratic senator said today after the treaty as amended had been reported to the senate:

"We shall not now stand in the way of the treaty, and it is my opinion that it will be ratified if a quorum can be maintained."

Cubans Are Anxious.

Havana, March 12.—The publication of Washington dispatches regarding the amendments to the reciprocity treaty by the senate foreign relations committee has caused a renewal of apprehension among business men that the treaty may remain unsettled until the next session of the United States congress. The merchants and bankers here hope that if the amendment requiring the approval of the house is adopted President Roosevelt will call a special session of the house to settle the matter. The uncertainty regarding the rates of duties has seriously hampered both the export and import trade for several months. The merchants, although anxious for its ratification, now declare that even the rejection of the treaty is preferable to a further long period of uncertainty.



SHALL GEORGIA BE BARRED?

GOULD MAY SELECT BRUNSWICK FOR HIS TIDEWATER TERMINUS

MURDERED WIFE AND SIX BABIES

Krauss Then Inflicted Mortal Wounds on Himself.

He Used a Sledge Hammer To Crush Skulls of Sleeping Wife and Children and Then Placed the Seven Bodies Side by Side.

St. Louis, Mo., March 12.—Adolph Krauss, a farmer living near Bellefontaine, last night killed his wife and six children with a sledge hammer. He then knocked himself unconscious with the hammer, and at midnight was dying.

It is believed Krauss suddenly became insane. He had the reputation among his neighbors of being a quiet, inoffensive, industrious farmer, and no other cause but insanity has been assigned. Early last night John Krauss, a brother, went to Adolph's house. The lights were out, but the door was unlocked, and this aroused his suspicions. He entered the house, and upon striking a light found that there had been a tragedy.

From all that can be learned, Adolph Krauss entered the house some time yesterday afternoon armed with a sledge hammer. Without warning he struck his wife on the head, killing her instantly, then seizing his first child, 12 years of age, he dealt her a fatal blow. The other five children were killed similarly, the youngest being a six months' old babe. Krauss then placed the seven bodies side by side on the floor in one room, seized the hammer and dealt himself a blow on the head. He fell unconscious almost in line with his victims. When John Krauss discovered the tragedy tonight he immediately summoned the police. The murderer will probably die by morning.

Will Meet in Chattanooga.

Chattanooga, Tenn., March 12.—Chattanooga has been chosen as the place for the annual meeting of the Alabama and Tennessee organizations of Sons of Union Veterans. It is announced that the meeting will be held in this city May 13 and a large attendance is expected.

Indications Are That the Railroad Magnate Has Eye On Georgia Port.

SOME DEVELOPMENTS ARE EXPECTED SHORTLY

Outline of Gould Plan for Effecting Consolidation of His Southwestern Roads with Brunswick for Terminus on the Atlantic.

New York, March 12.—(Special.)—George J. Gould plans to reach tidewater on the Atlantic coast at a more southerly port than Baltimore, as well as at that city. The second tidewater point will probably be Brunswick, Ga. Baltimore is to be the tidewater port for the Wabash connection with the West Virginia Central and the Western Maryland. Gould's Texas Pacific and International and Great Northern roads are reaching over into the south and if present plans are carried out will be into Birmingham almost as quickly as the Rock Island will be through the purchase of the St. Louis and San Francisco.

The Gould plan for effecting a southwestern consolidation, to be known as the "Greater Missouri Pacific system," includes ports for exports on the Atlantic coast as well as on the Gulf of Mexico. Both the International and Great Northern and the Texas and Pacific will afford splendid southwestern connections for a line in which the Goulds are interested. This line will within a short time carry them from Shreveport, La., to Vicksburg, and on to Meridian, in Mississippi, a long step forward toward Birmingham.

The connection from Shreveport to Delta, on the Mississippi river, which the Goulds will secure, is the Vicksburg, Shreveport and Pacific.

The transportation across the Mississippi to Vicksburg will be by the railway ferry owned by the Mississippi and Louisiana Transportation Company.

Once into Vicksburg a line could be very easily built as a distance of about 200 miles to Birmingham, or by absorbing the Alabama and Vicksburg, the Gould system would be brought to Meridian, leaving a gap of only about 60 miles into Birmingham. Should the Rock Island and St. Louis and San Francisco combination not make a deal with the Central of Georgia, which Mr. Morgan controls, and the Brunswick and Birmingham, which could be extended to connect with the Georgia Central at Americus, Mr. Gould could arrange either a traffic agreement with the Brunswick and Birmingham, or actually absorb the property, building the additional 200 miles, which has been surveyed and located from Irwinville, Ga., to Birmingham.

The presence in Brunswick of the traffic officials of most of the southern roads and their visit to Birmingham indicate some developments in southern transportation lines. Not the least important of these is the move of the Goulds' toward the Atlantic coast.

SEVEN MURDERS CHARGED TO HIM

A. E. Batson Is Found Guilty at Lake Charles, La.

Batson Took the Verdict Quietly, but His Mother Became Hysterical. Batson Was Tried for the Butchery of the Earl Family.

Lake Charles, La., March 12.—The second trial of A. E. Batson, charged with the murder of seven members of the Earl family, near Welsh, La., was concluded here this evening, the jury finding the accused guilty as charged.

Batson took the verdict quietly, and Mrs. Payne, his mother, although her face showed grief and deep thought, her eyelids did not quiver and she sat with her hands to her lips and with downcast eyes. Batson also seemed sad and quiet, but otherwise there was no noticeable change in him. He whispered a few words to his mother while a deathlike stillness reigned in the court. For a second time Batson stood convicted and for a second time he will be sentenced to death.

The defense has only reserved two bills of exceptions, one of which is based on the testimony of Mrs. Maud Earl Ingram, who declared that the handwriting in the notice found near Ward Earl's house was not in her brother's handwriting. As she was not an expert the defense objected to her testimony in this respect. It was on a similar point that the supreme court reversed the finding of this court and gave Batson a new trial.

Mrs. Payne sat rigid as a marble statue for some minutes and then with a deep groan she sank back in her chair, her eyes rolled wildly for a few moments and she became as pale as marble. A score of deputy sheriffs surrounded her and a physician was sent for.

Batson sat with his arms around his mother's neck and a couch was procured and the woman laid upon it pending the arrival of the physician. Her lips were bloodless and at times she gasped for breath. Batson drew his chair over beside the couch and finally his mother revived and then became hysterical. She threw her arms about her son and sob after sob was sent from her breast. Then she commenced weeping and was carried into the ante room on the couch and Batson was taken back to the parish jail to await sentence.

Negro Shot Fleeing from Law.

Augusta, Ga., March 12.—(Special.)—A negro showed up in Blythe, Ga., today with a 44-caliber bullet wound in his leg. He is evidently a fugitive from justice, but was suffering so from the wound that he could go no further and was obliged to seek medical assistance. He declined to give his name or any account of the circumstances under which he was shot. If anybody has shot a lawbreaker in the past few days, but failed to capture him, he may find his victim at Blythe, 22 miles from Augusta.

HIGHER, EVER HIGHER, GREAT RIVER SWELLS

CLIMAX OF THE FLOOD TO COME NEXT WEEK

Washington, March 12.—The weather bureau tonight issued the following special river bulletin:

The Ohio river at Evansville will not change materially during the next two days, but will continue to rise below. At Paducah a stage of about 47.5 feet will be reached, while at Cairo a stage of between 50.5 and 51 feet will probably be reached by Saturday night.

The Tennessee will change but little unless heavy rains set in again.

The Mississippi, from Chester suthward, will continue to rise. In the Memphis district the rise has continued at an increased rate, as indicated in the special bulletin of the 11th instance. The stage at Memphis this evening was 35.8 feet, a rise of 0.5 foot since Wednesday evening, while at Helena Thursday morning it was 45.3 feet, a rise of 0.2 foot. A stage of about 37 feet is indicated at Memphis Friday night or Saturday and the highest stage will be reached about Wednesday, March 18. At Helena the maximum stage will be in the neighborhood of 49 feet, all estimates being based upon the assumption that the levees will remain intact. The only trouble thus far reported has been at Caruthersville, Mo., where the levee is still in danger.

Below Helena the rise will continue steadily and there is no present indication that revision of previous estimates will be necessary. The Red and the Ouachita rivers will also continue to rise for the next six or seven days, with stages of 37 and 43 feet, respectively, at Alexandria and Monroe, 3 or 4 feet above the danger lines. At New Orleans preparations continue for a 21-foot stage.

SUMMARY OF NEWS

FORECAST.

For Georgia—Rain Friday and Saturday; light to fresh northeast winds.

Highest temperature 67
Lowest temperature 59
Mean temperature 63
Normal temperature 51
Precipitation for past 24 hours 0
Deficiency since 1st of month 57
Excess since 1st of year 71

LOCAL.

Prevalence of the grip is felt in Atlanta and physicians are kept busy.

A strong effort is in progress to have Georgia well represented at the St. Louis fair.

Richard Mansfield presents Julius Caesar to brilliant audience at the Grand opera house.

It is probable that the session of the general assembly this summer will be limited to twenty days.

Rev. W. J. Holtzclaw resigns as pastor of the Jones Avenue Baptist church and his resignation is accepted.

Unearned interest is not to be considered in arriving at constitutional limit of bond issues, says the supreme court.

GEORGIA.

Cecil Wainwright is in jail at Rome charged with abducting a girl at Rome

Arrangements have been completed for the track meet between the University, Emory and Mercer at Athens on May 2.

The Sunday closing discussion in Macon has renewed interest owing to the fact that Rabbi Marcuson has announced that he will support the Massee ordinance.

Grover Sapp, a fifteen-year-old boy, committed suicide near Eastman Wednesday night. He had purchased some liquor from the dispensary at Hawkinsville.

SOUTHERN.

Ensign Ward Wortman testified in the courtmartial at Pensacola yesterday.

Cracksmen yesterday blew open a safe at Asheville, but found only thirty cents, which they left in disgust.

Governor Aycock, of North Carolina, has refused to name delegates to the race convention suggested by the Wisconsin senate.

DOMESTIC.

The Mississippi river continues to rise and a record-breaking flood is believed to be certain.

Disclosures made at Seattle indicate a regular traffic in Japanese girls for immoral purposes.

Miss Alice Roosevelt wishes to do some globe trotting. She is begging her father to allow her to visit the Philippines.

The senate has agreed to vote on the Panama canal treaty next Tuesday. It is believed the treaty will be ratified without amendment.

Dr. R. C. Flower, whose name has figured largely in the notorious Hagaman case, has been arrested in New York on a charge of grand larceny.

J. Pierpont Morgan and party arrived in Washington from the south yesterday. As soon as Morgan arrived his presence was requested at the white house.

The Cuban reciprocity treaty has been favorably reported with an amendment that it shall not go into effect until passed on by the house. This amendment was proposed by the democrats.

FOREIGN.

The jubilee gifts presented to the pope will probably be sent to the St. Louis exposition.

Brazil alleges that her action in regard to the Acre territory is due to a desire to enforce the Monrose doctrine.

The debate on the religious orders has opened in the French chamber of deputies. Great crowds were in attendance.

Count Bernsdorf, president of the Potsdam police, who has been visiting United States, tells emperor of the superiority of our policemen and firemen over those of Germany.

The czar of Russia has issued a decree providing for religious freedom and other reforms throughout the empire. The decree is considered the most significant since the emancipation of the serfs.

MARKETS.

Money on call ruled firm at 5 to 6 per cent.

The dry goods market was dull, but no weakness in prices was observable.

The day's largest dealings and widest movements were in individual stocks. The close was dull and weak.

In Liverpool cotton closed at a decline of 9 to 10 points. New York closed 1 point higher to 6 points lower. New Orleans closed 5 to 7 points down.

In Chicago the markets were dull, May wheat closing weak 3-8 to 1-2c lower. May corn was down 1-8c. Oats were 1-8 to 1-4c higher. Provisions were unchanged to 15c lower for May at the close.

Gravity of Flood Situation Along the Mississippi Increases.

Memphis, Tenn., March 12.—There is little change in the river situation tonight and although the rise today has been slight the situation is still considered grave and a stage of more than 38 feet is still expected. The gauge tonight shows 35.8 and rising an advance of .02 since midnight last night.

Dispatches from Caruthersville say that the situation there is practically unchanged and that the embankments will hold a stage of water 3 feet greater than at present. These dispatches are from private individuals and if the government engineers have received advices from Caruthersville today they have not made them public. Captain Lucas, United States engineer in charge of the first and second districts, left today for Helena, Ark., to personally inspect conditions in the White river district. The government steamer Mercury left today for Helena with supplies and men for Assistant Engineer Levasseur, who is in charge of the levee strengthening work at that point.

Gap in the Levees.

The Robert E. Lee left today for the south, carrying supplies and men for the levee engineers at Cat island, where the rush of the waters through the 17-mile gap in the levees is causing uneasiness. The James Lee left for the north with men and supplies for the engineers at ecan Point where strengthening work is in progress on the embankments. No news has been received from the area in Mississippi county, Arkansas, which was reported flooded yesterday by water having percolated through the embankments.

The engineers here say that the crest of the rise will probably reach Memphis Sunday unless there are further heavy rains generally over the area drained by the tributaries of the Mississippi in the meantime. They predict a record breaking stage of water on account of the fact that the levees are all holding against the flood. During the high water of 1897 the river at Memphis was 40 miles broad and there were no embankments on the Arkansas shore to back up the waters and narrow the channel of the river. Should the embankments hold the crest of the rise will pass Memphis quicker than otherwise would be the case and the danger of breaks in the levees below this city will be greatly increased. For this reason the situation below Memphis is now that which is developing most concern

Situation at Caruthersville.

Reports from Caruthersville, where the levee is reported to be washing away, state that the banks have caved badly in front of the junction of "loops," necessitating the abandonment of the old levee. Engineer Kilpatrick telegraphs that the new levee can hold five additional feet of water and that the situation is well in hand.

The levee 2 miles south of Caruthersville is caving badly and the greatest danger is looked for at that point. The country for 50 miles around Caruthersville is flooded and railway traffic has been suspended. Landing places along the river are submerged, many towns are entirely surrounded and the river has backed up for miles.

Another weak spot in the levee system apparent now is at Vanciuse, Ark. A "sand boil" appeared there just back of the levee Tuesday between the horns of a bend in the river west of Lake Chicot. The "boil" was promptly suppressed, but its appearance indicated an underground fissure that may prove dangerous. Vanciuse is in the third United States district under the supervision of Captain Charles L. Potter.

The work of distributing supplies and establishing substations along the levee system will continue until all danger is past. The St. Francis levee board and Captain Lucas are contnuing their work of supervision of the levees from New Madrid, Mo., to the beginning of the third division, near the mouth of White river.

Many refugees from the lowlands are arriving in Memphis.

More Convicts Wanted.

Jackson, Miss., March 12.—Governor Longino has received scores of telegrams from the levee district this morning, all of an apprehensive nature. The levee board at Clarksdale believes that the levees in Issaquena county are in great danger and has asked for more convicts at once, free labor being scarce. Warden Henry, who is on the scene, was ordered to rush all convicts possible from the state farms on special trains. They will be distributed at weak points along the line. Sharkey county telegraphs a request for tents, as the break in the levees above there will render hundreds homeless, but the governor has no authority to send tents belonging to the federal government. So far no breaks are reported on the Mississippi side and the levees are being closely guarded to prevent cutting by parties on the opposite side. No one on the ground seems to doubt an unprecedented overflow.

Rising at New Orleans.

New Orleans, March 12.—The river here is rising more rapidly now. Today the gauge marked 18.7, a rise of 0.3 of a foot in twenty-four hours, bringing it within 0.8 of the record of 1897. The weather continues rainy and cloudy. An increased force of men was put to work along the river front today and sacking is now to be carried on all along the line. The engineers are without advices today from other points in the state.

Captain Bromwell, United States engineer, and the state engineers said tonight that there had been no trouble anywhere and the levees were in good condition. Guards are on duty everywhere, and there are men and material on hand at convenient points to be rushed to wherever danger arises. The local levee board is piling up a double row of earth-filled sacks all along the city front as an extra precaution, but no weak spots have developed. While the river is rapidly reaching the highest mark ever attained and the weather continues bad, everybody is confident that the levee system, on which millions have been spent, will triumphantly withstand the strain. The river stage at 8 p. m. was 18.8, a rise of one-tenth in the past twelve hours.

Red River Out of Bank.

Alexandria, La., March 12.—Red river at this point is 34.9, which is 1.9 above the danger line, and is rising. Old river

Continued on Fourth Page.

ROBBED HIS WIFE AT PISTOL POINT

Eugene Howell, of Augusta, Arrested on That Charge.

It Is Alleged That Howell Secured $500 from His Wife—Clark, Who Claimed To Have Been Shot, Has Left Columbus.

Columbus, Ga., March 12.—(Special.)—Holding up his own wife with a pistol and robbing her of $500 is the startling charge against Eugene Howell, a well-dressed young man of Augusta, who was arrested here by the police yesterday and who was carried to Augusta tonight by an officer.

Howell was carried to Augusta by his own father in law, H. P. Hughes, who had been deputized as an officer. The young man married his daughter some time ago, and it is charged that about a month after the marriage he robbed his bride in the manner above stated. The police recovered over $200 of the money today, finding it in his trunk.

Recently Howell was fined in the superior court of Muscogee county for carrying concealed weapons. He was engaged to be married to a young lady here.

Found Beef, but No Corpse.

An abandoned well under a house, covered with boards, and bloody clothing in the yard were the ingredients in what looked like a murder mystery at No. 220 Fifth street this morning.

Miss Mattie Hill, who lives at this number, had had some clothing washed, and they were left clean and white in the back yard. Going out to get the clothing the next morning she was surprised to find blood all over one of the dresses. Murder was suggested, and the dragging of the old well was deemed in order. A policeman was sent for, and from the blood found about the premises, and various suspicious circumstances, he thought the case worthy of official investigation. Coroner Clements was sent for and had a bailiff to go into the house, pull the boards off the mouth of the well and look down into it. The bailiff declared that he saw a woman in the water with her hand projecting out. An old colored well digger, Henry Gilbert, was sent down into the well, but declared the only thing he could find was a piece of beef. How even a piece of beef could get into the well, covered over as it was, is not clear. The well is some 50 feet deep.

The authorities could discover no body, but they are inclined to think that there was some foul play in connection with the incident which has not yet come to light.

Clark Flees Before Warrant.

Charley Clark, the alleged railroad man, who claimed to have been desperately wounded in a thrilling duel at Richland, Ga., has skipped by the light of the moon. He quietly left his boarding house early this morning when the people in the house were asleep, and has neglected to return. It is thought that he has left the city. A bailiff, armed with a warrant charging him with larceny from the house, is now on his trail. The warrant was sworn out by B. F. Gary, who boarded at the same place where Clark has been stopping, No. 933 Fifth avenue. He alleges that Clark stole his pistol. When Clark left in such an unceremonious manner he was wearing a suit of clothing belonging to Mr. Armstrong, another lodger.

It is now thought that the man's story was a fabrication from beginning to end; that he was never shot at Richland or anywhere else; that his arm was not broken, and that he merely had it bandaged to substantiate his story. The object of his mysterious conduct cannot be fathomed. When he was in Richland he had the gun and the suit of clothing, and just why he returned to Columbus at all is not understood. It is said that his real name is Charley High.

Clark's remarkable case has kept the newspaper reporters and the police on the jump for two days, but since he has disappeared the only persons who are worrying about him are his fellow boarders.

Columbus Rejoices.

The news of the victory of the city of Columbus in the water bond case before the supreme court was received with great reoicing here. Mayor Chappell ordered the city flag to be hoisted on the bell tower in honor of the city's victory. Columbus will now go ahead and build its water works.

TO ENLARGE SOLDIERS' HOME.

Board of Managers Located Sites for More Buildings.

Knoxville, Tenn., March 12.—The board of managers of the National Soldiers' Home made some important decisions while inspecting the new home which is being built near Johnson City, Tenn. Twenty additional buildings were located. These include seven barracks, five officers' quarters, another administration building, Carnegie library, theater, two chapels, conservatory and two large stables. With these constructed the home will have a total of forty-two buildings.

NURSES WILL GRADUATE.

Will Receive Diplomas in the Hall of the Marist College on the Evening of March 19.

Young ladies who have completed the required course in the St. Joseph's Training School for Female Nurses, which is a branch of St. Joseph's infirmary, will receive diplomas on the evening of March 19 at 8 o'clock in the hall of the Marist college, on Ivy street.

A number of young ladies have completed the course. An interesting programme has been arranged for the occasion and it is probable that there will be a large crowd on hand to witness the graduating exercises.

JAPANESE GIRLS STOLEN AND SOLD TO AMERICANS

SEATTLE, WASH., March 12.—Investigation on the part of customs officers into the slave traffic in young girls brought from Japan to the United States and sold to men who farm them out for immoral purposes has revealed a deplorable state of affairs and to a much greater extent than ever before anticipated.

The Japanese consuls at Seattle, Vancouver and other cities in this district will lend their aid in breaking up the business and their influence to have every person deported for connection with the traffic punished on their arrival in Japan.

Assurances have been given that the Japanese government will be disposed to take the matter up and enforce the laws which provide a severe punishment for such acts of misconduct.

WORTMAN TALKS BEFORE COURT

Accused Ensign Was Last Witness to Testify in Case.

Pensacola, Fla., March 12.—(Special.)—Today for the first time since the convening of the court martial for the trial of Ensign Ward Wortman the prosecution secured some tangible evidence.

It came about by the court overruling the objection entered by counsel for the accused to the admittance of the testimony of Captain Manney, commander of the Massachusetts, relative to the statement made to him by the accused at the time of the accident.

After the judge advocate succeeded in getting this portion of evidence before the court counsel for the accused insisted that the accused go on the stand as a witness for the prosecution.

The judge advocate demurred but counsel insisted and Ensign Wortman was placed on the stand as the last witness.

He stated that during the loading of the gun one of the crew, after the breech was closed, reached forward and raised the hammer, cocking the gun, and that he called to him to let it alone. The man then attempted to lower the hammer, but was again called to by the accused. Just as the ensign turned an explosion occurred. He was knocked insensible, and when he came to officers were rushing forward.

FROM ILLINOIS THEY WILL COME

Delegates Appointed for National Charity Conference.

Delegates who will represent Illinois at the Atlanta National Conference of Charities and Corrections have been announced. They were appointed yesterday by Governor Yates, of Illinois, and are persons who are known for their interest in charity and correctional work.

The conference is to be held here from May 6 to 12, inclusive, and it is probable that delegates will be present from every state in the union.

Dr. T. D. Longino, chairman of the local committee that has in charge the work of preparing for the reception and entertainment of the visitors, and also the work of creating interest in the conference among other southern states will doubtless call another meeting of the body of which he is chairman in a few days and will make arrangements for the successful conclusion of the work that has commenced with such splendid indications of success.

Following is the dispath from Springfield announcing the appointment of delegates:

Springfield, Ills., March 12.—(Special.)—Governor Yates today appointed the following Chicago delegates to represent Illinois at the National Conference of Charities and Corrections to be held at Atlanta from June 6 to 12, inclusive:

E. M. Ashcraft, Ephraim Banning, O. T. Bright, John J. Banberg, Daniel D. Healy, F. G. Keith, Sarah Hackett, Stevenson, N. W. McLain, Joseph Schabeck, Charles T. Garrard, Franklin MacVeagh, Thomas C. McMillan, Adolph Nathan, John J. Sloan, Mrs. Julia B. Shattuck and Mrs. Flora Moulton.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

TOOK HIS LIFE WITH REVOLVER

Fifteen-Year-Old Boy Committed Suicide After Drinking.

Eastman, Ga., March 12.—(Special.)—Grover Sapp, the fifteen-year-old son of one of the most prominent planters in this county, committed suicide at Du Boise, Dodge county, last evening about seven o'clock by shooting himself in the breast with a 38-calibre revolver.

He was sitting at the time on the front veranda with a young lady, of whom it is said he was very fond and first pointed the pistol at her, and expressed an intent to shoot.

He visited Hawkinsville on yesterday and made a purchase of the dispensary. Unless the result of drinking no cause can be assigned for his act.

Jockey Waldo Suspended.

San Francisco, March 12.—Jockey Willie Waldo was suspended by the stewards at Oakland today for his ride on Hainault in the fourth race.

QUIETUS IS PUT ON NEGRO CRUM

Committee Postpones Case and No Action Is Likely at Extra Session.

Washington, D. C., March 12.—(Special.) Only eight members of the senate commerce committee were present at the meeting called this morning to consider the Crum case.

Had a roll call been ordered of those present the nomination would have been voted upon adversely for a minority of those present were opposed to Crum's confirmation. Messrs. Clay, Berry, Martin and Mallory, democrats, and Perkins, republican, were on hand to vote against the negro aspirant for the collectorship while Frye, Hanna and Depew were the only members present to favor confirmation.

The absentees were Elkins, Gallinger, Nelson and Penrose. There was a general disposition to let the matter rest despite the president's expressed desire that the senate act. It is believed this will end all efforts to confirm at this special session of the senate though this is not certain.

The suggestion for the postponement was made by Senator Clay. There are a number of vacancies on the committee and he urged that the committee should not act until these were filled.

THIRTY CENTS LEFT IN SAFE

Cracksmen Disgusted With Small Amount Revealed by Work.

Asheville, N. C., March 12.—The big safe in Sternberg's ware house was blown open with nitro glycerine last night. The work was evidently that of experts.

Sternberg was known to have handled large sums of money recently, but he had deposited it all in the Battery Park bank, there being only 30 cents in the safe, which the safe crackers left, probably in disgust.

Bloodhounds failed to strike a trail, and no clew has yet been discovered.

MORGAN WANTED AT WHITE HOUSE

When Financier Reached Washington He Was Sent For By Roosevelt.

Washington, March 12.—J. Pierpont Morgan and party, consisting of his daughter, Dr. and Mrs. Markoe, and two other ladies—friends of Miss Morgan—arrived in Washington shortly before noon today from Jekyl island. The party is stopping at the Arlington, but pursuant to Mr. Morgan's custom none of them registered and all knowledge of their plans were denied at the hotel.

It is known that, however, shortly after Mr. Morgan's arrival a messenger from the white house came in search of him, but Mr. Morgan was out at the time, and his valet could not say when he would return. After paying several calls Miss Morgan and the ladies in the party returned to luncheon, but without Mr. Morgan. Further than to say that he was on his way to New York Mr. Morgan would not discuss his visit.

Mr. Morgan visited the capitol for a short time and saw a number of senators, including Messrs. Aldrich, Hanna and Gorman. It was stated that the visit of Mr. Morgan had no significance concerning pending business in the senate.

Upon his return to the hotel, he was accompanied by Senator Hanna. As the two stepped up to the desk at the Arlington where Senator Hanna lives, the clerk said:

"Mr. Morgan, the white house wants you. They have been trying to get you several times."

Mr. Morgan smiled and turned to Senator Hanna. Hanna laughed out loud. "Did you have an engagement here?" "No," blurted out Mr. Morgan, with great positiveness, then turning to the clerk, he said: "Tell the white house I haven't come in yet."

Then he went off with Hanna. Some time later he sent down word that the white house might now be informed that he was in. A pressing invitation to call on the president followed. The two men were in conference some time. It is understood Cuban conditions and the prospective report of the coal strike commission were the topics discussed at greatest length.

Mr. Morgan called at the white house during the afternoon and held a conference with the president. He was alone and remained for about half an hour with Mr. Roosevelt. The nature of his call was not disclosed.

Tonight Mr. Morgan and his party took dinner at the Arlington hotel, Senator Hanna and Miss Phelps, the latter's niece, being Mr. Morgan's guests.

Announcement was made at the hotel that Mr. Morgan and his party would remain in Washington until tomorrow, at least, and possibly until Saturday.

No Report on Strikes.

Charleston, W. Va., March 12.—The federal grand jury which has been investigating the wholesale resistance of officers in the Raleigh county coal fields was expected to make a partial report today, but on account of large number of witnesses as yet unexamined the rendering of the report has been deferred.

MAY REMOVE MANY PHONES

Council's Finance Committee Has Matter Under Consideration.

Report of Subcommittee Was Submitted Yesterday Morning, but It Was Withdrawn Because It Was Thought Best To Wait a While.

As the result of investigations by a subcommittee of the finance committee, many of the telephones now in use by city officials may be discontinued. The report of the subcommittee was submitted to the finance committee, of which Alderman Inman is chairman, during the session of yesterday morning, but at the request of Councilman Harwell it was withdrawn for further consideration.

The subcommittee is composed of Alderman Girardeau, chairman, and Councilman Harwell.

The report that was submitted yesterday morning provided for the discontinuance of Bell telephones in the Girls' High school, the warden's office, in the offices of the captains of police and several others. The Standard residence telephone of Chief Joyner is also to be removed. To this Chief Joyner, says the committeemen, does not object.

About ten of the telephones are still in dispute, and when the committe decides to discontinue them there will doubtless be lively times for awhile.

Members of the committee declined to make public the report that was submitted to the finance committee yesterday morning, saying that they thought it best to say nothing about the matter until the committee has acted finally because of the complaints that will be received from those who now use the telephones that are under discussion.

RELIGIOUS ROW ON IN FRANCE

Heated Debate Begins in the Chamber in Regard to Catholic Orders.

Paris, March 12.—The chamber of deputies was the center of great interest today at the opening of the debate on the religious orders. A large crowd filled the galleries and the floor of the chamber was also crowded. The ministerial bench was occupied by Premier Combes and most of his associates in the ministry.

Previous discussions of the subject this session have involved incidental phases, such as the use of the Breton dialect in the schools, but today's debate involved the main issue, the question of the discontinuance of teaching by the religious orders. The matter came up on a proposition, submitted by the premier, refusing the request for authorization to teach made by fifty-four male religious congregations. This had been made a special order of the day, the expectation of the majority being that the debate would continue from six to ten days before a decisive vote could be taken.

Owing to the strength shown by the ministry on the recent test votes the adoption of the premier's proposition was considered practically certain.

The early stages of the debate today were devoid of exciting features. The Abbe Gayraud, Catholic republican, and M. Lerolle, conservative, spoke against the proposition.

GROUNDS HAVE BEEN CHOSEN.

Where the American League Boys Will Play in New York.

New York, March 12.—President Ben Johnson, of the American League, announced this afternoon that the New York grounds of the team had been selected and leased. They will be between 165th and 168th streets, Eleventh avenue and Fort Washington avenue. The president of the New York American League team Johnson announced, will be Joseph Gordon, a builder and coal and wood dealer, a member of Tammany Hall and of the New York Athletic, Democratic and Tilden Clubs. Associated with him will be John Day, once president of the New York National League club.

IRELAND MAY BE SUCCESSFUL.

Rome, March 12.—The situation with regard to the appeal of Archbishop Ireland as cardinal is unchanged. Personages of high authority at the vatican say that his nomination is likely in two contingencies—as a reward when the Philippine question is satisfactorily solved, or in the eevnt of his nomination being asked for directly or indirectly by the supreme authority of the United States.

Regarding the views of the apostolic delegate at Washington, as to the wisdom of such an appointment, the vatican has always instructed the apostolic delegates to keep in touch with the trend of public opinion, even since Cardinal Satolli was at Washington, when the vatican understood that President Cleveland would view with satisfaction the nomination of Archbishop Ireland.

Captain J. M. Lee, Waycross, Ga.

Waycross, Ga., March 12.—(Special.)—Captain J. M. Lee, after a week's illness from total paralysis, died at 7 o'clock tonight. The funeral will occur tomorrow afternoon at 3:30. He was aged 65 years and was a member of the Confederate Veterans' camp of this district.

The directors of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad Company have declared the regular semi-annual dividend of 3 1-2 per cent on the company's capital stock.





TO SELECT YOUR CLOTH for the New Spring Suit and Top Coat. Let us have your measure today and time to make them up nicely before the Spring Rush is on. Our assortment of the Spring Shades in Cloths is at its best.

EASTER comes late this year; you'll need new Clothing before Easter.

Suits from $18.50 to $50.00.
Top Coats $15.00 to $40.00.
The swell kind that fit.

ESSIC BROS.,
The Popular Clothiers, 26 Whitehall St.

EIGHT KILLED IN CAMP FIGHT

Employees of Rival Turpentine Concerns Mix With Fatal Results.

Norwalk, Fla., March 12.—Assessor Bullard, of McMeekin, who arrived at this place today, reports a desperate encounter between the hands of rival turpentine camps near Orange Springs.

A contention arose about a matter of little importance between some of the negro laborers of Meg's camp and those of Law's camp. This aroused the fury of the entire crowd and precipitated a fight, which ended in a general battle.

The report is that eight men were killed and a large number of others wounded. The place is not accessible by wire and further details cannot be obtained.

LAY TWO DAYS WITHOUT HELP

Aged Woman's Skull Crushed With Ax—Man Under Arrest.

Carnesville, Ga., March 12.—(Special.)—Gilbert Hamet, aged 51 years, was lodged in jail here this evening, charged with assault and attempt to murder on Mrs. Jane Merriett, near Martin, Ga. She is 71 years old.

It is charged that he slipped in the house about dark Monday night and hit her two licks with an ax, crushing her skull, and left her for dead.

She stayed there two days and two nights without food, water, or any attention, and was found in a dying condition late Wednesday evening.

THEY WILL STAY UNTIL APRIL.

Battle Ships Will Remain in Pensacola Two Months Longer.

Pensacola, Fla., March 12.—Admiral Higginson, commander in chief of the north Atlantic squadron, has announced that the battle ships composing the squadron will now remain in Pensacola harbor for nearly two months longer, leaving here during the first portion of May. The original programme was for the ships to sail for Norfolk during the early portion of April, remaining here only a little over one month, but inasmuch as they are now engaged in various drills ashore and in the harbor it is thought best that they stay at Pensacola. The Texas is receiving repairs at the navy yard, and many of the vessels are getting necessary overhauling, especially to the machinery, after three months of constant running. In addition to this the Illinois will go to New Orleans to be docked in about three weeks and will probably remain at least two weeks. The new Maine is hourly expected from Norfolk to join the fleet.

A few days after the Maine's arrival she will go out into the open gulf, accompanied by some of the other ships, when a test of her speed will be made. Last night witnessed a pretty searchlight drill among the seven battle ships. It was for the amusement of about 500 guests on board the Kearsarge, who were tendered a reception by the officers of the fleet.

HAS TROUBLES OF HIS OWN.

Governor Aycock Will Not Appoint Delegates.

Raleigh, N. C., March 12.—(Special.)—Governor Aycock declines to appoint delegates to the negro race convention at Atlanta. He said:

"I think it a piece of foolishness. I will let Georgia attend to her race troubles and let North Carolina attend to hers. We have troubles enough of our own and we have always been diligent enough to meet and overcome them."

Bark Held at Quarantine.

Mobile, Ala., March 12.—Pilot boat Harper reports that she was spoken yesterday afternoon off Mobile bar by the Cuban bark Alabama, announcing the death and burial at sea of Abrahamsen, master of the boark. The Alabama hailed from a Cuban port, bound for Mobile, but received orders to proceed to Ship Island quarantine station, the cause of Abrahamsen's death not yet being known.

Salaries of Postoffice Clerks.

Washington, March 12.—The annual readjustment of the salaries of clerks at presidential postoffices throughout the country was announced today. The changes will take effect on July 1, the beginning of the new fiscal year. There are some thousands of clerks promoted and a large number of additional clerks are allowed to many of the offices. The changes as announced today involve approximately $1,500,000 in increase of salaries and action has not yet been taken as to a number of large offices.

Superintendents To Transfer.

Asheville, N. C., March 12.—It is authoritatively learned tonight that Superintendent Loyal, of the Asheville division of the Southern, will be transferred to the Knoxville division, and that Superintendent Frank Ramseur, of the eastern division, will come to Asheville. Change is effective the 15th instant.

GRIP IS HERE; DOCTORS BUSY

Prevalence of Disease Causes Great Discomfort.

Few Fatalities Have Occurred, but Much Grumpiness and Grouchiness Has Resulted—Weather Blamed—No Relief Seems To Be in Sight.

We all have it.

Call it la grippe, grippe, grip, influenza or just plain bad cold, it matters not. We—meaning the people of Atlanta, but not at all in the sense of the Two Little Tailors of Tooley Street—are firmly in its grasp; or, rather, in their grasp, for the dread disease is the result of the system becoming impregnated with a billion or so of germs, known to the scientists as influenza bacilli. Cows and horses also are subject to it, only they don't make such a noise about it.

The weather conditions of the past two weeks have been unusually and distressingly favorable for an epidemic. It is here, and if a concensus of opinion could be gathered from the remarks dropped sotto voce by the sufferers, an epidemic of smallpox, cholera, or even bubonic plague, would be far more welcome, for then there would be more well people to sympathize with the sick ones.

Physicians in Atlanta, at least those who are able to be up and about, are kept on the go night and day attending to the calls of their patients. The druggists have abandoned their soda water fountains for the nonce, so busy are they dispensing nastrums guaranteed to put the busy little bacilli out of business.

And the grouchy, grumpy ghastliness of it all!

The kind husband and father, who, in the dim and distant past before the epidemic struck town, was wont to seek his happy home at eventide, greet his waiting helpmeet with a smile and a kiss, dandle little Mary on his knee and relate pleasant stories of the day's experiences, now goes home, kicks the dog, complains of the supper and betakes himself to bed in a huff because there's no whisky in the house. It's just the grip.

Book agents and other agents have gone out of business. It was rumored yesterday that seventeen were thrown out of one office building. It's only la grippe.

Inquiring strangers in town shake their heads in amazement after getting the answers to their inquiries. Grip.

And here is the pleasant prospect for tomorrow and the next, and it will probably be the same for many days to come. This special report on Atlanta was secured at great expense late last night, from the Sage of Hackensack. By comparison it will be seen that it reads very much the same, in places, as the regular report sent out from Washington:

"ATLANTA—Rain Friday and Saturday; light to fresh northeast winds. Cheer up; the worst is yet to come."

AMERICAN TARS SATISFIED.

Higginson Contradicts the Report of Wholesale Destructions.

Washington, March 12.—The following report received at the navy department today from Rear Admiral Higginson, commanding the battle ship squadron off Pensacola, Fla., is of especial interest, in view of the recent reports of wholesale desertions from the North Atlantic squadron:

"I have the honor to report that during the last week, from March 1 to March 8, 2,370 men of the battle ship squadron have been granted liberty at this place, of which number 57 remain absent over liberty at end of the week, a percentage of 2.4. This showing is most creditable, especially after several months spent in the West Indies, where very little liberty could be given. I have also heard from a number of citizens of Pensacola and through the newspapers at this place (Pensacola) of the marked sobriety and orderly conduct of the men while on shore."

CLOTURE FOR THE SENATE.

Platt, of Connecticut, Wants Such a Rule Adopted.

Washington, March 12.—The open session of the senate today lasted five minutes. Mr. Kean, of New Jersey, reported back favorably from the committee on contingent expenses the resolution introduced yesterday by Senator Allison to authorize the committee on rules to sit during the recess for the purpose of examining the rules and it was adopted.

In this connection Mr. Platt, of Connecticut, gave notice of a modification of the rules which he proposed by which the senate, at any time by a three-fifths vote in the senate, could make an order fixing the time at which a vote should be taken upon any pending question, and fixing the limit of time any senator could occupy in debate pending such final vote. This proposition for cloture was in the form of a resolution. It was ordered to lie on the table.

The Sum of

Foresight
Economy
Wisdom

Life Insurance

The investment toward which thoughtful, careful men turn for absolute security and unquestioned protection.

Other investments may be all right most of the time. Life Insurance is reliable and safe all of the time.

The story of a policy is simple, not complicated, an unequivocal promise to pay at a certain time, conditioned only upon the regular deposit of a specified amount of money.

EQUITABLE POLICIES are examples of brevity of expression and variety of values, plainly worded, easily understood, with reasonable premiums.

R. L. FOREMAN
Manager for Georgia.
ATLANTA.

Lustrous and Lasting
GORHAM SILVER POLISH
Silverware polished by its means retains its brilliancy indefinitely
All responsible jewelers keep it 25 cents a package

LOST.

LOST—A leather pocketbook containing about $30 and valuable papers; owner's name inside; between union depot, Atlanta, or on train between Atlanta and Covington or Conyers, Ga. Finder will leave same at Kimball house office and receive liberal reward.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

SANDERS—The friends of Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Sanders and Mrs. M. J. Lancaster are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. C. A. Sanders today at 1:30 p.m., from H. M. Patterson's parlors, 32 Peachtree street. Dr. W. W. Landrum will officiate. Interment at Westview.

St. Louis, Kansas City and Louisville papers please copy.

GERMAN COUNT LIKES OUR WAY

Reports to Emperor What He Saw While in America.

Berlin, March 12.—Count Von Bernsdorf, president of the Potsdam police, who recently returned to Germany from the United States, has submitted to Emperor William a written narrative of his experiences and observations in America, with appreciative notes on the New York police. The police president and his five traveling companions, four young guardsmen and a junior attache of the diplomatic service, happened to be sent this wise.

The emperor was talking to a group of subalterns at the Casino of Potsdam, early in December, and asked them where they were going for their holiday. One was going to Paris and another intended to visit Bohemia.

"Why don't you go where you can learn something?" interrupted the emperor. "Go to America. You shall go as my guests, and tell me all about it when you come home."

Count Von Bersdorf, with a detective sergeant, detailed by Police Commissioner Greene, studied the police system of New York. The thing which most astonished him was that he was not bothered in the streets by dissolute women. The count told a newspaper correspondent that he especially admired the size of the New York policemen, their smart uniforms and their courtesy, and he referred in his report to the large, well-ordered police stations of New York, and contrasted them with the rented rooms occupied by the Berlin police.

"But," the count added, using a recent addition to his vocabulary, "the Americans have money to throw at the birds."

Since his return Count Von Bersdorf has timed the Berlin firemen in responding to calls. He found that it takes three of four minutes to start an engine here and contrasted this with New York's thirty seconds to do the same thing.

Great Western Champagne

—the Standard of American Wines.

Pure and perfect, in every way the equal of the imported, yet but one-half the price.

GOLD MEDAL

at Paris, 1900. Ideal for banquets and for the home.

PLEASANT VALLEY WINE CO.,
SOLE MAKERS, - RHEIMS, N. Y.
Sold in Atlanta by Potts-Thompson Liquor Co.

If you have weak lungs you have reason to fear pneumonia, and should keep at hand a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It counteracts any tendency of a cold or attack of the grip to result in pneumonia, and is pleasant and safe to take, It always cures, and cures quickly.

HELD ON CHARGE OF KIDNAPING

Claimed That Wainwright Abducted Young Girl.

Miss Leila Scott, Pretty Sixteen-Year-Old Girl, Persuaded To Leave Home at Rome—Pair Arrested at Cedartown Last Night.

Rome, Ga., March 12.—(Special.)—Cecil Wainwright and Miss Leila Scott, the pretty 16-year-old daughter of Mrs. Chesser Scott, were arrested at a late hour this afternoon at Cedartown by Sheriff Donahoo, of Floyd county, and both were brought to Rome.

Wainwright is now in jail under a charge of kidnaping and the girl has been turned over to her mother.

Wainwright's relatives in Mississippi have taken the matter up and Attorney J. Santa Crawford has been employed to defend him.

The affair has created an immense sensation in Rome, as Mrs. Scott has a wide circle of friends in the city.

Tuesday afternoon about 1 o'clock Wainwright went to Mrs. Scott's home and asked to see Miss Leila. The girl's mother told him she did not care to have her daughter keep company with young men.

Wainwright insisted on seeing her and Mrs. Scott finally let him talk to Miss Leila.

Mrs. Scott left the two in the room and during her absence Wainwright enticed the girl off. She was seen to enter a buggy with Wainwright and the two drove down Broad street. This was the last seen of them until the arrest today.

Wainwright is about twenty-eight years of age and has only been in Rome a few weeks.

His home is in Mississippi and he claims to be an expert cotton mill man.

He is a man of fine education and it is said he comes from a prominent and wealthy Mississippi family.

PLANS FOR NEW BATTLE SHIPS

Considered by the Naval Board of Construction.

Washington, March 12.—The naval board of construction today considered plans for the five new battleships just authorized by congress. The board took up first the projected 16,000 ton ships, and it practically was decided that the Missouri type now under construction represents about the best ship of the kind yet designed, so the plans will be adopted for the new ships with possibly a slight alteration in the disposition of the armor. By adopting this course it is estimated that advertisements for their construction can be issued within six weeks. In regard to the smaller, or 13,000 ton ships, it is said the navy list does not include a ship of this tonnage. One proposition is to make the vessels armored cruisers of 22 knots speed with 10-inch guns.

ASSOCIATE JUSTICE DAY IN A SERIOUS CONDITION

Washington, March 12.—The Associated Press is informed by a member of the family of Justice Day, of the United States supreme court, that he is suffering from a severe attack of grip. His condition, it is admitted, is serious. Mrs. Day and two sons arrived here yesterday. Two other sons are away at college, and, it is stated, will not be sent for unless their father's condition becomes worse.

The condition of Associate Justice Day, of the United States supreme court, who is suffering from an attack of the grip, was more encouraging tonight, according to a statement made by a member of the family. Dr. Hardin, the physician in charge of the case, paid a visit to the house early in the evening and will make a call later in the night.

Justice Day was suffering from a slight cold when he left Canton for this city to take the oath of office as a member of the supreme court. The bad weather aggravated this cold into a severe attack of the grip. His physician denies that there are yet any symptoms of pneumonia.

After his visit tonight, Dr. B. L. Hardin, the attending physician, made the following statement:

"The judge has a moderately severe attack of pneumonia. He is comfortable tonight and his symptoms at present do not occasion alarm. Dr. Osler, of Johns Hopkins university, will see him in consultation tomorrow morning."

The friends of Judge Day are apprehensive concerning his condition. His temperature today rose to the neighborhood of 105. He is a man of frail appearance and it is feared may be unable to withstandd a severe attack of illness, though hopes are entertained that his excellent habits and the careful nursing and medical attention he is receiving will enable him to pull through. Never a man of strong appearance, it was remarked when he came here to take his place on the bench of the supreme court that he seemed to be very much thinner than when in Washington as secretary of state.

COLOR LINE IN CHICAGO DEED

Document Stipulates That Land Should Never Pass to Negro.

Chicago, March 12.—(Special.)—For the first time within the recollection of the oldest clerks in the office of the county recorder, the color line was drawn in a deed recorded today. The instrument was executed by Frederick H. Bartlett in favor of Halbert F. Brandt and conveyed the property on the east side of Washington avenue, 37 feet north of Sixty-first street, 37 by 86 feet, running through to the Illinois Central railroad. In the deed the grantee agreed that the premises should not be occupied by nor leased to a negro or negroes and the deed was accepted subject to that condition.

ON THE TRAIL OF THE THIEF.

Sheriff Sowell Recovers Stolen Mule, Wagon and Cotton, and Is After the Rogue.

The mule, the wagon and the bale of cotton stolen from three farms in Henry county by an Atlanta negro have all been found by Sheriff Sowell. The mule and wagon were abandoned in a pine thicket on the Marietta road, four miles from Atlanta, and were located by Sheriff Sowell last Monday.

Yesterday morning the sheriff traced the bale of cotton to the Whittaker cotton mills at the river, where the thief had sold it for nine cents a pound. The bale weighed 377 pounds.

The negro visited three farms at night, taking first the mule, then the wagon and lastly the cotton.

Sheriff Sowell thinks he will find the thief today.

Catalogue ready for boys about April 1st. Send in your name and it will be mailed to your address.

For, or Against a Boy.



We're of the opinion that the sooner a boy gets his clothes to act for him (folks will size you up by your appearance), the earlier he will get a start in life.

The principle carries with a store, too. We have ready all the spring styles for boys. Plenty of dealers get them as the season advances---but mighty few have them prime-up with the crocuses and Easter lilies.

Spring Norfolks.

As pictured above, 5 to 14 years; in novelty cheviots and English mixtures; gray, brown, tan and olive effects. As swell a style as ever came from a Norfolk pattern.

Prices, **$3.50, $4.00, $4.50 $5.00**—up to **$7.50.**

Same style of Norfolk suit made of all-wool crash, with coat collar like cut, or with sailor collar, **$5.00** and **$6.50.**

New Negligee Style.

Here is about the smartest suit ever created in a Negligee. It is cut with a single-breasted coat, London style, and has a belt of cloth to fasten over the trousers. All the new over-plaids and Scotch suitings are among the patterns.

Prices run **$3.50** to **$10.00**—6 to 17 years.

SAILOR SUITS: 3 to 10 years; wool crash, serge and unfinished worsted. **$3.50** to **$8.50.**

BOYS' SPRING OXFORDS

are ready—styles are "toppers," like his father's.

MUSE'S,

3, 5 and 7 Whitehall.

PRIMARY ASKED BY MACON MEN

Multiplicity of Candidates Causes Fear of Negro Vote in Election.

By E. C. Bruffey.

Constitution Bureau, 467 Second Street, Macon, Ga., March 12.—(Special.)—An examination of the registration books of Bibb county shows that some 400 negroes have been registered, and this discovery, in connection with the multiplicity of candidates in the race for county treasurer, has aroused the apprehensions of many of the business men of Macon.

And it may be that a democratic white primary will be resorted to in order to eliminate the possibility of the election of some one not wholly and completely satisfactory to the heavy taxpayers of the city and county.

A mathecatical calculation by one of the best posted politicians of Macon today shows almost conclusively that 350 to 400 votes will be sufficient to elect, provided all the candidates now out remain in the field. This being true it would be easy for the negro vote to concentrate upon one of their own race or to unite upon some one they might select and name Massenberg's successor.

The calculation mentioned has caused some alarm and late this evening a movement was set on foot to have the county democratic executive committee meet and order a primary. Dr. J. H. Heard, chairman of the committee, was approached and tonight a petition was handed him containing the request indicated.

So far Chairman Heard has not decided positively what he will do, but tonight he intimated to some of the candidates that he would confer with other members of the committee, and if he found a primary advocated by any number of them he would call for a meeting so that an election might be provided for.

The bare possibility of the supremacy of the negro by reason of his strength on account of the great number of candidates in the race has caused no little concern.

It is conceded that 4,000 votes will be the extreme limit cast at the special election. Divide this by fifteen, the number of aspirants for the position, and it can be seen what the result will be should the 400 negro votes cling together.

Those favoring the primary, and the movement grows in strength as it is discussed, say that it can be held within the next fifteen days, and in no way conflict with the special election called by Ordinary Wiley.

Or, if necessary, the advocates of a primary assert the ordinary could defer the date of the special election.

YOU CAN INTEREST HIM.

Any Man Over Fifty.

You can interest any man over fifty years of age in anything that will make him feel better, because while he may not as yet have any positive organic disease he no longer feels the buoyancy and vigor of twenty-five nor the freedom from aches and pains he enjoyed in earlier years, and he very naturally examines with interest any proposition looking to the improvement and preservation of his health.

He will notice among other things that the stomach of fifty is a very different one from the stomach he possessed at twenty-five. That greatest care must be exercised as to what is eaten and how much of it, and even with the best of care, there will be increasing digestive weakness with advancing years.

A proposition to perfect or improve the digestion and assimulation of food is one which interests not only every man of fifty, but every man, woman and child of any age, because the whole secret of good health, good blood, strong nerves, is to have a stomach which will promptly and thoroughly digest wholesome food because blood, nerves, brain tissue and every other constituent of the body is entirely the product of digestion, and no medicine or "health" food can possibly create pure blood or restore shaky nerves, when a weak stomach is replenishing the daily wear and tear of the body form a mass of fermenting, half digested food.

No, the stomach itself wants help and in no round about way either; it wants direct, unmistakable assistance, such as is given by one or two Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets after each meal.

These tablets cure stomach trouble because their use give the stomach a chance to rest and recuperate; one of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets contains digestive elements sufficient to digest 3000 grains of ordinary food such as bread, meat, eggs, etc.

The plan of dieting is simply another name for starvation, and the use of prepared foods and new fangled breakfast foods simply makes matters worse as any dyspeptic who has tried them knows.

As Dr. Bennett says, the only reason I can immagine why Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are not universally used by everybody who is troubled in any way with poor digestion is because many people seem to think that because a medicine is advertised or is sold in drug stores or is protected by a trade mark must be a humbug, whereas as a matter of truth any druggist who is observant knows that Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets have cured more people of indigestion, heart burn, heart trouble, nervous prostration and run down condition generally than all the patent medicines and doctors prescriptions for stomach trouble combined.

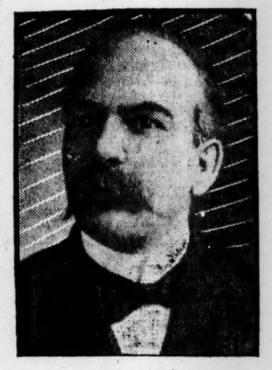
W. J. HOLTZCLAW HAS RESIGNED

Finale to Jones Avenue Church Trouble Enacted Last Night.

Resignation Accepted and Letters of Dismission Granted Minister and His Family—Proceedings Brief—Dr. Landrum Moderator.

The finale to the Jones Avenue Baptist church trouble, the several features of which during the past week have attracted widespread attention, was enacted last night at a called conference of the church and in the presence of a large congregation when Rev. William J. Holtzclaw resigned the pastorate and the resignation was accepted.

No demonstration of any character marked the proceedings, but there was a tinge of impressiveness to the scene as the minister, who has been the central



REV. W. J. HOLTZCLAW,
Whose resignation as pastor of the Jones Avenue Baptist church was accepted last night.

figure in the fight between the two church factions, withdrew from his field of recent labors after having lost in the contest. The brief business of the session was transacted quickly and in order and without discussion, the people seeming anxious to put a period to the closing chapter of the story of strife and dissention and to end the unpleasant matter as soon as possible.

There were no speeches either from the pastor or the members. The pastor merely stated that the conference had been called for the purpose of transacting busines relating to himself and suggested that some one else be chosen as moderator. Dr. W. W. Landrum, pastor of the First Baptist church, was elected moderator, after having preached an eloquent and forceful sermon. The pastor then tendered his resignation, with the request that he, his wife, and his son be granted letters of dismission from the church. The ppaper was read by Clerk William Grubbs, who stated that the board of deacons recommended its acceptance.

On motion of Frank Taylor, one of the supporters of the pastor the recommendation on both propositions was accepted as a whole. No further business was considered and the conference adjourned, having been in session only a few minutes.

Dr. Holtzclaw's Resignation.

The following is the formal resignation:

"To the Jones Avenue Baptist Church. Dear Brethren: I beg herewith to tender my resignation, to take effect tonight. I ask also that you do me the kindness to suspend one of the rules of the church and grant letters of dismission to myself, wife and son.

"I present to you also the decision of an informal council on a question propounded to them by the pastor and deacons of the Jones Avenue church, which I accept in good faith. The findings of the council render it becoming in me to surrender a difficult situation which I sought to compose by higher considerations than the technicalities of parliamentary law. Fraternally yours,

"WILLIAM J. HOLTZCLAW.

"March 12, 1903."

The board of deacons met with the pastor before the special meeting began, at which the resignation and request for letters of dismission was presented and accepted. It is learned that the action of the deacons was unanimous. They then recommended that the church take similar action.

The deacons requested Mr. Holtzclaw to preach at both the morning and night services at the church Sunday, and this he agreed to do, so announcing to the congregation last night. He stated that he would preach his farewell sermon Sunday night.

It was stated last night by a member of the church that a number of the members who have supported the pastor will request their letters and withdraw from the church at the next conference in April. Among the number are mentioned certain members of the board of deacons.

"These members," he said, "will not withdraw because of any feeling toward any of the other members, but simply because they do not want to take part in any further church wrangles."

The fifty-nine members who were recently excluded will be reinstated into full membership in the church at the next conference. The special council council which investigated the trouble held that the exclusion of these members was illegal.

Rev. Mr. Holtzclaw stated last night at the conclusion of the conference that he has not yet decided on his future plans. He says that he has two fields in view, from both of which he has received propositions, but that he has reached no decision as to accepting either. It is expected that he will remain in Atlanta for some time, or until he formulates definite plans.

The board of deacons last night took steps to raise the back salary due Rev. Mr. Holtzclaw, and it is likely that he will be paid in full in a short time. It is stated that the back salary amounts to little more than $300. It is understood that the minister made a statement to the deacons which dissipated any likelihood that he would bring suit to recover the amount, as has been rumored. The church has not yet taken steps toward securing another pastor, and it is not known when this will be done.

DR. MARCUSSON JOINS IN FIGHT

Jewish Rabbi to Speak On Sunday Closing.

Favors Massee Ordinance, Which Is Opposed by People of Macon Churches—New Interest Is Caused by Entry Into Discussion.

By E. C. Bruffey.

Constitution Bureau, 467 Second Street, Macon, Ga., March 12.—(Special.)—While the Massee ordinance regulating the observance of the Sabbath day commercially is slumbering in the hands of the committee to which it was referred the problems involved are still a live and interesting question among the people of all classes and of all religious beliefs.

Two factions have been created since the Massee ordinance was given to the public through The Atlanta Constitution and the Macon papers, and with each day the feeling between the two elements is growing more and more intense.

The faction opposed to the ordinance, the faction wanting closed doors, is industriously laboring for the defeat of Mr. Massee's pet scheme and its ranks have shown a growth until it is questionable now as to which of the two parties could outvote if a public ballot were resorted to.

Opposed to this church element is one equally as strong, composed of some of the leading business and professional men of the city.

This faction will tomorrow find a zealous and industrious advocate, probably a leader, in the Rev. Dr. Pace E. Marcusson, of the Jewish synagogue in this city, for tomorrow night Rabbi Marcusson will address a crowded temple and will take issue with the men of the pulpit who are advocating closed doors on the Sabbath day.

Before the ministers of the city spoke from their pulpits last Sunday many of them sent invitations to citizens. Dr. White, of the Baptist church, invited among others the members of the congregation who worship at Beth Israel, and a large number of Macon's most prominent Hebrews was in attendance. To this portion of his congregation Dr. White made a special plea, declaring that the Sunday selling ordinance was radically wrong.

He urged upon the Hebrews the necessity of observing Sunday, claiming that it should be respected by them as much as by the Gentiles, as it is a legal holiday. Dr. White based his request upon the fact that two holidays in the week are too many for any people.

Rabbi Marcusson will reply to this feature of Dr. White's address and has requested the presence of not only the mayor, members of the board of aldermen and state officials, but many prominent Gentiles of Macon.

To some of these Dr. Marcusson tonight indicated the line of his argument. He will take the position that according to the interpretation of the United States courts Sunday is not a legal holiday, but simply a day which is observed under police regulation.

He will cite the fact that the Jews do not entertain the same views as to the observance of the Sabbath as do the Gentiles. He will insist that instead of making the day one of meditation and prayer it should be made a day for throwing aside thoughts that burden and tax the mind and for making merry.

The fact that Jews do not visit cemeteries on their Sabbath because it is calculated to produce thoughts of sadness and sorrow will be emphasized.

The rabbi will claim, according to his declaration when discussing the matter tonight, that his race has a deep respect for the laws of the land, and for that reason observes the Sabbath in matters of business the same as Christians. But Dr. Marcusson will insist that it is impracticable for the Hebrews to observe the Sabbath day in the same spirit as their Christian friends.

Colonel Cooper Satisfied.

Macon, Ga., March 12.—(Special.)—"I have been absent from the city nearly two weeks," said Colonel John R. Cooper today, "and I am off for another rural trip this afternoon. It was legal business that carried me away, but during my absence I took occasion to put out some congressional feelers, and I am more than satisfied with the result."

Mr. Cooper has been to Laurens and to Gwinnett, in both of which counties he had some important litigation demanding attention. He reached Macon early this morning and at noon left again for Jackson, where he has clients expecting his presence. During his stay in the city this morning Mr. Cooper found sufficient time to confer with a few friends relative to his contemplated candidacy for congress and just before leaving for the depot called at The Constitution office to say:

"I am in this race to win. Since I have been away I have been approached by great numbers of people who wanted to know whether I was in the race or not. It is true some of them are not voters in the district, but the mere fact of asking the question shows that they are watching the situation here. From this on I shall make an active and industrious campaign, and when I return from this trip I intend asking the other two candidates in the race to meet me in joint debate. I know the election is a long ways off and there is plenty of time. I am aware of the fact that I need time to get over the district if I want to make a thorough canvas. Just keep your eye on this congressional contest if you want to see some fun."

Hon. Charles Bartlett, the member from this district, is mingling pleasantly and quietly with his friends just as though no one contemplated antagonizing him. He feels that his work for the district and his friends in it has given him the right to expect a strong support. Mr. Bartlett will make it interesting for any one who may attempt to wrest congressional honors from his grasp.

Funeral of G. M. Goston.

Macon, Ga., March 12.—(Special.)—The remains of G. M. Goston, who died at Talbotton Tuesday last, were this afternoon interred at Rose Hill. Mr. Goston was a southern gentleman of the old school and was held in high esteem by all who knew him. He was the father of Dr. G. P. Goston. The pallbearers were R. F. Burden, T. E. Merritt, Monroe Thorpe, W. H. Whitehead, Alexander Nelson and J. R. Holmes.

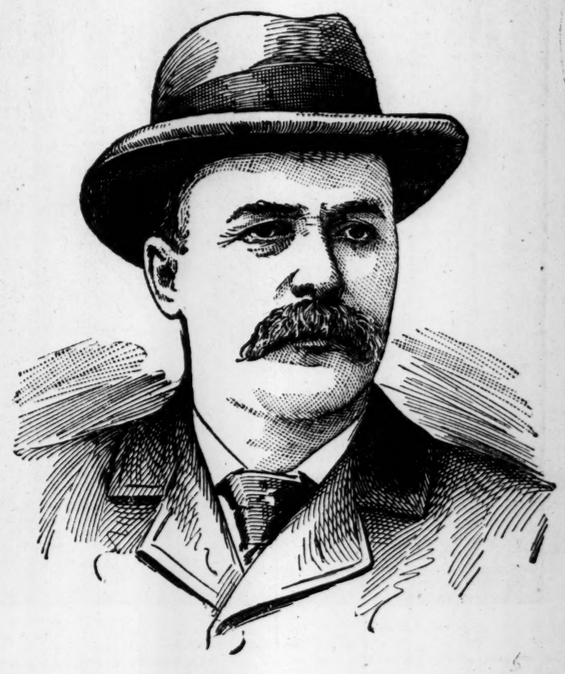
Will Leave for Idaho.

Asheville, N. C., March 12.—(Special.)—On March 20 200 prospective settlers in Idaho will leave this county. They expect to engage in farming and stock raising on railroad lands.

BLADDER TROUBLE AND WEAK KIDNEYS

Had to Pass Water Very Often Day and Night.

Cured by the Great Kidney and Bladder Remedy, Swamp-Root.



DR. KILMER & CO., Binghamton, N. Y.

About two years ago I had a very severe case of kidney and bladder trouble. The pain in the small of my back was so severe that I could not stand it to stay in one position more than a moment or two, and was obliged to pass water very often day and night. I tried medicines and doctors without getting relief. Noticing an article in The Topeka State Journal of Swamp-Root, I determined to give it a trial and bought a bottle. By the time I had finished the first bottle the pain had entirely disappeared from my back. The pain and frequent desire to pass water ceased. However, I continued to take the medicine, using about six bottles in all. That was over a year ago and I have had no return of the trouble since.

(A. H. Nooney.)
Chief Engineer, State Capitol Building, Topeka, Kan.

A. H. Nooney.

Jan. 2, 1903.

Weak and unhealthy kidneys are responsible for more sickness and suffering than any other disease, therefore, when through neglect or other causes, kidney trouble is permitted to continue, fatal results are sure to follow.

We often see a relative, a friend, or an acquaintance apparently well, but in a few days we may be grieved to learn of their severe illness, or sudden death, caused by that fatal type of kidney trouble—Bright's Disease.

The mild and extraordinary effect of the world-famous kidney and bladder remedy, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. A trial will convince anyone—and you may have a sample bottle sent free, by mail.

Sample Bottle of Swamp-Root Free by Mail

EDITORIAL NOTE—Swamp-Root has been tested in so many ways, and has proven so successful in every case, that a special arrangement has been made by which all readers of The Constitution who have not already tried it may have a sample bottle sent absolutely free by mail. Also a book telling all about Swamp-Root, and containing many of the thousands upon thousands of testimonial letters received from men and women who owe their good health, in fact, their very lives, to the wonderful curative properties of Swamp-Root. In writing, be sure and mention reading this generous offer in The Atlanta Daily Constitution when sending your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

If you are already convinced that Swamp-Root is what you need, you can purchase the regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles at the drug stores everywhere. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

FLEEING BURGLARS SHOT BY OFFICER

Cars Burglarized at Union Depot Early in Night.

BURGLAR GAVE CRY OF PAIN.

Policeman Randall Chases Two Burglars and Fires Upon Them. One of Them Is Thought To Have Been Wounded by the Fire.

Patrolman Randall shot at and probably hit a negro burglar last night after chasing him from the union depot to Butler street culvert. Two freight cars had been burglarized on a sidetrack at the depot and the policeman was in time to see two burglars near the cars.

The shooting created considerable excitement as one of the burglars cried out as if shot.

Call Officers Doyal and Tibbs hurried to the scene of the shooting, and, with Randall, made a search for the burglar who was believed to have been shot, but failed to find him.

Officer Randall passed two cars, at the depot about 10 o'clock last night, which were loaded with meat. He found the cars closed and sealed. Half an hour later he again passed the cars and found both broken open. A lot of meat had been removed from the cars and piled up on a platform. Immediately afterwards the officer discovered two negroes hurrying away from the cars. He called to them to halt and they ran towards Collins street.

The policeman drew his pistol and gave chase. When Collins street was passed, the policeman saw that he could not overtake the fugitives and he fired at one of them. The negroes continued to run until they reached the Butler street culvert, when the officer again fired. One of the fleeing burglars gave a cry of pain.

Officers at the Tower heard the shots and notified police barracks.

None of the meat was missing from the cars except the lot that had been placed on the platform.

The attempted burglary was a most daring one as it occurred in the very heart of the city and at an hour when many people were passing close to the cars.

TROUBLE HAS BEEN SETTLED

Between Employees and Officials of the Kansas City Southern.

Kansas City, March 12.—At a conference today between the officers and a committee of the employees of the Kansas City Southern Railroad Company an agreement was reached on nearly all points at issue between the company and its employees engaged in train service, the employees' committee representing the passenger and freight conductors and brakemen and yardmen. President Knott, Superintendent of Transportation Rawlins and General Superintendent Dickson represented the company at the conference. In deference to a request of the employees, A. B. Garretson, assistant chief of the Order of Railroad Conductors, and W. T. Newman, vice grand master of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, were present.

An agreemnt, effective on March 1, was reported, by which the wages of the passenger train men were increased 12 per cent and the wages of the freight and mixed train men 15 per cent.

The management agreed that yard men working at yards on the system that did not receive the increase in wages in November and January last, made at Kansas City, Shreveport, Beaumont and Port Arthur, would be granted a corresponding increase, effective on March 1.

The company did not concede the request as sent out by the trainmen's petition respecting the running of double header trains, but an agreement was reached satisfactory to both sides, specifying the points on the line between which helper service might be regularly employed if conditions required such service and also specifying conditions under which double headers might be run.

At New York three hundred and seventy-five men went to Shooters island to replace the painters, caulkers and carpenters who went on a strike in the Townsend and Downey ship yards. There was no disturbance.



DR. HATHAWAY.

DR. HATHAWAY IS AN EXPERT

in the treatment of all forms of Chronic Diseases, and his skill as a Specialist is recognized by the best physicians, who often seek his assistance in obstinate cases. Dr. Hathaway has made a close study of these diseases for more than 20 years, and has treated and cured more patients than any other physician in the United States. He has thousands of cured patients all over the south, who testify to his ability in curing cases which baffled other doctors. Every one who desires intelligent, skillful treatment, with no experimenting, is invited to consult him, free of charge, either in person or by letter. J. NEWTON HATHAWAY, M. D., 33 Inman Bldg., 22 1-2 S. Broad St., Atlanta, Ga. Office hours, 8:30 a. m. to 5 p. m.; Sundays, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m. Private reception room for ladies.

THE THEATERS



OLIVE CELESTE MOORE,
The New Contralto Who Appears with the Bostonians at the Grand Tonight and Tomorrow.

At the Grand.

All that the brush of the artist and the genius of the stage manager could together accomplish, rendered Mansfield's Julius Caesar a splendid spectacular triumph. Shakespear's great tragedy never had so gorgeous and costly a presentation on the American stage.

At times, first one actor and then another rose to heights that carried the thronged audience with him. Certain scenes in the somber story were played with a mighty depth of feeling, with a strength and power that left nothing to ask.

But there were other scenes almost mechanical in their rendition. Mansfield himself did not seem to wake up, to feel the responsibility of what he was doing, until after the fourth act and the death of Caesar. And when he did shake himself together his peculiar nasal intonation hampered him. He has not the voice of a tragedian.

In that part of the first act where Cassius seeks to win Brutus to the cause of the conspirators by playing on his patriotism, Mansfield as Brutus was flat. There was a something effeminate about him. He seemed to reach out after a false effect and was the little hero of a small romantic drama. He wanted a proper dignity.

When Portia stole out to him in the garden, pleading to share his secret, he was cold and stiff and still wanting in the dignity he should have shown.

Perhaps he sought to portray by his coldness to Portia the struggle and sadness that stirred the breast of Brutus. If such was the case, the same lack of dignity spoiled what he tried to do.

Later, in the quarrel with Cassius, a change was noticeable and he was the real Brutus, speaking in deep, thrilling tones and almost stately in his demeanor.

Again, in the ghost scene he was fine. There were horror and grief blended in his movements and in his tones and the interpretation of the incident was that of the true tragic artist. But the audience failed to catch all there was in his acting because only a shaft of light and not a ghost appeared, and they were disappointed.

The death scene of Brutus was something of a novelty. He sat on a rock and pricked himself with his sword so lightly and died so passively that one hardly realized what had happened. He did not fall and scarcely even collapsed, but remained sitting in the same position as before death. There was too much dignity in the corpse of Brutus.

So much for Richard Mansfield.

Arthur Forrest was great as Antony and his oration was one of the strongest pieces of acting in the play. All there is in that great scene was brought out in his treatment of it. A large, carefully trained and well costumed "mob" helped him, and that, with his splendid acting, brought perfection to the scene. The appreciation of the audience was shown by repeated curtain calls.

As Cassius, Frederick Paulding did some strong work and pleased his hearers well. There were passion and feeling in the way he stormed at Brutus and then begged friendship again. Still, he was hardly the strange, desolate and conscience-stricken Cassius that he might have been. He was good in the death scene.

Henry Wenman was a very good Casca and Miss Maude Hoffman as Portia and Miss Dorothy Hammond as Calpurnia, especially Miss Hoffman, did some creditable acting. Arthur Greenaway managed to make something out of the usually slighted part of Caesar. Mansfield's support as a whole was better than the ordinary Shakespearean production.

In addition to the unique death of Brutus and the failure of the ghost to come where the audience could see him there were a number of other innovations. Among them was the cutting of the battle from the fifth act.

The attendance was all that was anticipated and the opera house was simply packed. It was quite a social event and those who saw the play included the cream of social life in Atlanta and from many parts of the state.

R. W. LILLARD.

The new De Koven and Smith opera, "Maid Marian," that is to have production at the hands of The Bostonians, at the Grand Saturday night, is a sequel of "Robin Hood," which will be put on tonight. It has the atmosphere, the color and all the characters of "Robin Hood;" only in the second act its scene shifts to the crusades, and there is the introduction of music—a snake charmer's song, a march of Saracens—done in the manner of the East. With this exception the opera is altogether old English in its tone. Its tone, indeed, may be said to be taken from the first sound—the sound of hunting horns—to which the curtain rises.

There are in "Maid Marian" twenty-four musical numbers, an overture and two entr'actes. The song of "The Monk and the Magpie" is like in character to the "Old Cross Bow" song of Robin Hood. There is a sextet glee, a song of "The Cobbler and the Bluebottle Flies," and a bass song called "The Cellarer's Toast." These numbers are indicated because they are particularly in the "Robin Hood" manner.

The company selected for the production of "Maid Marian" is stronger than any the Bostonians have had in years. H. C. Barnabee, W. H. MacDonald, Josephine Bartlett and George B. Frothingham, the remaining orignals of "Robin Hood," reappear in their old parts in the new opera, seeking new adventures. Grace Van Studdiford appears as Maid Marian. The remainder of the company includes Howard Chambers, Harold Gordon, William C. Weeden, Campbell Donald, John J. Martin, W. M. Dorrington, Olive C. Moore, Alice Judson and seventy-five others.

At the Bijou.

The vaudeville bill at the Bijou is an attraction that is worthy of the best patronage the Atlanta theatergoers can afford, if they want absolutely high class novelty, good music, refined comedy and refreshing sensation. A better bill covering these features has seldom been offered in Atlanta before, and there is no reason why the theater should not be tested to its utmost capacity at every performance.

Large and representative gatherings have assembled this week, and as the objectionable feature that accidentally got in the bill was chopped out on Monday, there is nothing now that the most exacting critic can find fault with, and as it is the first time in twenty-five weeks that a mishap like this one has confronted the people, it was demonstrated that the policy of the mangement will not tolerate such things, and the clientele of the play house is showing its appreciation by unusual attendance, despite the Lenten season.

Seat selling for the engagement of the Bijou Musical Comedy Company will commence at the Bijou this morning. The popular organization is going to present the Broadhurst farce comedy, "The House That Jack Built," converted into a musical comedy. Otis Harlan, Little Chip, Mary Marble, John W. Dunne, Tony Hart and several of the regulars will be in the cast, and scenery especially constructed for the play will be used.

In presenting Edward Garvie in Charles Newman's merry musical comedy, "Mr. Jolly of Joliet," at the Grand Monday and Tuesday, managers Broadhurst & Currie commend the star, the tuneful comedy and very efficient cast to the best class of amusement lovers. Although the entire performance goes with a spirit and dash, there is nothing to offend the most fastidious.

The engagement will include a matinee Tuesday afternoon.

Very Low Rates West and Northwest

From now until April 30 the Southern railway will sell daily low rate tickets to points in California, Colorado, Arizona, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah, Wyoming, Texas, Washington, Oregon, etc. Write or call on J. C. Beam, Jr., D. P. A., Atlanta, Ga.

HELD CLASS DAY EXERCISES.

Interesting Occasion at North Georgia Agricultural College.

Dahlonega, Ga., March 12.—(Special.)—The class day exercises of the graduating class of the North Georgia Agricultural college occurred yesterday afternoon. The speakers were:

J. R. Berry, of Griffin, dux; John R. Byers, of Price, historian; S. G. Rogers, of Perry, prophet; N. W. Grant, of Clarkesville, legator.

Professor J. W. Boyd represented the faculty in an address to the members of the class. After the literary exercises in the chapel the members of the class and the audience repaired to the campus, where a class tree was planted. After prayer by Rev. J. R. Gunn, a salute of eight guns, indicative of the number in the class, was fired by the cannon squad of the battalion of cadets.

Those composing the class to be graduated at the commencement in June are: Miss Cora Byers, of Price; J. R. Berry, Griffin; C. E. Maddox, Milton county; John R. Byers, Price; S. G. Rogers, Perry; N. W. Grant, Clarkesville; Louis Elkan, Brunswick; B. H. Parham, Meriwether county.

New Building in Dublin.

Dublin, Ga., March 12.—(Special.)—Material is being put upon the ground for the erection by J. D. Smith of one two-story and one three-story brick building on Jackson street, next to Robinson's hardware store. The buildings will be used for stores and offices.

To Cure Grip in 2 Days Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

I will sell my entire stock of tailor suitings, silks, trimmings, made up suits, furs, etc., at auction and regular sales at 50 Whitehall St., formally occupied by Hayes, Wellborn & Baker. Beginning Monday, March the 16th.

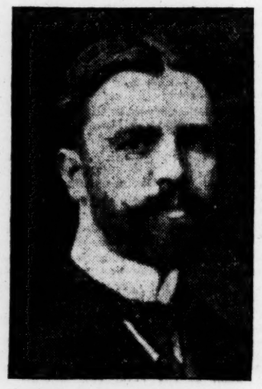
S. Aronson.

NEW MANAGER FOR ARAGON

J. Lee Barnes Will Take Charge of Hostelry April 1.

J. Lee Barnes, for a number of years one of Atlanta's most popular hotel men, will have charge of the Aragon hotel after April 1, he having signed a 3-year-lease with George W. Collier, Jr., yesterday.

Scoville Bros., who have managed the



J. LEE BARNES,
Who Takes Charge of the Aragon Hotel April 1.

popular hostelry with such success during the past few years, will not go out of the hotel business, but will be in charge of the Wigwam at Indian Springs, Ga.

Mr. Barnes, the new manager, will take charge of the Aragon immediately upon the expiration of the Schoville Bros.' lease, April 1.

He has been in the hotel business in Atlanta for seven years, and is one of the best-known hotel men in the south. He managed, with success, the Majestic for four years, and during the past year has had charge of the Ballard house.

Mr. Barnes was for a number of years engaged in the hotel business in Decatur, Ala., and has only recently received a flattering offer from that town to take charge of a handsome hotel now being erected there.

Between this and the time the Aragon is opened by the new manager the building will undergo radical repairing. From the basement to the top floor it will be renovated, and put in first class order. New boilers and cooking apparatus will be installed, and every improvement will be made to make the hotel one of the best in this part of the country.

Mr. Barnes will carry with him the same progressive spirit he has shown in his other hotel ventures, and the management of the hotel will be up to the very highest requirements. First class service will be rendered the guests.

J. D. Barnes, a brother of the Aragon's new manager, will, from April 1, have charge of the Ballard house, which will be conducted, as formerly, as a first class hostelry.

Coleman Made Secretary.

Montgomery, Ala., March 12.—(Special.)—The governor today appointed E. W. Coleman, of Jasper, solicitor of the new fourteenth judicial circuit of the counties of Walker and Winston. Coleman was a member of the recent constitutional convention.

Council Race in Augusta.

Augusta, Ga., March 12.—(Special.)—Though Augusta's councilmanic race does not come until next December, candidates are already out in every ward, as follows: First ward, Captain William M. Dunbar; second, Jasper Wylding and Wilbur Boswell; third, James T. Bothwell and Charles J. Crawford; fourth, R. H. Land, Jr.; fifth, W. H. Lougea.

BURDICK'S WIFE TO BE WITNESS

She Will Have to Appear Before Jury of Inquest.

Telegrams Sent by Mrs. Burdick Just Before the Murder Are Wanted. It Is Said That Mrs. Paine Has Left Buffalo.

Buffalo, N. Y., March 12.—The inquest into the murder of Edwin L. Burdick will be held next Tuesday. Police Judge Murphy, who will conduct it, said today that he would make the most complete investigation ever held in this country.

"I have set the date for next Tuesday," he added, "in order to allow the police and district attorney four more days in which to investigate the case. That ought to be long enough to bring out the truth. Anyway, it is as long as innocent persons ought to be under suspicion when their names have been in everybody's mouth since the murder was first reported."

Arrangements for the funeral of Mr. and Mrs. Pennell have been practically completed. The services, which will be quiet and simple, will be held tomorrow, after which the bodies will be taken to Brunswick, Me., for interment.

The fact that all persons known to be concerned in the Burdick mystery will give in public the statements they made before the district attorney will doubtless make the proceedings before Justice Murphy at the inquest, which will begin next Tuesday, most interesting.

Another move having an important bearing on the Burdick case was decided upon today after District Attorney Coatsworth had conferred with Chief of Detectives Cusack. The authorities have determined to obtain the telegrams that passed between Mrs. Burdick and Mrs. Hull before the murder of Burdick. The grand jury is now in session and the district attorney can conduct John Doe proceedings to require the Western Union to produce the telegrams. They were sent the Monday and Tuesday before the Tuesday of the murder, when Mrs. Burdick, who saw Arthur R. Pennell in New York, telegraphed to Mrs. Hull, who replied.

The authorities questioned both Mrs. Burdick and Mrs. Hull regarding the contents of these telegrams. Both of them gave the same version. They said the messages were an inquiry and a reply regarding Mrs. Hull's health. The Western Union refused to produce the messages, and for that reason today's proceedings were decided upon. The telegrams may not be material to the case, but the authorities want to see them.

Edwin L. Burdick's will, which is to be offered for probate tomorrow, cuts off Mrs. Burdick and bequeaths the estate share and share alike to the three children. A clause in the will naming three executors and guardians for the children will likely be contested on the ground that the appointment is void, because Mrs. Burdick is still alive. Burdick's estate is worth about $80,000, consisting of $55,000 in property, real and personal, and $25,000 in life insurance. Since she is cut off in the will, Mrs. Burdick will get only one-third of the real estate and none of the personal property.

Mrs. Seth T. Paine, who is one of the witnesses wanted for the Burdick inquest, left the city tonight. Whither she went is not definitely known by the police, but at a late hour tonight it was stated positively by a police official that she had left the city.

A detective sergeant was looking for her with a summons to appear before Judge Murphy, who will conduct the Burdick inquest. When he called at the house tonight he was informed that Mrs. Paine was not at home.

JUDGE MADDOX WILL RUN.

Congressman from Seventh District Makes Announcement.

Rome, Ga., March 12.—(Special.)—Judge John W. Maddox, the present congressman from the seventh district, this morning publicly announced himself a candidate for congress to succeed himself in 1904.

A great deal of interest has been manifested in this matter, because of the rumored candidacy of Solicitor General Moses Wright and Judge A. W. Fite. There has been a persistent rumor going the rounds to the effect that Mr. Wright would not be a candidate to succeed himself as solicitor general of the Rome circuit, but would make the race for congress against Judge Maddox. It has also been stated that Hon. W. H. Ennis would be a candidate for solicitor and that there was an understanding between Mr. Ennis and Mr. Wright.

All three of these gentlemen would make strong congressional candidates, but the majority opinion in Rome most undoubtedly inclines to the Maddox end of the race as the winning end. There was a rumor set afloat, no one seems to know how, that Maddox would retire at the end of his present term. Judge Maddox's emphatic statement to the contrary may mean the withdrawal of all opposition, or a very pretty three-cornered fight.

Just before congress adjourned a resolution was unanimously adopted by the Georgia delegation requesting Mr. Cannon to appoint Judge Maddox a member of the ways and means committee in the 58th congress.

WOODMEN NAME OFFICERS.

Southeastern Jurisdiction Closes Meeting at Pensacola.

Pensacola, Fla., March 12.—(Special.)—The head camp Woodmen of the World, jurisdiction of Georgia, South Carolina, Florida and Alabama, today chose Savannah for next year's meeting place, and elected the following officers:

Head counsel, L. N. Archer, Birmingham, Ala.; head adviser, F. Willingham, Rome, Ga.; clerk, S. E. Burneau, Greenville, S. C.; escort, R. S. Hood, Sumter, S. C.; watchman, John W. Simmons, Tampa, Fla.; sentry, C. H. Dame, Ocala, Fla.; chairman of the board of managers, B. L. Adams, Birmingham, Ala.; members of board, W. H. Johnson, Birmingham, Ala.; Robt. Lide, Orangeburg, S. C.; J. W. Dillon, Thomasville, Ga.; C. D. Mills, Jacksonville, Fla.; delegates to sovereign head camp, Past Consul L. M. Rhoda, Milton, Fla.; head consul L. M. Archer, Birmingham, Ala.; R. A. Gyles, Blackwell, S. C.; J. M. Towne, Tampa, Fla.; J. W. Mitchell, Marietta, Ga.; F. C. Lotz, Charleston, S. C.

The three hundred delegates spent the afternoon in visiting the battle ships in port and visiting the navy yard, forts and the life-saving station. Tonight a banquet was tendered them in Armory hall.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

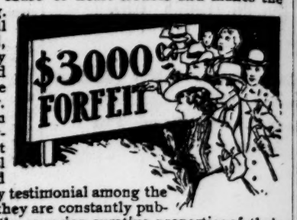
What Supports The Heart?



The heart is the hardest worked organ of the human body. It beats on an average of seventy times a minute—from the minute of birth to the minute of death. Every half minute or every thirty-second beat the whole of the blood in the body is pumped through the heart, so that the dual heart moves about six tons of blood in each twenty-four hours. On the purity of that blood health depends. On the strength of the heart depends the strength of the body.

The question then is, how can we keep the blood pure and the heart strong? That question answers itself when we know what is the common cause of the blood's impurity, and whence arises the tendency to heart "trouble." What is blood? Blood is only digested food. In proportion as food is nutritious the blood is rich. In proportion as the food is properly digested the blood is pure. Indigested food clogs and corrupts the blood, and indigestion often precedes or attends the first symptoms of heart "trouble." The first necessity to the production of pure blood is that the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition shall be in the perfect working order of sound health, so that the food received into the stomach is properly digested and perfectly assimilated, for the stomach is the vital center of the body. No man is stronger than his stomach, because physical strength is derived from food digested and assimilated. Deaths ascribed to weak heart and "heart failure," therefore, are more properly ascribed to weak stomach and stomach failure.

It is this dependence of the heart upon the stomach which explains the cures of "heart trouble" effected by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. This medicine cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. It purifies the blood, eliminating from it the substances which corrupt and poison it. Even this alone would take the strain from the overtaxed heart. But Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery also acts directly upon the heart itself. It strengthens the heart's action. It contains one of the best and most efficient heart tonics known to medical practice, and as a natural consequence the use of "Golden Medical Discovery" has resulted in many notable cures of the heart when it has become involved in disease. It removes the predisposing cause of heart trouble and makes the weak heart strong.



$3,000 forfeit will be cheerfully paid, in lawful money of the United States, by the proprietors of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, if they cannot show the original statements and signatures of every testimonial among the thousands which they are constantly publishing attesting the superior curative properties of their several medicines, and thus proving the genuineness and reliability of all the multitude of testimonials volunteered by grateful people.

World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

"It is with the greatest pleasure that I add my testimony to your list of sufferers who have been helped the same as I have been," writes Mrs. Wm. P. Young, of Trenton, Ontario. "Last January I took a very bad spell and was for ten days and nights suffering pains in my head, neck and jaws, and had faint spells and heart trouble. Was taking five different kinds of medicine from the doctor all at one time. Could not do my housework at all, and stomach troubled me so I could not eat anything without having an uneasy feeling. One day I thought I would give your medicine a trial. I took Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and I feel better now than for years. Can do all the work for seven in family, but before using your medicines I could hardly do any work and could not be left alone, I had been such a sufferer for the last six years. I truly believe that if every poor sufferer would give Dr. Pierce's medicines a fair trial there would not be so many invalids."

"Our little boy, now three and a half years of age had been delicate since birth," writes Mrs. J. A. Shotwell, of East Stroudsburg, Pa., Box 158. "About eighteen months ago an abscess formed in the groin which we had lanced, and it continued to discharge for eight months. We were told an operation would be necessary to stop it. Acting on the advice of friends we began giving our child Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. The discharge stopped before he had taken two bottles. He has taken eight bottles and his health now is good."

"For about nine years I suffered with ulcers on my ankle and one on my instep which at times would pain so severely I could not sleep night or day," writes Mrs. J. T. Sefton, of Yatesboro, Pa. "A friend advised me to try Dr. Pierce's medicines, which I did, and found great relief. Had only taken one bottle when I could do a hard day's work and could lie down and rest at night without pain. The ulcers are entirely well and I have better health than I have had for about twelve years. Took fifteen bottles of 'Golden Medical Discovery' and can recommend your medicine to any similar sufferer. I send you sincere thanks, and blessings for Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery."

FREE. *The Common Sense Medical Adviser, 1008 large pages, in paper covers, is sent FREE on receipt of twenty-one one-cent stamps to pay expense of mailing ONLY. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.*

ROYAL FOOT WASH CURES TENDER FEET. MAKES WALKING EASY. CHECKS EXCESSIVE PERSPIRATION. REMOVES OFFENSIVE ODORS—IN ONE APPLICATION. AT DRUGGISTS 25 CENTS 2 BOTTLES BY EXPRESS PREPAID, 50 CENTS. EATON DRUG CO., Atlanta, Ga.

FLOOD SITUATION EXTREMELY GRAVE

Continued from First Page.

observers predict that it will go above the record, which was 38.25 in 1892, while many think it will go over 29.

Many plantations are partly flooded and a gauge of 39 feet would mean the inundation of every plantation unprotected by levees. Many plantations within the levee districts are partially overflowed by the accumulation of rain water in lakes, swamps and bayous. The rain fall since January 1 to 8 o'clock tonight has been 25.1 inches. The ground was already saturated with water and this, with high water in the river, has caused the unprecedented high water in the lakes, swamps and bayous.

The town of Pineville is partially flooded and several families have been forced to abandon their homes.

The flood conditions are regarded as serious, but the levees have been raised and strengthened and there is no danger to this city.

Fine Plantations Overflooded.

Natchez, Miss., March 12.—The Mississippi river is running over the private levee at Ashland and Cypress Grove, in Jackson county, opposite Goldmans. Even though the levee should hold out, the rise in the river is sufficient to inundate Gum Ridge and eight or ten of the finest cotton plantations in Jefferson county.

The Democrat has received authoritative information that the Texas and Pacific embankment at Bougere, in lower Concordia parish, La., is holding against the water. A large force is at work strengthening and filling the embankment where it meets the state levee on the south end.

The three local packets returned this evening from Bayou Sara on the south and Vicksburg on the north. They had full loads of refugees and live stock.

Heavy showers fell this afternoon, the bayous and creeks are overflowing their banks. The river is 2.5 over the danger line and rising at the rate of four inches a day.

Disquieting Reports.

Vicksburg, Miss., March 12.—Disquieting reports came from Issaquena and Coahoma counties tonight, where there are said to be many weak places in the levee lines. At these danger points large forces of men and great quantities of materials are concentrated and strenuous efforts are being made to hold the earthworks. An additional force of state convicts was ordered out this morning by the governor. The most disquieting feature of the situation today has been a steady fall of rain which is playing havoc with the new work. Indications tonight point to continued rains. Should a break occur in either the Issaquena or Coahoma line thousands of acres of the richest lands in Yazoo Mississippi district would be inundated and thousands of negroes rendered destitute.

At this point the river continues to rise slowly, the guage at 7 p. m. registering 47.9, a rise of one-tenth since 8 a. m.

Steamer Goes Down in Flood.

Shreveport, La., March 12.—The stern wheel boat Barlow, Captain William Malkell, struck a snag in Red river 6 miles above Shreveport this morning and sunk in 7 feet of water. She carried a full cargo of provisions for plantations along the upper Red river. Her crew of five men are said to have escaped. The accident occurred opposite Colquitt's landing, which cannot be reached by telegraph or telephone. No particulars are obtainable.

Break Near Cairo.

Cairo, Ills., March 12.—At 10 o'clock the river gauge marked 50.1 feet. The rise is coming slowly and it is now expected that the stage will go to 51 feet. The entire country around Birds Point is flooded and the village is deserted. Both the Iron Mountain and the Cotton Belt railroads have refused to receive perishable freight. A break is reported in the levee below Wolf island. The Mississippi bottoms above Cairo are covered by water to the depth of several feet and in many places only the tops of the houses and barns can be seen.

Chicken Stealing a High Crime.

Jefferson City, Mo., March 12.—The house today passed the senate bill providing a penitentiary sentence for chicken stealing.

Handsome Home, 442 Peachtree, For Sale.

House has 11 rooms, hardwood and pine finish complete in all respects. Fronts east, elevated lot 70x360. Walking distance and street cars to center of the city. Easy terms; offers invited.

CLEMENT A. EVANS.

GEORGIA LAND CAUSES A SUIT

Higham Sues the Georgia Cattle Company—Receiver Is Appointed.

Noblesville, Ind., March 12.—In the case of Thomas Higham against the South Georgia Cattle Company, brought here from Marion county, Judge Neal today appointed the Wainwright Trust Company receivers.

The plaintiff charges that he bought land of the company in Georgia, the price being $30,000, paying $1,500 and giving mortgage and notes for the rest. He charges that the company could not give a clear title and Higham sued to recover the money. The company is capitalized at one million dollars.

GRIEF DRIVES BOY TO DEATH

Nine-Year-Old Warren Fleming Locates Heart and Puts Bullet in It.

Belleville, Ills., March 12.—Remorse and fear over the belief that he had killed a playmate, Laura Wainwright, by hitting her with a stone today, caused Warren Fleming, nine years old, to shoot himself through the heart after ascertaining from his 11-year-old sister on which side his heart was situated.

GLOBE JOURNEY FOR MISS ALICE

She Is Beseeching the President to Allow Her to Go To Philippines.

Washington, D. C., March 12.—(Special.) Miss Alice Roosevelt may go out to Manila to pay a visit to Governer and Mrs. Taft and other friends. Miss Roosevelt loves to travel and has a natural desire to see the Philippines. She leaves here in a few days for a visit to Governor and Mrs. Hunt, in Porto Rico, where great preparations have been made for giving her a hearty welcome and a series of entertainments in her honor have been arranged. She will probably not return to Washington for some time as her mother and brothers will go to Oyster Bay when the president leaves for the west and Miss Alice will join them there. She has confided to the girls of her set here that she is using all her wilese upon her father to get him to let her go out to the Philippines by way of Honolulu and afte rthat she wants to see China or Japan, returning if possible by way of the Suez canal and the Mediterranean.

Mixed Train Derailed.

Asheville, N. C., March 12.—(Special.)—Last night mixed train No. 18, on the Murphy branch of the Southern railway, encountered a spread track, was derailed and several coaches turned over. Strange to say, there was no serious personal injury sustained, though there were some bruises and a very narrow escape from fatal results to life.

Kill, He illed Himself.

Columbia, S. C., March 12.—(Special.) J. W. Logan, a white farmer living at Phoenix, in Greenwood county, committed suicide today by shooting himself in his right temple with a pocket derringer. It was stated by those in a position to know in that community that bad health and financial troubles, no doubt, led to his decision to end his life.

Woman's Nightmare

No woman's happiness can be complete without children; it is her nature to love and want them as much so as it is to love the beautiful and pure. The critical ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass, however, is so fraught with dread, pain, suffering and danger, that the very thought of it fills her with apprehension and horror. There is no necessity for the reproduction of life to be either painful or dangerous. The use of Mother's Friend so prepares the system for the coming event that it is safely passed without any danger. This great and wonderful remedy is always applied externally, and has carried thousands of women through the trying crisis without suffering.

Mother's Friend

Send for free book containing information of priceless value to all expectant mothers.
The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

GEORGIA WILL HAVE EXHIBIT

Plan by Which Georgia May Be Well Represented.

Members of Legislature Will Urge Passage of Resolution Providing for $10,000 for an Agricultural Exhibit at St. Louis.

The interest of members of the legislature is being enlisted in a resolution introduced at the last session by Hon. Martin V. Calvin, of Richmond, authorizing the commissioner of agriculture to expend $10,000 of the fund arising in that department for an agricultural exhibit from Georgia at the Louisiana Purchase exposition in 1904.

The matter has recently been discussed between Governor Terrell, Hon. Charles L. Davis, of Meriwether, chairman of the house appropriations committee, and Commissioner of Agriculture O. B. Stevens.

Mr. Davis states that he will urge the passage of the resolution at the coming summer session of the general assembly. Other members who have been asked about the matter have agreed that the resolution is a good one, and stated they would do what they could in its behalf.

This appears to be Georgia's opportunity to secure an exhibit at the St. Louis exposition. In this connection those interested have suggested that the matter could be taken up with prominent cotton mill men throughout the state, lumber men, the railroads and others interested in large enterprises who might be induced to make attractive exhibits. It is thought that lumber enough can be secured to put up a Georgia building on the exposition grounds. The railroads might be induced to haul it free of cost or at a very reduced rate, and they might be secured, also, to send exhibits from along their lines.

By such a combination of forces it is believed a most creditable showing could be made for Georgia, in the event it is impossible to secure a sufficient appropriation from the legislature to make such an exhibit as would be desired.

The question of a Georgia exhibit will, undoubtedly, come up for a final determination at the coming session. It must be known then or it will be too late, whether the state is going to do anything toward having Georgia represented on that occasion. Those interested are pushing the matter for all it is worth, and, doubtless, something will be done to keep Georgia in the van.

TRIUMPHS OF 1902.

Seldom if ever in any one year of the history of the world have so many important events of universal interest taken place. America, England, Germany and France have each participated. The president of the United States welcomed and entertained H. R. H. Prince Henry of Prussia at the White House, Edward the VII. was crowned king of England and emperor of India, the German emperor had his American-built yacht, "Meteor," christened; France had the unveiling of the Rochambeau Statue, and at all functions attending these celebrations Moet & Chandon's Champagne was used exclusively. This indeed is an unparalleled record, which is proof positive of the superority and popularity of the renowned brand of Moet & Chandon White Seal.

SHORT ITEMS OF LOCAL INTEREST

AN APPLICATION WAS FILED YESterday with Secretary of State Phil Cook for a charter for the Charlton bank, at Charlton, Madison county. The capital stock of the new bank will be $25,000 and the incorporators are J. W. Tilley, J. C. Martin, R. W. Huff, M. F. Glenn and O. L. Deadwyler.

GOVERNOR TERRELL YESTERDAY sent the papers in the case of Linwood Barnes, who is wanted in Alabama, to Governor Jelks, of that state, asking him if he insisted on the requisition. Governor Terrell held up the requisition some time ago on the statement from Barnes that he was wanted in Alabama only because he owed some debts in that state. The governor has only heard Barnes' side of the case and this he has transmitted to the governor of Alabama. If Governor Jelks insists on the requisition, it will probably be granted. Barnes at present lives at Marietta.

A NEW MILITARY COMPANY AT Statesboro, Bulloch county, will be admitted into the state service in the course of the next day or two. This company will take the place of the Kell Rifles, of Statesboro, recently disbanded, and will be assigned to the First regiment infantry. The company will be mustered in in a few days by Inspector General W. G. Obear.

THE LADIES' AUXILIARY OF THE Young Men's Christian Association will meet this afternoon at 3 o'clock in the parlors of the Young Men's Christian Association.

GEORGE GORDON, THE WELLknown young attorney who is associated with Burton Smith, was admitted to practice in the United States district court yesterday. At the same time Judge Newman signed an order admitting Robert E. Dinsmore, of DeKalb county.

THE LOCAL UNION OF CHRISTIAN Endeavorers will meet tonight at the Georgia Avenue Presbyterian church. Rev. A. B. Moore, pastor of the First Christian church, will lead the devotional services.

THE LADIES OF THE WEST END Presbyterian church will give a dime social at the Manse, 204 Gordon street, this afternoon and evening commencing at 3:30 o'clock.

SUNDAY EVENING AT 7:30 O'CLOCK Rev. Albion Knight will preach at St. Pauls Episcopal church, colored. The choir will sing "The Story of the Cross." Rev. A. Eustice Day, the pastor, has arranged for special music.

E. S. Cunningham, of Tennessee, United States consul at Aden, Arabia, has been transferred to the United States consulate at Bergen, Norway, vice Victor E. Nelson, of California. Mr. Nelson was allowed to resign.

CHAINS OF DESPOTISM UNLOOSED IN RUSSIA



CZAR NICHOLAS, OF RUSSIA.
He Has Issued a Decree Providing for Reforms Throughout the Empire.

Czar Has Issued a Decree Providing For Freedom of Religious Thought and Many Other Reforms. Most Notable Act Since Serfs Were Freed.

St. Petersburg, March 14.—The czar has issued a decree providing for freedom of religion throughout his dominions, establishing to some degree local self-government and making other concessions to the village committees.

After referring to the efforts of his predecessors, particularly his father, to add to the welfare of the Russian people, the czar announces his decision to grant freedom of religion to all his subjects who profess non-orthodox creeds and to improve the conditions of village life and those of the local nobility and peasantry.

Among the measures outlined by the czar for the attainment of these reforms is reform of rural laws, which is to be effected with the advice of persons who possess the confidence of the people. The system of administration in the various governments and districts is to be examined by representatives of the different localities concerned with the view of effecting the necessary amendments.

Measures are also to be taken to relieve the peasantry of the burdens of forced labor.

The decree, which was issued in commemoration of the anniversary of the birthday of Alexander III, is considered to be the most significant act of state since the emancipation of the serfs. The public hails it as the proclamation of a new era, opening up bright prospects of the early improvement of Russian internal administration.

Although the Jewish faith is not specifically mentioned in the czar's decree, it is believed that the liberty granted to "all creeds" is intended to include the Jews.

Text of the Decree.

The text of the ddecree is as follows:

"On ascending the throne of our ancestors, by the providence of God, we made a solemn vow before the Almighty and our conscience to sacredly guard the centuries old pillars of Russian power and to dedicate our life to the service of our beloved fatherland in indefatigable solicitude for our subjects. We chose, in order to assure the well being of our people, the way indicated by the memorable deeds of our predecessors, especially our never-to-be-forgotten father. God pleased to interrupt the deeds of our father by his early death and thus laid on us the sacred duty of completing the consolidation of order and truth begun by him in conformity with the exigencies of national life. The troubles agitating our country, which to our deep regret have partly been sown by designs hostile to the state and partly engendered by doctrines foreign to Russian life, hinder the general work of ameliorating the well being of our people. These troubles confuse the public mind, remove the people from productive labor and often ruin families dear to our heart and young energies among high and low, necessary to the internal development of country. In demanding the fulfillment of this our will, while remaining strongly opposed to any violation of the normal course of national life and having confidence that all will loyally discharge their local duties, we are irrevocably decided to satisfy the needs for which the state has become ripe and have deemed it expedient to strengthen and decree the undeviating observance of the principles of tolerance laid down by the fundamental laws of the Russian empire, which, recognizing the orthodox church as the ruling one, to grant to all of our subjects of other religions and to all foreign persuasions freedom of creed and worship in accordance with other rights, and we are further resolved to continue the active carrying out of measures for the improvement of the material position of the orthodox rural clergy, while enabling them to take a larger share in public life.

To Improve Village Life.

"In accordance with impending measures for the consolidation of the national economy, the efforts of the state credit institutions, and especially the nobles and peasants' banks, should be directed to strengthening and developing the welfare and fundamental pillars of Russian village life and that of the local nobility and peasantry. These principles marked out by us for the revision of the laws of the rural population are, when formulated, to be referred to the provincial government councils, so that with the assistance of persons enjoying the public's confidence they may be further developed and adapted to the local conditions of individual localities. In this work the fundamental principles of the inviolability of communal property is to be maintained, while at the the same time means are to be found to render it easier for the individual to sever connection with the community to which he belongs, if he so desires.

"Without delay measures must be taken to release the peasants from the present burdensome liability of forced labor.

"Thorough reform is to be effected in the provincial governments and district administrations by the local representatives, while attention will be dovoted to securing closer cooperation between the communal authorities and paroachial trustees of the orthodox churches wherever possible.

"Calling upon all our subjects to cooperate in strengthening the moral foundations of family, school and public life under which alone the well being of the people and the confidence of every one in the stability of his rights can develop, we command our ministers and chief officials concerned in this matter to send to us their views regarding the executions of our intentions."

The extension of self-government to the smaller communities corresponding with the township organizations of the United States is regarded as a great victory for the district and provincial assemblies, while the retention of the communal system, with greater freedom of withdrawal therefrom, meets the wishes of the peasants and landowners, expressed through their local committees on agricultural depression.

The czar's desire for the cooperation of the educated public closely follows the action of Alexander II at the time of the emancipation movement.

NEW DAILY TRAINS
BETWEEN
Marietta, Canton, Tate, Ga.

The Atlanta, Knoxville and Northern railway is now running daily accommodation trains as follows:

Leave Tate	5:45 a. m.
Arrive Marietta	7:25 a. m.
Arrive Atlanta (Western and Atlantic Railroad)	8:32 a. m.
Leave Atlanta (Western and Atlantic Railroad)	5:30 p. m.
Leave Marietta	7:00 p. m.
Arrive Tate	8:40 p. m.

THE PROVINCIAL WAS HERE.

Rev. Father Descreux, Head of the Marists, Has Been Guest of Father Gunn, in Atlanta.

The Very Rev. Father Descreux, S. M., the provincial of the Marist Fathers, spent four days in Atlanta this week with Father Gunn, at the Church of the Sacred Heart. He visits each house of the order twice a year. He comes to look into the working of the priests, the good of the order and to see how the rule is observed and the spirit of the institution maintained.

Father Descreux was very much pleased with the work of the Marists in Atlanta. The Church of the Sacred Heart has been very much improved since his last visit. Magnificent stained glass windows, splendid vestments, a practically new organ and increased choir facilities showed enough church progress and activity to please the provincial.

But the college work was still more satisfactory. From twenty-five boys the enrollment has increased to eighty-five, from four professors to eight, and from a small lot of ordinary school boys, the college has grown into one of the crack companies of the Georgia Cadet corps.

The boys gave the provincial a specimen of drill and gymnasium work. He was so satisfied that he has promised Father Gunn two or perhaps three new professors for next year. Father Descreux left yesterday for New Orleans and Mexico.

C A. SANDERS' FUNERAL TODAY

Services Will Be Conducted at Patterson's Undertaking Parlors.

The body of C. A. Sanders, who was shot by a detective in Kansas City about a week ago, will be brought to Atlanta today for burial.

The funeral services will be held at the undertaking parlors of H. M. Patterson, and will be conducted by Dr. W. W. Landrum. The interment will take place at Westview cemetery.

Sanders is survived by his mother, Mrs. W. B. Sanders, two brothers, Dr. E. L. Sanders and Eugene Sanders, of Louisville, Ky., and a wife and one son, residing in this city.

CLUTCH OF LAW FELT BY FLOWER

Doctor, Implicated In Notorious Hagaman Case, Arrested.

Charged by New York Authorities with Grand Larceny—Mrs. Taylor Alleges Doctor Got $200 from Her—Bribery Also Charged to Flower.

New York, March 12.—Dr. R. C. Flower was arrested today on a warrant secured by Assistant District Attorney Garvan, charging him with grand larceny. He was held in $2,000 bail for examination on Monday. The charge is in connection with the sale of mining stock, which Mrs. Isabella Gray Taylor alleges Dr. Flower induced her to buy under false pretenses. Dr. Flower was mentioned by Mr. Garvan in his affidavit asking for an order to exhume the body of Theodore Hagaman.

Mrs. Taylor, in her affidavit, alleges that on February 28 she had a talk with Dr. Flower at his office about a certain company. She alleges Dr. Flower said the company was paying 2 per cent a month, and that she gave Dr. Flower $500. Subsequently, she alleges, Andrew D. Meloy informed her that the company never had made any profits.

Assistant District Attorney Garvan said that 1,200 stockholders were interested to the extent of $75,000.

Dr. Flower was arrested on a second warrant, charging him with attempting to bribe a public officer. He was arrested on this charge owing to an affidavit he is alleged to have made charging Andrew D. Meloy with the same crime, and in which it is alleged he acknowledged having given Meloy $2,500 to give to Police Inspector (then captain) Titus. Meloy was also arrested on a warrant on the same charge.

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"Why, I never saw either of them. I don't know either man. I never got a cent from Flower or Meloy. If either of them says I did, then I shall certainly go to law to recover for such an accusation. That matter was investigated, and it was shown that Flower gave Meloy money, but I never got any money from those men."

Dr. Flower's name has been connected with the sensational developments in the Hagaman case. When Hagaman, who was a millionaire, died in New York two years ago and it was found that all his money had been transferred to his wife and that the latter had in turn transferred much of it to Dr. Flower.

Suit has recently been brought by Hagaman's brother and sisters to recover the money They claim that Mrs. Hagaman was completely under the control of Flower, doing whatever the latter requested. It is also hinted that Hagaman's death was strange and an order has been issued by the New York authorities for the exhumation of the millionaire's body in order that an examination may be held.

It is claimed that shortly after Hagaman's death Dr. Flower and Mrs. Hagaman took a trip to Mexico together.

About a year ago Mrs. Hagaman married Dr. De La Bane, of New York, but a separation followed immediately after the honeymoon.

BRAZIL AND ACRE DISPUTE.

Minister Upholds the Action of His Country.

Washington, March 12.—Assiz Brazil, the Brazilian minister to the United States, came over from New York yesterday to make some representations to the state department regarding the dispute over the territory of Acre. The minister was firm and made it clear that Brazil in effecting possession of Acre was performing what she regarded as a sacred duty to other nations in South America. He held that to permit the government of that territory by a foreign syndicate, a great majority of whose members were not Americans, would be in violation of the spirit of the Monroe doctrine and would be the opening wedge for the division of South America among Europeans.

WRECKED A SOUTHERN TRAIN.

Robert Hamilton Said To Have Confessed the Crime.

Washington, March 12.—Robert Hamilton, formerly an employee of the Southern railway, was arrested today at his home 10 miles south of Fairfax Court House, Va., on the charge of the wreck of the New York and Florida express at Ravensworth, Va., last month, in which two men were killed and a number injured. Hamilton was held for the action of the grand jury He is said to have admitted that he committed the crime. H eis 30 years old and unmarried.



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TULANE HONORS FOUNDER'S DAY

Notable Address Is Delivered By Hon. Edw. M Shepard, of New York.

New Orleans, March 12.—Founders' day was celebrated today by the various departments of Tulane university of Louisiana. The ceremonies took place at Tulane theater and the importance of the occasion was increased by the presence of Edward M. Shepard, of New York, and President Robert C. Ogden, of the southern educational conference. The stage was occupied by many men distinguished in the public and private life of Louisiana. President Alderman presided over the assemblage, which completely filled the theater. Students from the academic, medican and law departments and the Newcomb girls marched from Tulane hall to the theater, preceding the alumni, faculty and administrators The most notable of those honored by the day's ceremony are Paul Tulane, Josephine L. Newcomb, Ida A. Richardson, Albert B. Miles, Caroline Stannard Tilton, Alexander C. Hutchinson, Glendy Burke, Judah Touro, Louis Bush, Baron DeCoubertin, B. C. Wetmore, F. Walter Callendor, Elizabeth Baker, Simon Hernsheim, Louisiana Battle and George Foster Peabody.

The proceedings were opened with prayer by Bishop Davis Sessums. Mr. Edward M. Shepard followed with an address on "Modern Power of World Public Opinion."

Mr. Shepard was given a cordial reception. He said:

"I am glad to bring from New York a tribute of honor to the intelligent munificence of the founder of your university. I am glad to congratulate those who administer it upon the results which his munificence and their labors have brought Mr. Tulane's fellow-countrymen. Although it be New Orleans, your state and the south which are primarily indebted to his noble conception of the duty of citizenship our debt to him at the north is hardly less than your own. The ideals and achievements of those whom his generosity has helped to reach the full stature of educated manhood have already become a part of the truest wealth of the American commonwealth In whatsoever part of the land your alumni may use the training Tulane has given them, the results belong to us all, north and south, east and west. Surely the preference of the princes of our commerce and manufacture for lasting practically benificent monuments like this is a chief glory of our time and of our country. You will, perhaps, permit me to say that at the north we enjoy a special friendship with you and yours through the distinguished scholar who is your president.

"Sometimes it is said, and I think, absurdly if not unpatriotically, that it was only five years ago, during our Spanish war, that the United States really became a 'world power.' The saying seems to me quite unfitted to the true place in military and naval power and the material respect of the world, which our nation has held since Jackson's victory over British veterans seventy-eight years ago or since the announcement of the Monroe doctrine, or since the resolute assertion during Jackson's presidency of our rights against foreign countries or since our stupendous exhibition of military power during the civil war or since Napoleon III. left Mexico upon learning that for liberty the veterans of Lee were ready to join the veterans of Grant in a march from the Rio Grande to Vera Cruz.

"I beg you to observe, however, that it is not of world powers of which I am now speaking, but of world power. In due time we shall escape from the policing of the earth by iron and blood; at least, that police will move only rarely and when insensate folly shall be deaf to the command of an enlightened and benevolent world sentiment.

"The ultimate risk, even from a military or naval point of view or that of commerce or finance, of offending that world sentiment, will be more serious than the risk of some specific and immediate offense against any one of the war lords of great nations. Already such a true world power, slight though it be to what the future will bring, controls from day to day specific national acts over every populous land and traveled sea within the 360 degrees of latitude; already are there world sentiments of right and wrong, of justice and spoliation, of mercy and cruelty, of glory and shame.

"Within the past few weeks an event, not in itself of capital importance, has given us another illustration, perhaps the most striking yet, of the power of a world power sentiment now fully come of age. But a month or two ago a few shot thrown by a German gunboat into a small South American fort brought an outcry the very next day from the whole world around. Venezuela cried out to the United States, and within a few hours after the unheroic bombardment every American newspaper had its say. Within forty-eight hours it was a topic in the British parliament; within a few more the comments of statesmen there and cablegrams from Washington were in the foreign offices of Berlin and Paris. The German war lord stayed his hand when he understood the world sentiment, and seemed willing to be soothed by a cheque from an American iron master, and his British ally was at once ashamed."

An address by Edward Righter, president of the alumni, a statement by President Alderman and the conferring of degrees closed the exercises. Among those honored by the university were Edward M. Shepard, Robert C. Ogden and Chief Justice F. T. Nichols, of the Louisiana supreme court.

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11.05p	12.15n	11.05p		Lv. Pensacola	Ar.	4.00p	5.00a		
5.00a	4.00p	5.00a		Lv. Selma	Ar.		11.30p	10.35a	
7.00a	1.00p	6.30p	6.45a	Lv. Montgomery	Ar.	10.55a	9.20p	3.20a	6.25p
7.55a	2.10p	7.14p		Ar. Milstead	Ar.	9.57a			5.33p
8.18a	2.39p	7.32p	7.38a	Ar. Chehaw	Ar.	9.39a	8.20p		5.09p
9.05a	3.23p	8.12p		Ar. Auburn	Ar.	9.05a	7.45p		4.35p
12.35p		9.25p	12.35p	Ar. Columbus	Ar.	12.35p	9.25p		
9.17a	3.45p	8.25p	8.19a	Ar. Opelika	Ar.	8.55a	7.33p	1.45p	4.23p
10.00a	4.25p	9.02p	8.55a	Ar. West Point	Ar.	8.11a	6.50p	1.13a	3.40p
1.35p	10.15p		1.35p	Ar. Macon	Ar.	1.35p			10.15p
10.28a	5.00p	9.30p	9.20a	Ar. LaGrange	Ar.	7.41a	6.23p	12.54a	3.12p
11.27a	6.23p	10.27p	10.25a	Ar. Newnan	Ar.	6.43a	5.26p	12.11a	2.16p
12.04p	7.08p			Ar. Fairburn	Ar.	6.08a			1.44p
12.30p	7.39p			Ar. East Point	Ar.				1.23p
12.50p	8.00p	11.40p	11.40n	Ar. Atlanta	Lv.	5.30a	4.20p	11.15p	1.06p
9.45a		9.15p	6.42a	Ar. Washington	Lv.	11.15a	10.45p		
10.52a		11.25p	8.00a	Ar. Baltimore	Lv.	6.17a	9.16p		
12.54p		2.56p	10.15a	Ar. Philadelphia	Lv.	3.45a	6.55p		
3.03p		6.13a	12.43p	Ar. New York	Lv.	12.10a	4.25p		

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CONSTITUTION PUBLISHING CO.

ATLANTA, GA., March 13, 1903.

The senate probably knows by this time how the army feels without its canteen.

Friday, and the thirteenth of the month. If we ever live through it, we'll have no more faith in hoodoos.

Senator Tillman's speech on senatorial courtesy merely goes to show what a versatile man he is.

The next time they undertake to remodel the white house they will probably be wise enough to call the Washington correspondents in consultation.

That rich Russian who planned to erect a "home for mothers-in-law" probably meant well by the sons-in-law of the world, but he died before he could carry out his plans.

We presume the paragraphers must be right about it. We have seen it stated for the ninth time that that was a rather Doleful message that the president of Hawaii sent to the Hawaiian legislature.

The kaiser may be entirely orthodox and satisfactory to his own people when he declares that he "believes in one God," but he throws it out as if he intended it for a compliment.

Even Reed Smoot received flowers on the day of his admission to the United States senate. But, then, he had wives enough to see to it that this little formality was not overlooked.

"Happiness cannot be purchased at the bargain counter," said a Baltimore divine in his sermon last Sunday. And yet some women couldn't be happy without the "bargain counter."

We trust it is no violation of the amenities to suggest that the Buffalo police have slightly "foozled" in investigating the death of Millionaire Burdick, the man who was murdered with a golf stick.

New York's streets are in such bad condition that the annual spring circus parade had to be abandoned. Streets that a circus parade has to cut out may be considered about 40 per cent worse than impassable.

It is announced that Addicks hasn't given up his fight for a Delaware senatorship, but merely postponed it for two years. Those Delaware legislators, it seems, always have something coming to them.

J. Pierpont Morgan may be justified in thinking he owns the earth, but he had best be careful how he orders a newspaper reporter around. Only a city editor has power enough to do that with impunity.

Dr. Parkhurst has come to the conclusion that he has been "talking too much of late," so he declines to give out any more interviews. In that he is only partially correct; perhaps it has only occurred to him "of late."

The Kansas legislature has requested its chaplain to cease praying for the mayor of Topeka. The legislature evidently proceeds on the idea that the chaplain's prayers cost money, and it doesn't care to see them wasted.

Gilbert Walker, head of the weather bureau in India, is in Washington studying the methods in vogue in the United States bureau. That being the case, India is liable to have something besides her famines to worry over in future.

Railroad trains should be supplied with chloroform and stimulants, declares Mrs Maude Ballington Booth. We don't know what she wants with the chloroform, but we have seen the time when the stimulants would have come in all right.

The London Times predicts that the financial day of reckoning for Americans is approaching, remarks an exchange. Yes, we have been reading about that man with the "little red wagon," but there may also be a day of reckoning coming to him, too.

The tomb of the Egyptian king, Thotmes IV, near Thebes, has been found to contain mummified beef, mutton and poultry placed there four thousand years ago. But, perhaps, this will occasion no surprise in the average boarding house.

The new battleship Kansas is to be provided with a silver "water" service by the people of that state. But this doesn't mean that they won't drink red liquor aboard the Kansas—no more than prohibition means that they don't drink it in Kansas.

"There is great dissatisfaction with the anti-trust record of the late congress, but it seems to be confined to the columns of partisan democratic papers," observes The Kansas City Journal. Probably so; there is certainly nothing in that record to disturb any republican newspaper.

A CHANCE TO SAVE THE STATE $60,000.

When the Georgia legislature at its last session passed Senator Skelton's bill changing the legislative sessions from winter to summer, some objection was made (and it was the only one) on the ground that the change would involve virtually an "extra" session of the legislature—or, at least, add another year to the life of the existing general assembly.

Senator Skelton stated at the time his bill was under consideration, in answer to this objection, that he would, himself, offer a resolution at the next session providing for two sessions of twenty-five days each, instead of fifty-day sessions, as now allowed by law; thus limiting the life of the present general assembly to 100 days in all—that being the full term for which it was originally elected.

More recently, however, another proposition has been under discussion by leading members of the house and senate, as told of in today's Constitution. This modified plan contemplates a fifteen or twenty-day session of the legislature this year and a thirty or thirty-five-day session next year—the idea being to limit the present body to fifty more legislative days, as suggested by the author of the summer session bill.

The reasons given for holding a shorter session this year than next are very convincing. In the first place, the general tax act and appropriation bills are out of the way, the senate having so amended these measures at the last session as to make them cover a period of two years. Hence it will be possible for the legislature to get through with its work this year in much less time than will be the case in 1904, when these measures again come up for consideration.

Again, the argument is put forth that there is really very little of an important nature for the legislature to do at the coming summer session. The convict lease matter is about the only thing of a general nature that actually demands attention, and the proposition is to give this right-of-way over everything, in order that it may be promptly dipsosed of.

As legislative matters now stand, nearly all other proposed legislation has passed through the committees and is up on second or third reading, so that there is very little for the legislators to do except to come up to Atlanta, vote on them and return home. It will not be demanding too much to ask our lawmakers to let such new matters as they may have in mind lie over until next year.

The Constitution is heartily in favor of this plan, and we confidently look to see it adopted. One argument alone in favor of it should be sufficient—it will save the state $60,000. Each legislative session of fifty days costs the state about $70,000 in per diems and mileage. Two fifty-day sessions, therefore, will mean an outlay of something like $140,000. Of course, the usual mileage, amounting to about $10,000 annually, will have to be paid at each session no matter how long or how short. But per diems amounting to fully $60,000 will be saved to the tax payers.

This is a very important matter when considered from a plain business standpoint. And there is no reason to consider it otherwise just now. There is nothing of a pressing nature to demand a fifty-day session of the legislature this year. Indeed, our legislators would probably find it necessary to "kill time" should they undertake to sit fifty days this summer.

Some very important points to consider in this connection are these: First, the general assembly stands already organized; committees have been appointed, officers elected and everything is in working order—fully ten days or two weeks is saved right here. Second, the legislature is no longer charged with the election of solicitors and judges—another two weeks or more is saved here. Third, the granting of railroad and bank charters, and much work in connection with municipal charters has been taken off of the legislature and placed upon the secretary of state—not less than a week's work saved here.

So we find the legislature beginning its next session with, at the least calculation, four weeks of its work, as compared with legislatures of a few years ago, out of the way, and with practically nothing of an important nature demanding attention. What good reason can there be, therefore, for stretching the coming summer session over a period of fifty days, when the work can be finished in less than half that time? Why not give the people the benefit of these conditions? Why not save this $60,000 to the tax payers?

The University as a Business Proposition.

A great deal has been said and written about the million-dollar Presbyterian university which it is proposed to locate in Atlanta, but as yet it has hardly been considered in a commercial light. And very properly so, perhaps; for it is not entirely right or fair to treat an educational investment as a business proposition, because its value cannot be measured by dollars.

But if the proposed Presbyterian university is subjected to this test, and the far-reaching benefits of its educational, uplifting and inspiring influence are left out of the calculation altogether, it will still appeal to us more strongly than almost anything that has ever been brought to the attention of our people. Considered in its commercial light alone, it will be found to be one of the best paying investments Atlanta has ever made. Let us, then, regard it from this standpoint for a moment:

The community at large is called upon to raise $100,000 to locate the university here, the Presbyterians having pledged the remainder of $250,000. If we do not raise the $100,000, we get nothing. Let us see what we are likely to secure if we do raise it.:

In the first place, there will be a faculty of not less than fifty professors, who will earn and spend here not less than $2,000 per annum each. The faculty, then, will be worth $100,000 a year to Atlanta.

In the second place, the students will spend at least $200 per annum each. How many students will there be? Vanderbilt university has 100 professors and 800 students. The University of the South (Sewanee) has fortyone professors and 357 students. The University of Virginia has fifty-six professors and 620 students. Princeton has 101 professors and 1,400 students. The heavily endowed universities of the South (Sewanee) has forty-one professors and 2,000 to 4,000 students each.

It is, therefore, a conservative estimate to place the average number of students at 500 during the first decade. At the low estimate of $200 each, they will spend in Atlanta $100,000 per annum. The chances are that their actual expenditures will be 50 per cent more than this.

We have then, by an exceedingly conservative estimate, an annual expenditure of $200,000 in Atlanta by reason of the existence of the Presbyterian university. The community will get back each year twice its investment, and within a decade twenty times the investment. Dividends of 2,000 per cent in ten years cannot be equalled by any purely business institution in Georgia.

But this is not all. The attendance on institutions of higher education is growing far more rapidly than common school attendance. The number of pupils in common schools in the United States increased 30 per cent from 1890 to 1900. The number of students in American colleges increased 67 per cent from 1890 to 1901. The growth of higher education is twice as rapid as that of common schools.

With this tendency of the times, it is fair to assume that the average attendance of the second decade at the Presbyterian university will be two-thirds larger, or more than 800. That would equal the present attendance at Vanderbilt. This would bring to Atlanta a faculty of 100 and expenditures each year of $200,000 by professors and $160,000 by students, total $360,000.

But this is not taking into consideration the tremendous development of the south. The day is not far distant when the principal southern universities will rival those of the north and west.

It is a fact not generally known that when the cataclysm of the civil war overtook the southern states they had more students in colleges per thousand population than any section of the union. We are laying the basis of prosperity which will bring us back to that educational eminence. Of the many blessings which will attend that happy consummation we will not speak in this article, for it is limited to the commercial aspects of the proposition. Viewed from that standpoint alone, can there be any question as to the wisdom of such an investment?

Timber in Cuba.

The opportunities for American capital in Cuba seem to be many. Outside of the principal industries of sugar and tobacco, and outside also of concessions which call for the investment of large sums of money, there seem to be openings in a number of different lines.

United Statse Consul Baehr, at Cienfuegos, says that in the eastern part of Cuba there are many complaints of the lack of milling facilities for dressed lumber. The saw mills already established there are small affairs and of not much utility, and in the opinion of lumber dealers it would pay some American to come there and establish a modern saw mill. The United States consul states that a prominent lumber dealer of Cienfuegos has leased the best mill site in that vicinity and stands ready to offer it, free of rent, to any enterprising American who will establish a modern saw mill.

The fact that an American firm has established a good saw mill in Havana and is now buying logs in Cienfuegos and shipping them to the mill, paying freight rates equal to a shipment to the United States, is cited as evidence that the establishment of a mill at Cienfuegos would be profitable. There is much work on the large plantations that are being revived and it is expected there will be considerable in connection with the new Cuban Central railroad.

Mr. Baehr thinks that there is a good outcome in the export timber business of Cuba. The two principal export woods are mahogany and cedar. These are steadily increasing in value and the choice timber lands on the north coast, as well as those adjacent to the new railroad, are rapidly increasing in value. There are, however, good mahogany lands on the south coast that may yet be purchased at a low figure.

Still Hitting at Roosevelt.

President Roosevelt's activity in the matter of the coal strike settlement still sticks in the craw of the direct representatives of the operators and the financial interests allied with them.

Acting as inspired spokesman for this element, The New York Sun loses no opportunity to strike a blow at the republican president, although that paper is regarded as one of the foremost supporters of republican policies. Witness the following concerning the Waterbury riot troubles:

The blood of Paul Mendelsohn is not upon the head of his assassins only. The murder in Waterbury is but one of the fruits of the systematic coddling of lawlessness that began with the befriending of John Mitchell and his union in Pennsylvania throughout a series of murderous crimes that has no parallel.

Viewed in the light of The Sun's former criticisms of President Roosevelt for his action in connection with the coal strike, this declaration will be construed—and is doubtless intended to be construed—as a hit at the man in the white house.

The Melon Growers' Problem.

What the cantaloupe and watermelon growers of southwest Georgia will realize on their crops this year will depend nearly as much upon their ability to market them judiciously as upon the size and character of the crops themselves.—Albany Herald.

The growers of melons can learn something from the peach growers in this connection. The latter, a few years ago, were wholly at the mercy of the commission men—with the result that, instead of satisfactory returns from their shipments, they received reports of "glutted markets," "peaches sold to pay freight," and all that sort of thing. They finally adopted a practical, business-like method of marketing their products, and now these same commission men are glad enough to come to them and pay for their fruit, even before it leaves the packing houses. The result has been thousands of dollars saved to the peach growers annually.

The melon growers are, necessarily, under greater disadvantages in this respect, in that their product is more perishable—and, perhaps, at times, in less demand. But they could gain a great deal by concerted action; by adopting the same businesslike methods that the peach growers have adopted. They would even be better off if they should feed their melons to the hogs, rather than rush them to already glutted markets or turn them over to irresponsible commission men to do with as they see fit.

It is a problem, of course, which they will have to figure out for themselves; but we deem it not out of place to suggest that the experience of the peach growers would be of some value to them in this connection.

Drought at the Capitol.

At last the sale of liquor in the capitol building at Washington has been brought to an end. The prohibition movement, begun by Representative Landis as a joke upon those who were insisting that the sale of beer to immigrants at Ellis island should be prohibited, has become effective through orders of the proper authorities that the action of congress should be respected by those holding the restaurant privileges at the capitol, and in the future the thirsty statesman must carry his own blind tiger about with him.

The open bar which has been run in connection with the house restaurant has been a disgrace to the country. In the senate restaurant there are no liquors sold by the drink and the casual visitor who sits in that section set apart for outsiders can get nothing to quench his thirst unless he purchases it by the bottle. An occasional bottle of beer is seen on the tables of lunchers, but there is no drinking in the general sense. The house restaurant, although under the same management, has been conducted on a different plan. There any man could purchase drinks of any kind just as he could in any barroom on Pennsylvania avenue. The complaints about drinking at the capitol have all been due to the conduct of this house barroom.

Members of the house have time and again passed bills for the abolition of the sale of liquor in the capitol, confident that such measures would be killed by the senate. Time and again this was done. Finally, however, the senate saw fit to take the house at its word and when this last prohibitory provision went to the senate as part of the immigration bill, the senate promptly passed it.

The promiscuous sale of liquor is certainly out of place in the capitol building. The action of congress in abolishing this bar and prohibiting the sale of all kinds of liquor will meet the approval of the American public.

HE BLED HIS SUBORDINATES.

Parker, Dead Letter Chief, Suspended on That Charge.

Washington, March 12.—A. C. Parker, chief of the dead letter department, post-office department, has been suspended from office on charges of borrowing money from subordinates. He has been given until tomorrow to make a satisfactory explanation and failure to do so will result in dismissal from office.

TALKS ABOUT ATLANTA

Cordele News: King Leopold has decided to visit the United States, Atlanta is already sweeping her front yards in anticipation of his arrival.

Eatonton Messenger: Even in Georgia there are some queer people. In Atlanta a young lady is suing a firm for heavy damages because a member of the firm forcibly ejected her from the business office. The young lady is a red hot advocate of woman's rights, female suffrage and all that sort of thing, and yet the first time an accommodating person recognizes her right to be treated as a man, she becomes angry.

Birmingham Ledger: All newspapers have a way of writing up towns, but The Atlanta Constitution has capped that kind of enterprise by writing up old Charleston.

Jackson Argus: Atlanta's new depot will be a magnificent structure. After a long season of impatient waiting, and a hearty indulgence of criticism, she is to have an $875,000 station, which will be in keeping with her up-to-date appearance.

Dublin Courier-Dispatch: We would suggest to that warring element in one of the Atlanta churches to put a little more religion into their church conferences, and everything will then work out all right. Nothing can be run successfully without religion, not even a church.

STATE PRESS SIDELIGHTS.

The Gainesville Eagle is calling upon the wealthy and enterprising men of that thriving northeast Georgia city to erect a new and commodious hotel. Gainesville is one of the most popular summer resorts in the south, and a new hotel would, undoubtedly, add largely to the summer business of that community.

The Griffin News thinks Congressman Bartlett's injunction to his republican colleagues to "go to hell!" would be all right if they did not insist upon taking the country with them.

The Crawfordville Democrat says the court house of Taliaferro county looks more like a hog pen than a habitation for gentlemen. This was the house where Alexander Stephens practiced law, observes The Savannah Press.

Rome Tribune: Many cities in Georgia have caught the "greater" fever and are taking on new life. No town can and ever will prosper so long as the inhabitants remain asleep. To accomplish anything these days people have got to hustle.—Darien Gazette. That is the truth, and we are going to have a "Greater Rome" up this way.

While selecting a southern man for vice president don't forget Joe Hill Hall.—Vienna News. That would never do; nobody would care to see the Hon. Joe Hill placed in a position where he couldn't rise to a point of order—but could only sit on 'em.

Editor Henry Watterson declares that the newspapers of today are too large and cumbersome.—Columbus Ledger. Editor Watterson seems to proceed on the idea that no other part of a paper should be large and cumbersome except its editorials.

The Savannah Press puts a whole lot of wisdom into this paragraph on the negro problem: "Whatever the negro may need in the future he will probably find that these three things, the ballot, classical culture and social recognition, are matters which he wants to keep away from. No formal debate can develop all these things. Every day experience must bring them and prove their correctness. The whole country is studying the question. The people, north and south, are coming mighty close together in their conclusions. The appeal is to time, which "overthrows the illusions of opinion and establishes the decisions of nature."

The statement is made that Senator Spooner is really responsible for the resolution adopted by the Wisconsin legislature calling for a convention on the race question.—Columbus Ledger. It is not to be doubted; indeed, Wisconsin seems to have formed the habit of sticking its Senator Spooner into everything.

The Vidalia Advance, edited by Dr. E. Morgan, is a new candidate for public favor in the weekly field. It is a bright and attractive sheet from every standpoint.

LOOKING ON THE BRIGHT SIDE.

A Change for the Better.

Philadelphia Record: The democrats of the United States senate have made a great change for the better in substituting Senator Gorman for Senator Quay as their leader.

Its Economical Point.

Pick-Me-Up: Farmer Hayditch (to his neighbor, Farmer Turnipton)—Hallo! Going in for barbed wire fencing, eh? Isn't it rather dear?

Turnipton—Yes; but then, you see, my men don't waste time sitting on it.

Not Entirely Undefended.

Chicago Record-Herald: Crowninshield has quit, but the case is not entirely hopeless. Corbin is still there.

His Father's Own Son.

Philadelphia Press: "Look at the way baby's working his mouth," exclaimed Mrs. Newman. "Now, he proposes to put his foot in it."

"H'm," replied her husband, grumpily. "Hereditary. That's what I did when I proposed."

Mr. Gould's Modesty.

Washington Post: Mr. George Gould declines to serve as the hero of that fast railway journey over a Southern road. It was a great chance for Mr. Gould to be known as a financial rough hider.

Sure Enough.

Philadelphia Press: "I've got a story," said the new reporter, "about a thief who pretended to be a lodger in a hotel and so gained access to the other guests' rooms, where he gathered in all the loose money he could and—"

"Head it 'False Roomer Gains Currency,'" suggested the snake editor.

Something in a Name, After All.

Chicago News: Kipling's poem, if written in Cook county by an unknown author, would discover the waste basket if no stamps were inclosed for its return.

Set 'Em Up in Business.

Detroit Free Press: "When Mr. Casey died he left all he had to the orphan asylum."

"Indeed! That was nice of him. What did he leave?"

"His twelve children."

CURRENT COMMENT.

The Pituitary Gland.

Denver Times: The scientists are bound to make us live forever. Hardly a day passes that some one of them does not discover the secret of life. Sometimes it is the action of salt on the heart, again it is the effect of a powder on the skin, and still later it is the digging out of the microbe of old age.

The latest scientific sensation, however, is somewhat more to the point, though not quite so Nikola-Tesla-esque in its promises. It does not foreshadow eternal life in the body—at least not right away.

This discovery is made by Dr. C. E. de M. Sajous, of Philadelphia. It is to the effect that the pituitary body or gland, before considered of no value in the cerebral economy of man, is the real center of life. In addition to this, the Philadelphia savant asserts that it will respond to medical treatment, and that almost any ill that flesh is heir to will succumb, if the right effect is produced on the pituitary body.

To those benighted mortals who were not aware that they had a pituitary gland concealed about their persons, it should be explained that it is a small ovoid body which lies under the surface of the cerebrum. It can hardly be described as the vermiform appendix of the brain, but has been generally regarded as of about the same relative importance.

Later the scientists may discover that nature does not leave glands and things lying around loose for which she has no use.

Mr. Tillman's Colored Friend.

Richmond (Va.) Times-Dispatch: Senator Tillman has on his plantation in South Carolina a negro man named Joe Gibson, who has lived with him for thirty years. Joe has charge of the premises, carries the keys and takes care of everything in Mr. Tillman's absence. In speaking of this man the other day, the senator said:

"I do not know whether I belong to Joe, or Joe belongs to me. Anyhow, we have been together for thirty years, and we have agreed to live together until one or both of us die, and when I go away, if I go first, I know he will shed as sincere a tear as anybody. I would die to protect him from injustice or wrong."

This is one of the old-time negro gentlemen of whom we have often spoken. They are an honor to their race, and to the "Ole Mis" who trained them. White men are proud and fortunate to have such negro friends. The pity is that the dear old gentlemen are fast dying out.

New Use for the Injunction.

Savannah News: An injunction preventing strikers from injuring the property of the corporation or company by which they are employed or interfering with employees not out on strike is a very common legal order, but is not the injunction issued by Judge Adams, of the United States district court in St. Louis, restraining the grievance committee of the trainmen and firemen of the Wabash railroad from encouraging those men to strike, a rather unusual order? It amounts practically to an order of the court against a strike. It is true it is directed to the committee of the dissatisfied men, but it might as well be directed to the men themselves.

The grievance committee will now have to appear in court and show what reasons it has for urging a strike. It does seem as if there should be a tribunal for the settlement of the differences of employers and employees—a tribunal to which such differences should be referred, even though one or both parties to them were against such a reference. In about every labor dispute the public has an interest, and very often more workmen are affected by a strike than go out on strike. In the Wabash railroad case about 1,100 men are dissatisfied and probably 3,000 or 4,000 are contented with their treatment and wages. The rights of the 3,000 or 4,000 ought to have some consideration.

The Tariff on Coal.

Denver Times: If Cuban reciprocity is pushed in congress New England will demand the abolition of the tariff on coal, regardless of present restrictions as to percentage of carbon in anthracite.

Figures compiled by the Boston chamber of commerce show that for the year just passed the coal shortage of Boston was 529,221 tons. The total receipts of anthracite for the year were 1,057,170 tons, against 2,163,558 tons in 1901, or a deficiency of more than 1,000,000 tons. Owing to the vast quantities of foreign coal which have been imported, the figures in bituminous coal show a good balance on the right side of the ledger. The totals for 1902 are 3,226,028, whereas the amount in 1901 was only 2,648,861. That the shortage is only 500,000 shows a great increase in receipts for November and December, for early in October the shortage was more than 1,000,000 tons.

With about 300,000 tons of soft coal coming from abroad during the present month and in February, the shortage should be materially reduced before the end of cold weather.

Maryland, West Virginia and Pennsylvania have heretofore championed the tariff on coal. Under its more or less beneficent influence the mines of Nova Scotia have been shut out from the United States market in ordinary seasons, and, when admitted under pressure, as in the case at present, consumers pay tariff under the carbon restriction. The rate on bituminous coal is 67 cents per ton.

Thoroughness in the Schools.

Chicago Inter Ocean: Charles R. Skinner, state superintendent of public instruction in New York, recently said that 90 per cent of the children in the public schools of New York cities never go beyond the grammar grades. In elaborating this statement, Mr. Skinner said:

"I believe in one way we are trying to do too much. If there is one lack it is the lack of thoroughness in fundamental branches and the ambition to look for tinsel that lies above rather than the practical things at our feet. It is still within the bounds of reason to think of spelling, reading, geography, arithmetic. Every child should be able to read with compunction, spell well, and be able to figure. If you have these, what is the use of a college education What is the use of this ornamental keystone?"

Mr. Skinner is right in his argument, but not quite right in his conclusion. Thoroughness in the fundamental branches of education is as essential to the boy or girl who goes to college as it is to the boys and girls who do not go beyond the grammar grades in our public schools. To learn to spell, read, and figure correctly is to begin any sort of education well. Thoroughness in the common branches of education is a preparation for the college as well as for business life.

Nothing is clearer than that the tendency of our present educational system has been for some years away from the old standards of thoroughness in the fundamental branches of study.

REFUSED TO WASH THE MULES.

Strike at a Colliery Due to a Very Novel Cause.

Mahanoy City, Pa., March 12.—Three hundred men are idle at Packer No. 3 colliery of the Lehigh Coal Company owing to a strike of the drivers because of an order requiring them to wash the mules before stabling them at night.

PASSING THRONG.

Mayor Jacob Phinizy, of Augusta, was not one of the audience at the Grand last night, and thereby hangs a tale.

When he left the city of which he is the executive head early yesterday morning he was the captain of a party of ten society people, quite a number of them ladies, and among them Mrs. Phinizy.

"I am going to have you all at Richard Mansfield's performance tonight," said Mayor Phinizy.

"Oh, how lovely!" ejaculated the ladies, casting approving glances at the smiling mayor.

During all the railroad journey nothing was spoken of but the theater party and the delightful affair that it was to be. When Atlanta was reached and the Augustans had registered at the Piedmont, Mayor Phinizy sought Manager Zimmer and asked:

"How about ten tickets to Richard Mansfield?"

"Nothing is impossible," said Mr. Zimmer, "but I hardly think there will even be an opportunity to knock a man down and get as many as two tickets, let alone ten."

Houston R. Harper, the new advertising man at the Piedmont, was then sent for. He is a man of many ideas and pleasing address.

"If there are tickets to be had Mr. Harper will get them," said Mr. Zimmer, and Mr. Harper went on his mission. An hour went by and then another. Still Mr. Harper stayed away. Time dragged. At last, however, Mr. Harper returned with a look of triumph on his face and ten box tickets in his pocket—

But Mayor Phinizy and his party had arranged to go to the Bijou.

J. Gargura and V. Padula are two wealthy Cubans who live in New York. They came to Atlanta Wednesday and stopped at the Aragon.

"We are on a tour of the southern states and will stay until tomorrow afternoon."

All that day and yesterday morning they spent in looking over Atlanta. The hour came for their departure and a porter called at their rooms for baggage.

"Ah! we are going to stay a while longer," said they. "Atlanta is such a delightful place we cannot leave it as soon as we had intended. We have decided to stay over several days longer and enjoy this fine city."

And they are still at the Aragon.

All of the hotels were entertaining out-of-town society people who came to Atlanta yesterday to attend the Richard Mansfield performance.

Colonel J. Harris Chappell, of Milledgeville, with his wife, brought up a party from their city and stopped at the Aragon. With them were Mrs. Kate Glenn and Miss Katherine Mulligan.

There were also a number from Opelika. They were Mrs. L. M. Cooper, Mrs. J. R. Hardaway and Miss Mary O. Hardaway.

Father Hamilton, private secretary to Bishop Keiley, of Savannah, was at the Piedmont yesterday. Father Hamilton is one of the most popular and accomplished Catholic clergymen in Georgia.

Colonel E. B. Hook, the well-known editor of The Augusta Chronicle, spent yesterday at the Kimball.

J. B. Kimbell, one of the leading insurance men of Columbus, is at the Kimball.

Judge Sam Maddox came down from Dalton yesterday and was a theatergoer last night. He stopped at the Kimball.

Congressman-elect T. W. Hardwick is registered at the Piedmont.

Wellborn Dubose and Charles H. Phinizy, of Athens, were at the Piedmont yesterday and saw Mansfield last night.

Among the theater attendants from out of the city were Samuel Tate and Miss Evelyn and Miss Florence Tate, of Tate, Ga. They stopped at the Piedmont.

ROOSEVELT'S WESTERN TRIP.

President Will Leave Washington Early in April.

Washington, March 12.—President Roosevelt's contemplated western trip was the subject of some consideration at the white house today. Senators Long, of Kansas, and Hopkins, of Illinois, and Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Bristow, also of Kansas, talked with the president about his tour.

The Kansas people are urging the president to make some stops in thir state after the dedication of the St. Louis exposition ground on April 30. Only one stop thus far has been arranged. The president has accepted an invitation to attend a meeting of the railroad branch of the Young Men's Christian Association, to be held at Topeka, May 1. Few other details of the itinerary have been worked out. It has been decided, with practical definiteness, that only one trip will be made.

While no date for the beginning of the trip will be fixed on definitely until the senate shall have adjourned, it is expected now that it will not be far from April 1, returning some time in June. It is likely that the first two or three weeks of the trip will be passed principally in the Yellowstone park. There the president will seek rest and recreation, but it is understood he will do little hunting.

"CLOVER NOOK" FOR THE BLIND

Home of Alice and Phoebe Cary Sold for Asylum.

Cincinnati, March 12.—"Clover Nook," home of Alice and Phoebe Cary, sisters, whose poems are widely known throughout the literary world, has passed out of the hands of their heirs and will become a home for the blind, under the management of the Trader sisters, of Avondale. These sisters, one of whom are blind, have been active in providing a library for the blind, and having expressed a wish to obtain the Cary homestead for a home for the blind, Mr. William A. Procter, a wealthy citizen, purchased it and placed it at their disposal.

The homestead has an ideal location near College hill and comprises 2 acres.

The Absent Comrade.

(In Memory of Ben. Neal Thornton.)

When 'round the board old comrades meet again,
Who once in classic places form'd the ties
That hold 'gainst any tide, 'neath any skies,
And youth renews its zest in serious men,
There comes a sudden focal moment when
Sad silence veils the uplift of their eyes.
The mention of some long-past enterprise
Recalls it with a pause and prayer for then!
Recalls it with a pause and prayer for grace—
Grace for his world-surfeited soul that seem'd
Fearless to heed the beck'ning hands of Rest!
Why should he fear? He went to see the face
Of Him whose blood on old Golgotha stream'd
To seal our peace upon His Father's breast!

SAM W. SMALL.

SHORT SESSION THIS SUMMER

Legislature May Sit For Only Twenty Days.

Movement Is on Foot To Cut Down the Time and Save the State $60,000—Davis, of Meriwether, Says It Should Be Done.

The movement is on to make the coming summer session of the legislature a short one and the succeeding session in 1904 just long enough to make a total of fifty days for both.

Members of the legislature who have visited Atlanta recently have become more and more impressed with the importance of shortening the next two sessions, and have expressed themselves in favor of such action.

The idea is to have a session this summer of fifteen or twenty days, just long enough to finish the important business in hand, and the succeeding summer to have a session of thirty or thirty-five days, making a total of fifty days in all, thus giving the present legislature 100 days, the time for which it was elected.

Hon. Charles L. Davis, of Meriwether, chairman of the general appropriations committee of the house, who was in the city yesterday, said he was strongly in favor of a short session this summer, say not more than twenty days.

"There is nothing before the legislature to justify a session of fifty days this summer," Mr. Davis said. "The business is in good shape and what is necessary to be done can be disposed of in twenty days without the least difficulty. The convict question is the only matter of pressing importance to be settled at the coming session, and that has already been so thoroughly discussed that little remains to do but get a bill in shape and pass it. Other matters of importance have reached such a stage that they can be passed almost on the first or second day of the session, and there is no reason why the session should be prolonged beyond twenty days at the outside.

"The strongest consideration that presents itself," Mr. Davis continued, "is the great saving to the state that is involved. By cutting out the extra fifty days at least $60,000 will be saved to the state in the per diems of the members and other expenses incident to a session. Of course the mileage will have to be paid for both sessions, but that amounts to only about $10,000. The necessity for a somewhat longer session in 1904 than this summer arises out of the fact that new appropriations and tax bills will have to be passed, but thirty days will be amply sufficient for that work and anything else the legislature may see fit to do at that time."

Senator J. H. Skelton, of the thirty-first district, in an interview published some time ago expressed similar views. Senator Skelton is the author of the summer sessions bill and he has stated that he would introduce a resolution at the beginning of the next session providing that the two coming sessions of the present general assembly should aggregate only fifty days. He is confident this movement will receive wide support, and there is no doubt from what is said by many of the members who have visited Atlanta recently that he is correct in this view.

MIDDIES NAMED BY ROOSEVELT

List of Appointments to the Naval Academy.

Washington, March 12.—The president today designated the following to be midshipmen at large at the naval academy:

Ralph Earl Sampson, son of the late Rear Admiral W. T. Sampson; J. W. Philip, son of the late Rear Admiral Philip; Alfred H. Miles, son of the late Lieutenant Charles R. Miles, United States navy; Rufus King, son of Brigadier General Charles King, U. S. A.; Sloan Danenhower, sone of the late Lieutenant John W. Danenhower, U. S. N.

The following have been designated as alternates in the order named:

George W. Simpson, son of Lieutenant Colonel W. A. Simpson, U. S. A.; W. Price Williamson, son of Chief Engineer Williamson, retired; William Talbert Truxtun, son of Commodore William S. Truxtun; Henry Lyon, son of Captain H. W. Lyon, U. S. N.; C. F. Ames, nephew of General James Longstreet; John H. Knapp, son of Lieutenant Commander Knapp, U. S. N.; Wehman Potter Beeman, son of Commander Beeman, U. S. N.; Cyrus Townsend Brady, Jr., son of the Rev. Cyrus Brady, author.

The following have been appointed as visitors to the academy for the coming year:

D. S. Henry T. Pritchett, Boston, Mass.; Professor H. C. H. Ellis, Texas; Lewis Nixon, New York; Rear Admiral George Brown, U. S. N., retired, Indiana; Captain A. T. H. Mahan, U. S. N., retired, New York; Lieutenant R. M. Thompson, U. S. N., retired, New Jersey; Hon. John R. Proctor, Kentucky.

FLASHES FROM THE CABLE.

It is officially announced that King Edward will sail for Lisbon on the royal yacht Victoria and Albert, March 31, and that he will remain here four days as the guest of King Charles.

General Reyes, vice president of Colombia, has arrived at Panama from Mexico. He received an ovation. The reports that he has presidential aspirations have been renewed.

According to a London financial paper, Whitaker Wright, director of the London and Globe Corporation, limited, for whose arrest a warrant was issued yesterday, secured American citizenship while engaged in business enterprises in Philadelphia and elsewhere. Those who are interested in the prosecution say that this is the first they have heard of Wright being an American citizen. Wright is said to be in Egypt.

NEW BUILDING GOES UP SOON

Plans For Captain English's Building in Course of Preparation.

Work on the handsome fifteen-story steel structural building which is to be erected by Captain James W. English on the site of the old Norcross building, at the corner of Peachtree and Marietta streets, will begin in about two months.

Mr. Bruce, of the architectural firm of Bruce & Morgan, when seen yesterday, stated that the plans for the building would be completed in about one month, after which time bids would be advertised for, the contract being let about a month later.

When completed this will be the handsomest of Atlanta's sky-scrapers. "We intend to make this the best of Atlanta's tall buildings," said Mr. Bruce yesterday, "and though it will be a difficult matter to construct a building will will be superior to the Century, yet we expect to make this the best of all."

This office building will cost $300,000 and will be modern in every respect. It will stand fifteen stories above the pavement, which will make it one story higher than any other building in Atlanta.

With the exception of the ground floor, which will be occupied by the Fourth National bank, there will be twenty offices to the floor, each of which will be conveniently arranged.

This new sky-scraper will be but another steel and stone testimonial of Atlanta's indefatigable industry and wonderful progress.

RAILWAY NOTES.

Chas. M. Pepper, well known as a newspaper writer and one of the delegates of the United States to the second international American conference which met in the City of Mexico last winter, has been appointed by Secretary Hay to visit South and Central America and make a report on the commercial aspects of the proposed intercontinental railway which is projected to connect the railway system of the United States with that of the Argentine Republic, also connecting with the railway systems of intervening countries.

Authority for the appointment of such a commissioner was granted by the sundry civil appropriation act, which passed congress a few days before the end of the session. The act appropriates but $2,500 for the pay and expenses of the commissioner. As this will be inadequate, former Senator Henry G. Davis, of West Verginia, and Mr. Andrew Carnegie, who are members of an international commission appointed by the Mexican conference to further the interests of the railway, will contribute $10,000 towards Mr. Pepper's compensation and expenses.

If Mr. Pepper submits a favorable report as to the commercial prospects of the proposed road, steps will be taken for the organization of construction companies and for the actual commencement of construction at as early a date as possible.

Walter Westwood has been appointed soliciting freight agent of the Seaboard Air Line, with headquarters at 306 Washington street, Boston, Mass., succeeding Edwin Butler, resigned.

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W. H. Wells, engineer of construction of the Southern railway, spent yesterday in Atlanta in conference with General Agent J. S. B. Thompson.

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J. P. Billups, general passenger agent of the Atlanta and West Point and Western Railway of Alabama, left yesterday for Columbus, Miss. Mr. Billups is one of the youngest—if not the youngest—passenger agents in the country. He has the reputation of knowing the passenger business from A to Z and through the figures, and is known and liked from Maine to Mexico and points between.

J. B. Heyward, district passenger agent of the West Point, is on a business trip to Richmond and Norfolk.

The railroads concerned, through Chairman Richardson of the Southeastern Passenger Association, have announced excursion rates to the following points: St. Louis, Mo., account Saengerfest; Monteagle, Tenn., account Woman's congress of W. C. T. U. and U. D. C.; Asheville, N. C., account thirteenth annual meeting Southern Educational Association, and to Gallatin, Tenn., St. Augustine, Fla., Morgantown, Ky., Cedartown, Ga., Memphis, Tenn., Montevallo, Ala., Wesson, Miss, and Macon, Ga.

Bruce Jeffries, formerly traveling passenger agent of the Chicago and Eastern Illinois, has been transferred to Nashville, Tenn., as traveling passenger agent of the 'Frisco System. The duties performed by Mr. Jeffries in Atlanta have been assumed by W. T. Saunders, general southern agent of the 'Frisco.

The Southeastern Freight Association, which has been in session at the Piedmont hotel in this city since Monday, completed its labors yesterday and adjourned. Another meeting will be held in May.

A special dispatch to the Constitution from Knoxville says that the Knoxville, LaFollette and Jellico Railroad (Louisville and Nashville) will have trains from Knoxville to Coper Ridge, seventeen miles in the direction of Jellico, by June 1st. Contractors are working both day and night shifts on certain sections of the work and every possible effort will be made to rush the work to early completion. As was given out by President Milton H. Smith in an interview with a representative of the Constitution, the road proposes to have trains running from Atlanta to Cincinnati, through Knoxville and over the Knoxville, LaFollette and Jellico road by January 1, next.

Hugo Gorlitz, agent for Richard Strauss, atuhorizes a denial of the published report that Strauss has been engaged to lead the orchestra of the Metropolitan opera house, New York.

The Diamond

That is really emblematic is free from flaws, is pure—is highly valued by the possessor.

MAIER & BERKELE,

31 Whitehall Street.

MILLARD LEE CASE COMES UP MONDAY

Demurrer to Insanity Affidavit to Be Argued In Supreme Court.

IMPORTANT POINT INVOLVED

State Contends That Physician's Affidavit Must Specify That Lee Has Become Insane Since Time of the Murder Trial.

The demurrer presented by the state, and which knocked out of the criminal superior court the insanity trial of Millard Lee, under sentence of death for the murder of Miss Lilla May Suttles, will be argued before the supreme court on Monday. That tribunal is expected to hand down an opinion within the next two or three weeks.

The sustaining of the demurrer by Judge L. S. Roan caused to be thrown out of court the affidavit, sworn to by Dr. Westmoreland and on which the insanity trial was based. The state contended that it was insufficient in that it did not specify that Lee had become insane since the murder trial, but merely stated that he was insane at the time the affidavit was made. Should the supeme court sustain Judge Roan, the defense would then have to secure another affidavit, to the effect that the prisoner has become insane since the murder trial, before he would be tried to determine the question of his sanity. Should the demurrer be reversed, however, then the trial would proceed on the first affidavit.

After the insanity trial had begun, Solicitor Charlie Hill offered the demurrer on the above stated ground. Judge Roan sustained the demurrer and the trial came to an abrupt end. Attorney Reuben Arnold, Jr., of Arnold & Arnold, counsel for Lee, then appealed the case to the supreme court.

The point on which the fight is being made is of great importance to the prisoner, as it is believed that he would derive much advantage from a trial on the present affidavit. It is regarded a difficult matter for physicians to determine the question of the exact time insanity had its inception in an insane person and for this reason the defense, it is thought, would find it much easier to go into the trial in an effort to prove that Lee is now insane, instead of proving that he has become insane since the murder trial. Solicitor Hill will appear for the state and Attorney Arnold for the prisoner at the hearing before the supreme court.

Respite Expires May 1.

The last respite granted by Governor Terrell staying the execution of the death sentence on Lee, expires on May 1. If the prisoner is given a trial on the insanity plea before that time, and if he is found insane, another respite will be unnecessary; but should he be found sane, the sentence would again have to be stayed. It is stated that a verdict of sanity would mean the carrying of the case to the supreme court again.

A decision from that court would probably not be rendered before next fall, and it might be that final settlement of the case would not be reached before the latter part of the year. Should the prisoner be declared insane he would be immediately sent to the state insane asylum at Milledgeville.

Judge Roan has named the fourth Monday in April, the 27th, as the date for the convening of the criminal superior court, and if Lee secures another trial it will probably be set for the first of the session. The docket for the court for the coming session, so far, is very light and contains no cases of special public interest. The grand jury is expected to hold a session before court begins, but the date has not been announced by Solicitor Hill.

IN THE COURTS.

After the hearing of evidence and argument yesterday afternoon before Judge J. H. Lumpkin, in the superior court, the injunction and receivership suit of P. Z. Fretwell against Robert Viewig, both of whom are partners in the El Tedesco Cigar Company, was withdrawn from the court, a satisfactory adjustment of the differences being reached.

Damage Suit Removed.

The damage suit of C. A. Adcock against the Southern Railway Company for $20,000 damages was called for trial yesterday before Judge H. M. Reid in the first division of the city court, but on motion of the defendant, was removed to the United States court.

Adcock is suing on account of an accident at the Simpson street crossing, which resulted in his losing one of his legs. Attorneys Arnold & Arnold represent the plaintiff and Attorneys Dorsey, Brewster & Howell and Sanders McDaniel represent the defendant.

Club Asks Renewal.

A petition was filed yesterday in the office of Clerk Arnold Broyles, of the superior court, asking that the charter of the Capital City club be renewed for a term of twenty years.

The petition states that the charter was granted for a term of twenty years and that the term will expire on May 21. It is stated that the renewal was authorized at the annual meeting of the club on April 28, 1902. Atorney Fulton Colville filed the application.

Transfers of Property.

The following transfers of property were filed yesterday with Deputy Clerk Alex. Dittler, of the superior court:

Mrs. Susan C. F. Allen to Mrs. Mary Anderson Gresham, lot on Harvard avenue, 90x95, $450.

Mortgage.—Mrs. M. B. Carroll to Atlanta Banking and Savings Co., lot on Spring street, 50x120, $1,000.

Mortgage.—J. B. Leamore to Atlanta Banking and Savings Co., lot on Cherokee avenue, 44x157, $169.

Bond for Title.—Charles B. Walker to Eliza O. Champion, lot on Fulton street, 35x58, $5,800.

Fannie Harrison and Emma Harrison to A. C. Hemperly, lot on Spring street, 114x50, $125.

Quit Claim Deed.—W. B. Harrison, C. B. Harrison, H. A. Harrison and J. W. Harison to A. C. Hemperly, same property as above, $10.

Mortgage.—Perry Loyd to W. E. Chapin, lot on Maury avenue, 161.9x52,$335.50.

Mortgage.—J. L. Dickey to F. M. Coker, Jr., property corner of the McDonough road and the Boulevard, near the Federal prison, $5,763.70.

Mrs. M. E. Clay to Samuel H. Ogletree, lot on county line avenue, 75x280, $1,000.

At Chicago the strike of the sheet metal workers was indorsed by the advisory board of the building trades council. This is said to mean that a general strike, including members of thirty building crafts, will be called on every contract where non-union men or members of rival metal workers' unions are employed.

TO HONOR DAY OF ST. PATRICK

Irishmen Practically Complete Arrangements For Celebration.

Arrangements are now practically completed for the annual celebration of St. Patrick's day, which is March 17, by the Irishmen of Atlanta.

The celebration this year will be under the auspices of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, and the members of that organization are making efforts to have one of the best, although quiet, celebrations of the day that has ever taken place in Atlanta.

The exercises will begin at 10 o'clock in the morning with solemn high mass in the Church of the Immaculate Conception, corner Central avenue and East Hunter street. After mass the Hibernians will spend the day quietly.

At night dinner will be served in the hall of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, on South Pryor street. At this dinner many kinds of meats and vegetables will be served. As during past years, it is probable that those who attend the dinner will be given a special dispensation in order that the Lenten regulations may not restrain them.

The dinner will be attended only by members of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, the members of the ladies' auxiliary and such other ladies as are brought to the hall by the members of the order.

The Hibernians now have arrangements for the celebration practically completed and they are expecting a very enjoyable day.

GIANT STRIDES.

Connoisseurs, the fashionable world, those whose palates easily detect superiority in excellence, set the stamp of approval, and by general adoption are advancing the popular brand of Moet & Chandon "White Seal" Champagne toward exclusive use at a very rapid pace. The increase in sales for the year 1902 over 1901 was 367,116 bottles, a record never before attained in the history of the Champagne trade, marking a gain equal to 564 per cent greater than the combined increase of all the other brands of Champagne. Moet & Chandon White Seal is acknowledged as "The Acme of Perfection."

BOYS AND BANANAS CAUSE OF SPECIAL POLICE ORDER

The police have been called upon to interfere with the uncontrollable and voracious appetite of the high school boys for bananas. How a conjunction of boys and bananas became of such a serious aspect as to call for the mighty power of the police makes a decidedly unique and interesting chapter in the history of the present session of the Boys' High school.

It is known that boys of that age, when they leave the grammar school and knee breeches at the same time, are prone to get mixed up in most anything that smacks of fun and frolic. But for the boys to get tied up with bananas in such a way as to cause the chief of police to issue a special order is something entirely out of the ordinary run.

All would have gone well with the banana craze if the boys had not been so careless about throwing the peel on the sidewalk. Pedestrians slipped up and complained to the chief of police. The peel called for the peeler, and Chief Ball issued the following special order yesterday morning:

"The policemen on the day watch are directed to keep banana wagons and peddlers from around the Boys' High school at 11 o'clock each day, as the boys buy bananas and throw the peel on the streets. Complaint comes in of the nuisance."

That cuts off the high school boys' daily supply of bananas. It is possible that the boys, being unable to break away from the banana habit so suddenly, will appeal for clemency with the promise that they will hereafter be more judicious and circumspect when discarding the peel.

TO PREVENT ANIMAL DISEASES.

New Set of Rules Issued by Secretary of Agriculture.

Washington, March 12.—The department of agriculture today announced a new code of regulations, revoking those of April 15, 1887, for the suppression and extirpation of contagious and infectious diseases among domestic animals in the United States. The new regulations require all persons owning, managing or transporting animals to exercise reasonable diligence to ascertain that the animals are not affected with any contagious or infectious disease, nor exposed by contact with other animals so affected or by being in pens or stables contaminated by diseased animals before such persons offer them for transportation or introduce them into public stock yards or on public highways or lines of interstate traffic.

All persons having charge of affected or exposed animals are required to keep them confined and away from other animals, and no person controlling premises or vehicles where diseased or exposed animals have been shall allow them to be occupied by healthy animals until the danger of infection is removed. Any state or territory or District of Columbia where there exists a contagious or infectious disease among animals is to be considered an infected locality.

The shipment of susceptible animals into or through an infected locality will be governed by these regulations and any subsequent orders of the secretary of agriculture, and vehicles used for their transportation must be cleaned and disinfected according to the secretary's orders.

Violation of these regulations or other similar orders of the secretary of agriculture is made punishable by a fine of $100 to $1,000 or by imprisonment not exceeding one year, or by both fine and imprisonment.

Emperor Francis Joseph has conferred the cross of officer of the Francis Joseph Order on George Hitchcock, the American artist.

It isn't good policy to wait until you are involved in title litigation before you think about title examination and insurance. Think about this now. Let us do it for you.

Title Guarantee and Trust Co.,

Empire Building, Atlanta.

BOND DECISION WON BY CITIES

Unearned Interest Held Not to Be a Part of Debt.

Supreme Court Says Interest Which Is Not Due Cannot Be Considered in Arriving at Constitutional Limit—Can Sell Their Bonds.

In arriving at the constitutional limit of county and municipal bond issues, unearned interest is not to be considered, says the supreme court in its decision rendered yesterday in the cases of Epping against the mayor and council of Columbus and Roff against the mayor and council of Calhoun.

The supreme court's decision in these cases is what was expected; it relieves many cities, towns and counties in the state of an embarrassment in their financial affairs which, had the decision been the reverse of what it is, would, in many instances, have proven serious.

Counties and municipalities under the constitution are empowered to issue bonds to the extent of seven per cent of their taxable property. By the decision of the supreme court only the principal of such bonds and any interest due and unpaid, is considered a part of such bonded debt within the meaning of the constitution and in arriving at the amount of bonds which can be issued under the constitutional provision in question.

This decision not only relieves the situation for Columbus and Calhoun, but it is of the greatest importance to Atlanta in view of the fact that this city contemplates the issuance of $300,000 of bonds for the purpose of improving its waterworks and sewer system. Had the decision of the supreme court held that unearned interest was a part of the bonded debt, Atlanta could not have issued these bonds, because the constitutional limit for this city would have been exceeded. The same is true of other cities in the state which have a large amount of bonds outstanding and which which find it necessary to put others on the market for the purpose of making much needed public improvements.

What the Court Holds.

In interpreting the constitutional provision in question, the supreme court holds that the words used therein should be taken in their popular sense. Where a word has a technical as well as a popular meaning, the court says, the courts will generally accord to it its popular signification, because constitutions are the result of the popular will and their words are to be understood ordinarily in the sense they convey to the popular mind. The court then takes up the word "debt" as it appears in this section of the constitution. In the popular sense, the court says, the debt of an individual, a corporation or a state, is the principal and accrued interest on a given date. Unearned interest is not, in such a sense, a part of the debt.

Upon this subject the court's headnote is as follows:

6. The debt of a municipal corporation, within the meaning of that provision of the constitution which prohibits such a corporation from incurring a debt that exceeds seven per centum of the assessed valuation of all the taxable property within the municipality, is to be ascertained by adding to the principal of all outstanding indebtedness the amount of all accrued interest that may be past due and payable on the day the amount of the debt is to be fixed. In ascertaining such debt, future interest that is not due on the day it becomes necessary to fix the sum of indebtedness is not, within the true intent of the constitution, a part of the debt of the municipality.

The court then goes on to say that a long continued and unquestioned interpretation of a paragraph of the constitution by the general assembly, by the executive or other officers, constitutes a weighty argument in favor of the correctness of that interpretation.

The ruling in this case, the court says, is not in conflict with the opinion of a majority of the court in the famous public property fund case, because the question there involved was whether the public property fund could be used to pay accrued interest at a time when no part of the principal of such debt was extinguished. The majority of the court held that the fund could be used for the payment of such interest as was due whether any part of the principal was paid or not.

The Cases in Question.

The further headnotes of the court's decision deal with points that apply specifically to the cases of the Columbus and the Calhoun bonds. Points were made against the legality of the notice of election and against the legality of the elections themselves. In practically all instances the court's decision is in favor of the municipality, sustaining the action of the lower court which ordered the bonds validated.

In the case of Epping against Columbus it was sought to prevent the validation of $250,000 of bonds which the people voted to issue for the purpose of building a public waterworks system. The plaintiff in the case is connected with the waterworks company at Columbus, which is a private corporation, and which sought to prevent the validation of the bond issue. Many other points were made in the case besides that relative to considering the interest a part of the debt, but the court sustained the action of the superior court of Muscogee county in validating the bonds and they will now be placed on the market for the purpose stated.

The town of Calhoun in Gordon county sought to issue only $5,000 of bonds for the purpose of building school houses. Aron Roff, a citizen, sought to prevent the validation of these bonds, the principal ground being the question of interest as stated. This was the first case of the kind that came before the court. In this, as in the Columbus case, the action of the superior court in validating the bonds was sustained.

There was a long array of legal talent interested in these cases, and some splendid arguments were made on both sides. The lawyers interested were as follows:

Louis F. Garrard and Little & Battle, for Epping.

T. T. Miller and S. P. Gilbert, for Columbus.

R. J. & J. McCamy and Harkins & Lang, for Roff.

W. R. Rankin and Sam P. Maddox, for Calhoun.

J. L. Mayson, W. P. Hill, W. W. Lambdin, S. H. Myers and C. J. Swift filed briefs in favor of validation.

Salem Dutcher, contra.

TO PREPARE FOR ELECTION.

Ordinance Committee of Council Will Doubtless Recommend Bond Measure During Session Today.

During its session, which will begin this morning at 10 o'clock, the ordinance committee of council, of which Councilman Winn is chairman, will recommend to council an ordinance which will specify a date for the bond election.

This measure will go to council during its session of next Monday afternoon and by that body it will be adopted. The aldermanic board will concur during its session on next Thursday and the measure will receive the signature of Mayor Howell. Nothing will then remain to be done with the exception of campaigning among the people to have them authorize the bond issue.

City officials have been waiting with impatience and anxiety the decision of the supreme court and they will all, doubtless work for the two proposed issues.

"My Goodness!

"HOW GLAD I AM TO KNOW THAT I CAN DRINK COFFEE AGAIN," exclaimed a silver-haired old lady yesterday as she partook of a cup of SCHOFIELD LIQUID COFFEE. Nobody quits Coffee because of the taste, it's because it DON'T AGREE with them. "Ole fashion" Coffee IS injurious. That's the reason so many have quit it, and gone to using the substitutes.

Now, when you've found a Coffee that will agree with you, no need to use a substitute. Give your palate a treat, and be refreshed and comforted by REAL COFFEE.

Served and for sale at

Kamper's.

HIRSCH BROS
Men's Outfitters
"Head to Foot"
44 Whitehall.

Our Show Windows

Will give you an idea of some of the "NEW THINGS" we are showing in

1903 SPRING SUITS.

But you will have to come in and try them on to catch the FIT—the STYLE—the swing of the SUIT. These are the points which count, and these are the strong points of our suits.

Timely Bargains These Reduced Price Spring Suits.

And when a bargain is timely you can not take advantage of it too quickly, and Spring suits at reduced prices just as the south wind is beginning to blow are certainly **timely bargains.** Men's, Youths' and Children's carried over from last season, but up-to-the-minute in style for all this Spring. This is about the last call, however.

Men's and Youths'

$10.00, $12.50, $13.50 Suits at - $ 7.50
15.00, 16.50, 17.00, 17.50 Suits at 12.50
18.00, 18.50, 20.00, 22.50 Suits at 15.00

Spring Weights in Fancy Mixtures or solid colors.

Children's

$2.00, $2.25 and $2.50 Suits at $1.50
3.00, 3.25, 3.50, 3.75 " 2.40
4.00, 4.50, 5.00 " 3.50
6.00 and 6.50 " 4.75

Spring Weights in Cheviots, Worsteds, Tweeds and Homespuns, neat or fancy mixtures. Knee pants suits.

EISEMAN BROS.,

Entire Building, Six Stories and Basement.

(Our Only Atlanta Store.)

11, 13, 15, 17 Whitehall St.

EISEMAN BROS., Washington, D. C. ATLANTA, GA. EISEMAN BROS., Baltimore, Md.

1st Floor. Men's Clothing, center. Furnishings, left. Hats, right. Shoes, rear.
2d Floor. Children's Store.
3d Floor. Tailoring, front. Trunks and Bags, rear.
4th Floor. Overall Department. Reserve Hat and Furnishing stock.
5th Floor. Work shops.
6th Floor. Reserve Clothing and Shoe Stock.

SOCIETY

To Mrs Willard Ward.

MRS. WILLIARD WARD has been the guest of honor at a series of beautiful entertainments this week. On Wednesday Mrs. Moore entertained in her honor at luncheon, the guests being Mrs. Joseph Thompson, Mrs. Roby Robinson, Mrs. W. D. Ellis, Jr., Mrs. Thomas Paine, Mrs. Douglas Boyd, of Griffin; Mrs. J. Frank Meador, Mrs. Dunbar Roy. The table decorations were an artistic combination of white and gold.

Yesterday Mrs. Harry Jackson gave a delightful luncheon in compliment to Mrs. Ward, and last night Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Black gave a box party and supper afterwards in her honor.

A Violet Luncheon.

MRS. JOHN W. GRANT was the charming hostess at luncheon yesterday, the following ladies making up the congenial party: Mrs. William Lawson Peel, Mrs. Frank Ellis, Mrs. Albert Thornton, Mrs. E. C. Peters, Mrs. John Rommell, Mrs. James Gilbert, Mrs. Sam Inman, Mrs. Edward Brown, Mrs. Hugh Inman, Mrs. Robert J. Lowry, Mrs. W. D. Grant, Miss Lucy Inman, Mrs. Harry English and Mrs. E. R. Dubose.

The table decorations were an artistic arrangement in violets and maidenhair ferns.

To Miss Ada Alexander.

MR. AND MRS. ROBERT F. MADDOX have issued invitations to a card party next Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock in compliment to Miss Ada Alexander. Seventy-five guests have been invited, these including the unmarried set. Games will be played the early part of the evening and a delicious supper served at their conclusion.

Theater Party.

A NUMBER of theater parties were given last evening the boxes at the Grand presenting an unusually picturesque scene

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Maddox had with them, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Jackson and Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Richardson. A party of well-known Athens people, including Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hardeman, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Phinizy and Mr. Charles Webb.

Miss Helen Clark, of Chicago, was the guest of honor in Mr. Russel Hopkins' box. His party including Miss Speer, Miss Cook, of Washington, Dr. Robert Gramling and Mr. rench, of New York. Mrs. Bailey Thomas was the guest of honor in Mr. John Welch's box. His party including Mrs. Joseph Thompson, Miss Dooly, Mr. Charles Crankshaw, Dr. Willis F. Westmoreland..

Mrs. Willard Ward, of New York, was the guest of honor in Mr. Eugene Black's box. In the party being Mrs. Black, Mr. and Mrs. Wilmer Moore.

Another congenial party included Mr. and Mrs. T. D. Meador, Miss Julia Taylor, Dr. Hubbard and Mr. Percy Smedley Darlington, of Pennsylvania.

With Mr. Percy Adams were Dr. and Mrs. Walter Taylor, Miss Marguret Newman, Miss Rosalie Howell, Mr. Walter Kelly.

Miss Julia Porter and Miss Bob Venable occupied a box with Dr. Siler and Mr. Boswell..

With Mr. and Mrs. John Marshall Slaton were Mr. and Mrs. John W. Grant, Mrs. W. D. Grant and Judge Joseph Lamar.

Miss Burkett Entertained.

MISS BESSIE BURKETT was given a surprise party on Thursday evening by a number of her friends. The game of "hearts" was played during the evening. The ladies' prize, a beautiful water color, was won by Mrs. Robert Daniel; the gentleman's prize, a copy of Kipling's poems, was won by Mr. John McDonald.

Those forming the party were: Mts. Robert Daniell, Mrs. Allen, Miss Rebie Workman, Miss Herma Daniell, Miss Sadie Workman, Miss Louise Martin, the Misses Gwynne, Miss Julia Neville, Mr. Arnold Parker, Mr. Robert Daniell, Mr. John McDonald, Mr. Edgar Mathews, Mr. Carl Wesley, Mr. Charles Sears and Mr. Kitchens.

Delicious ices were served during the evening.

Musical Recital.

The recital which was to have been given by pupils of Mrs. Viola Hampton's music school, assisted by Mr. Dave Silverman, violinist, at Phillips & Crew hall on the evening of February 27, but which was postponed on account of inclement weather, will take place this evening at 8 o'clock.

The following are those who will take part in the programme: Misses Beulah Van Wormer, Rosalie Eubanks, Gertrude Allen and Mary Lou Baker; Messrs. R. E. Triggs, Walter Rodgers, little Miss Ruth Rodgers and Master Earle Cox.

Meetings.

Grace Epworth League will hold its regular monthly business and social meeting at the church this evening at 8 o'clock. This meeting was to have been held two weeks ago, but was postponed on account of the weather. Every one interested in Epworth leagues throughout the city is cordially invited to be present.

The ladies of the Maccabees will meet this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock in the studio of Miss Rose White, Steinhagen, 721 the Grand.

All members are urged to be present, as business of importance will be transacted.

Social Items.

Mr. and Mrs. Homer Dawson, after a most delightful visit of a month to St. Petersburg, Jacksonville, Tampa and Port Tampa City, Fla., are again at home to their friends at Hapeville.

•••

Miss Addie Horton, of Clinton, S. C., is the guest of relatives in the city.

•••

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hardeman, of Athens, are in the city.

•••

Miss Daisy Anderson, of Baltimore, is spending several days in the city.

•••

Mr. Ned Warren, of Cincinnati, spent yesterday in the city.

•••

Miss Lulie Roper is spending several days with Miss Rosalie Howell.

•••

Miss Susan Calhoun entertained the Junior Whist Club this morning.

•••

Mr. Anderson Jones, of Washington, Ga., is in the city.

•••

Mr. Fred Miles has returned to the city.

•••

Mr. Charles Webb, of Athens, is in the city.

•••

Mr. John Goldsmith returns to Richmond this week.

•••

Mrs. Joseph Boyd, of Griffin, is in the city.

•••

Miss Susan Calhoun leaves next week for a visit to Newnan, Ga.

•••

Miss Virginia Arnold entertained a few friends informally at whist yesterday afternoon.

•••

Mrs. Louis Kirk, of Cheyenne, Wyo., is the guest of Mrs. Joel Chandler Harris.

•••

Miss Charlotte Stewart is ill with the grip.

•••

Miss Ruby Kelly, of Monticello, Ga., is in the city.

•••

Miss Janie Speer will entertain at cards at an early date in compliment to the members of the Junior Whist Club.

•••

Mr. and Mrs. John E. Donalson have returned from Mexico and are at the Piedmont.

•••

Mr. Ronald Ransom came over from Athens to attend the Mansfield performance.

•••

Mrs. S. J. Simms and Miss Sara Simms, of Covington, are spending several days in the city. They are at the Piedmont.

•••

Miss Annie Wood, of Roanoke, Ala., is visiting her cousin, Mrs. Judge John R. Wilkinson, at her home, 70 Dixie avenue, Inman Park.

•••

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Phinizy, of Athens, are in the city, the guests of General and Mrs. Wright.

•••

Mr. Frank Orme and Mr. Charles McGehee will entertain at a box party Saturday night in compliment to Miss Helen Clark, the guest of Miss Janie Speer.

•••

Mr. and Mrs. James McKeldin entertains at a theater party this evening.

•••

Mrs. Marsh Sims and daughter, Miss Clifford Sims, of Washington, Ga., spent several days in the city last week.

•••

Mrs. Alfred Warren's card party yesterday afternoon at her home in Decatur was a lovely occasion.

•••

Mrs. H. D. Bell and little daughter, Constance, are in the city for several weeks.

•••

Miss Annie Wright, of Augusta, is the guest of her cousin, Miss Netta Russell.

•••

Miss Katherine Owensby, of Kentucky, will spend next week with relatives in the city.

•••

Mr. Fred W. Wray has returned to Baltimore.

•••

Mrs. Carlton Hillyer, of Augusta, returns home today.

•••

The Fortnightly Euchre Club was entertained this week by Mr. and Mrs. Colquitt Carter.

•••

Mrs. Charles Pratt left Monday night for Miami, Fla., to be present at the marriage of her daughter, Miss Bessie Richard, to Mr. Archer Sloan, of that city. The wedding occurred yesterday evening at the home of the bride's cousins, Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Thomas King.

•••

Miss Edythe Stephens, of New York, is in the city.

•••

The Friday Whist Club will be entertained today by Mrs. James Nunnally.

•••

Misses Mary and Louise Walton have returned to their home near Columbus, Ga.

•••

Miss Lucile Atkinson, of Newnan, is the guest of Miss Eva Wilby.

•••

Mrs. Hollister, of Michigan, supreme commander of the Maccabees, will arrive in the city on the 7th.

•••

Mr. Percy Smedly Darlington, of Pennsylvania, is in the city.

•••

Mrs. M. L. F. Rice, of Philadelphia, is the guest of Mrs. John Gramling.

•••

Miss Rhett Dargan entertained informally at a musicale Wednesday evening.

•••

Mrs. de Forrest Algood, of Griffin, spent yesterday in the city at the Piedmont.

•••

Mrs. T. S. Lewis is recovering from her recent illness.

•••

Colonel and Mrs. Robert J. Lowry will entertain at a box party this evening at the Bostonians.

•••

Miss Minnie Carrol has returned home.

AGE SAVED JOHN HOWELL.

Alleged Moonshiner Released by Judge Newman Without Trial.

The mountain winds will blow and the birds sing for old John Howell this summer. His eighty years saved him a jail sentence yesterday.

When his case was called in the United States district court Judge Newman took pity on him because of his age and released him.

"I'm John Howell," said the old man in response to the call of the case.

"How old are you?" asked Judge Newman.

"Wall, I reckin about eighty or eighty-one year old," answered the patriarch.

His voice quavered and had the peculiar crescendo of the aged. His hair was white and he leaned heavily on his stick. Judge Newman saw all these things and his tone softened.

"You had better go back home, old man; we don't want you here," he said.

Old John Howell bowed and leaning his weight on his staff passed out of the court room with slow and feeble step.

Shaw Won't Aid Wall Street.

Washington, March 12—Secretary Shaw has returned from New York. While in New York he looked into the money situation somewhat, but did not see anything in the present conditions to warrant inference on the part of the department. It is authoritatively stated that it is not his purpose, certainly not at present, to take any steps whatever in the matter.



A PAIR
THAT'S HARD TO BEAT

The pictures
Tell a good story
About the two leading hat styles—and while the season is only in its infancy, the hats have already fully demonstrated the popularity they are bound to enjoy.
In hatdom the derby is known as the "Prince Otto", and that swagger fedora you see on the youngster is called the "Savoy."



Order by Name. $3.

Daniel Bros.

1 to 5 Peachtree,
On the Bridge.

Sole Agents for L. ADLER BROS. & CO., Rochester, N. Y., and STROUSE & BROS.' "High Art Insured" CLOTHING.



"A world of facts lies outside and beyond the world of words."
Is there any new word in the dictionary that will do justice to our new spring suits? All the old adjectives seem so moth-eaten and rusty. Here are the new patterns, the new colors, the new cuts and every detail of new style; the make-to-order tailors can only imitate what is right here.

EISEMAN-WEIL
THE DAYLIGHT CORNER.
1 Whitehall St.

Exclusive Agents for W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES and CARHARTT OVERALLS.

CAPITAL STOCK TO BE DOUBLED

New Fire Insurance Company Will Authorize an Increase.

It is now proposed to make the new Atlanta-Birmingham Fire Insurance Company a million dollar company at once, and instead of $300,000 capital and $300,000 surplus, to make it $500,000 capital with an equal amount of surplus.

The call on the stock subscriptions already made is said to have resulted so favorably, and the business men of the south have received the enterprise with such enthusiasm, that it is believed there would be little trouble in raising the larger sum. Major J. T. Dargan, the promoter and organizer of the company, feels confident that the proposition to increase the stock and surplus will meet with a cordial and practical response from all over the south, especially in Atlanta.

The first formal meeting of the board of directors will be held in the Empire building in this city tomorrow for the election of at least temporary officers and to formulate and ratify plans of operation. The formal organization was effected in Birmingham Tuesday of last week, when the charter was accepted, some preliminaries arranged and the Atlanta directors elected. Yesterday another organization meeting was held in this city at which the Birmingham directors were elected. While no announcement was made, ten of them are probably from the directory of the Southern Mutual of that city, which is to be merged in the new institution. These will be in attendance at tomorrow's meeting with the Atlanta directors and others from other states.

Among the latter expected are A. Minis, of Savannah; Robert Keith Dargan, of South Carolina; Albert Godchaux, of New Orleans; W. S. Jordan, of Jacksonville, and Major E. B. Stahlman, of Nashville.

Beriah Wilkins Improves.

New York, March 12.—The condition of Beriah Wilkins, the owner of The Washington Post, who has been critically ill with paralysis since Tuesday at the Waldorf Astoria, was reported this morning to be further improved. It was said he was fast recovering consciousness.

ARISTOCRATS

Should Be Allowed Good Things as Well as Other People.

A Chicago lady visiting friends in Leon, N. Y., heard her hostess say one morning "All of the aristocrats on Allen Hill have discarded coffee and are using Postum Food Coffee in its place." It seems the doctor had advised the change as a remedy for different stomach and other disorders caused by coffee drinking.

"But when I first made it I was careless. It was only half boiled and drowned in water, so husband, after sipping it, pushed it back and said 'no more of that stuff for me.' I concluded it was not properly made and examined the package carefully, finding that it must be boiled 15 or 20 minutes after the real boiling begins.

"Next morning husband said 'You don't mean to tell me this is the same coffee you gave me yesterday, why this is fine.' He drank two cups and since that time we have used no other coffee, and both of us have made a decided improvement in health.

"I had suffered for a long time from dyspepsia, nervous prostration, poor appetite and the usual disorders of stomach and bowels, not knowing that coffee was the cause of the trouble. Not getting any coffee from my hostess, except the Postum, I not only found it delicious, but my appetite improved, the flatulence and stomach distress left me and I quickly began to gain in flesh. Now I am enjoying a degree of health that I never expected to attain.

"After I left home my brother who has been an invalid for some time broke down entirely. He was a coffee drinker, and had distress in his stomach always after meals. Finally his stomach refused to retain any food at all; then the doctor insisted on his leaving off coffee and using Postum. He drank Postum four times a day with rich cream and some sugar and absolutely no other food for several days, then he carefully added other food in small quantities and gradually began to get well. He now eats all kinds of nourishing foods and is again working at his trade." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

FOR KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS

Special Vespers Service Sunday Evening in Sacred Heart Church.

DR. JOHN E. GUNN SPEAKS

Knights of Atlanta Council, No. 660, Will Attend in a Body—Beautiful Music Arranged.

A special vesper service will be rendered at 7:30 o'clock next Sunday evening in the Church of the Sacred Heart on Ivy street for the Knights of Columbus.

A special sermon by Rev. Father Gunn, S.M., D.D., chaplain of Atlanta council No. 660, Knights of Columbus, and pastor of the Church of the Sacred Heart, the singing of Donnizetti's brilliant vesper service and the chorus singing of the 100 local knights will be the features of the service and will make one of the most attractive and beautiful services of the kind ever held in Atlanta.

The service next Sunday evening will commence at 7:30 o'clock. All knights will assemble in the college hall, immediately adjoining the church, at 7:15 o'clock and from there, headed by Grand Knight T. F. Corrigan, will march to the church, occupying seats in the central portion of the auditorium.

The full musical vespers will then begin. Donnizetti's brilliant setting will be used. The soloists will be Mrs. Goodloe Yancey, Mrs. M. M. O'Brien, D. McD. Parkhurst and Harry Hasson. These soloists will be assisted by the full choir of forty voices and the entire choir will be under the direction of J. Lewis Browne, Mus. Doc., the choirmaster of the Church of the Sacred Heart.

Immediately after vespers Father Gunn will deliver a special sermon for the Knights of Columbus, in which he will take occasion to say something of the origin and objects of the order.

This will be followed by additional brilliant music and there will then be benediction of the blessed sacrament.

At the close of the service the Knights of Columbus, in chorus, will sing their solemn Te Deum: "Holy God, We Praise Thy Name."

The service is to be participated in by knights of all degrees, who will assemble in the college hall at 7:15 o'clock.

If you desire a valuable champagne, send to your dealer for a case of Cook's Imperial Extra Dry.

OLD HATS CLEANED.
Reshaped, spring styles. Bussey, 28 1-2 Whitehall.

BUSINESS MEN ATTENDING.

Noon Day Lenten Services Attract Large Crowds Each Day.

The spiritual temperature of the gospel campaign now being waged at noon each day in the Block building seems to be getting warmer. Partitions have been knocked out and the seating capacity of the hall greatly enlarged, but the space was all taken yesterday and many of the most prominent business men of the city stood in the aisles.

Dr. A. R. Holderby, pastor of Moore Memorial Presbyterian church, was in charge of the service, opening it by directing the thought of the congregation to the necessity for concentration in prayer.

The singing is old-fashioned and hearty and overflows the building, inviting passersby to come in and join in the worship. It is better than ringing a bell, as would appear from the number of business men who crowd to the place. W. F. Grace, whose name seems to be singularly suggestive and appropriate, presides at the piano and plays with spirit and animation. Though his natural eyes are without power to see, one would judge from his playing that he has the "inner light."

There apears to be a studied determination on the part of the ministers to avoid anything that savors of sensation. How far they may be able to carry out their purpse remains to be seen.

The gathering of eager multitudes of business men at the noon hour for worship is so unusual in a busy city that it is likely, as Dr. Landrum said yesterday, to cause a genuine sensation of the right kind.

Today Rev. Dr. John E. White, of the Second Baptist church, will have charge of the meeting.

After asserting that a mistake had been made when it was declared that glanders is epidemic among horses in New York, the officials of the health department have decided that the disease is more prevalent than they had supposed. Energetic measures are being taken now to stamp out the disease and orders have been issued for the destruction of all horses that are found to have the glanders.

We can fit you.

Dorothy Dodd



A pair of Spring's delights, that's the Dorothy Dodd.

Oxfords--$2.50 and $3.00

Made with military, medium and full French heels, and with many a neat-turn in fine shoemaking, as surprising as pleasing.

No matter what your permanent shoe worries have become, there's a sure cure in the Dorothy Dodd. High or low cut.

No other shoe made for women so successfully surmounts the question of style, fit and wear.

Exclusive Sellers in Atlanta.

Keely's

RAIN PROMISED FOR TODAY.

Weather Man Says Conditions Will Be Unsettled for Some Time.

Rain is promised by the weather man for today.

The conditions have shifted back, says Forecaster Marbury, to just the same state as they were in during the long warm and dry spell which came on about a week ago.

Yesterday there was a slight change. The temperature was lower, the maximum being 66 degrees shortly after 3 o'clock in the afternoon. This was the lowest maximum temperature in some days. There was also no rain yesterday, though ominous clouds hung overhead all day long.

Forecaster Marbury says that he sees nothing to indicate settled weather for some time to come.

Millions Spent in Improvements.

The Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern railroad, after spending millions of dollars in rebuilding its roadbed, adding new and expensive equipment and shortening the schedule of its trains, is now prepared to offer the best service from Louisville and Cincinnati to Columbus, Zanesville, Wheeling, Pittsburg and other eastern points.

Its trains consist of elegant coaches, luxurious cafe parlor cars and Pullman drawing room sleepers. Persons contemplating a trip to the east or northeast would do well to write the undersigned for rates, time tables, etc

O. P. McCARTY,
General Passenger Agent,
Cincinnati, Ohio.

BACK TO THE WOODS.
The story of a fall from grace, by Hugh McHugh, author of "John Henry," "Down the Line with John Henry," "It's Up to You," etc. Just out, first edition 25,000. Sent post paid for 75c. John M. Miller Co., 39 Marietta st., Atlanta, Ga.

Extension of Observation Cafe Car Service.

Beginning March 11, the Observation Cafe Car heretofore running between Rome and Cincinnati, via Chattanooga and Southern Railway, on No. 14, and northbound on train No. 13 (The Florida Limited) is extended and will run between Atlanta and Cincinnati, thus enabling passengers to breakfast leaving Atlanta.

FLINCH, THE POPULAR GAME.
Get the cards at Turner's, 124 Peachtree St. Phone 64.

PERUNA, 64c.

Dr. Edmondson's Sarsaparilla, best blood medicine and spring tonic, large bottle and small dose	50c
Hood's Sarsaparilla	68c
B. B. B.	68c
Oxola	35c
Dr. Edmondson's Beef, Iron and Wine Ideal Tonic for ladies and children	50c
Moth Balls, pound	5c
Dr. Edmondson's Eczema Wash	50c
Dr. Edmondson's Laxative Grip Cure, cures in 12 hours	15c
Pond's Extract	35c
Dr. Edmondson's Quinine Hair Tonic, guaranteed to eradicate dandruff	50c
Bed Bug Killer, pint, bottle and brush	25c

FRANK EDMONDSON & BRO.,
Popular Price Druggists,
14 S. Broad St.,
'Phones 420.



BEST SET TEETH, $5.00.

Teeth Without Plates.	
(Bridge Work)	$4.00
22 kt. Gold Crown	$4.00
Porcelain Crowns	$4.00
Gold Fillings	$1.00 and up
Silver Fillings	50c and up

All Work Guaranteed.
Dr. E. G. Griffin's
GATE CITY DENTAL ROOMS.
803 and 804 AUSTELL BUILDING.

MRS. F. ROSA MONNISH, M. D
DR. W. A MONNISH.
Specialty, diseases of women. Twenty years' experience. Skillful and modern treatment. Graduates of American and European hospitals and colleges. Offices at residence, 349 Peachtree street. Entrance to offices, Forrest avenue. Bell 'phone 1343. Standard 537.

BULL DURHAM Smoking Tobacco, 49c lb.
Atlanta Soda Co.,
23 Whitehall St.

Charles W. Crankshaw,
Diamond Merchant and Jeweler,
Century Building, On the Viaduct.

..BASEBALL UNIFORMS..



Shoes,
Pants,
Shirts,
Stockings.

We handle the kind of uniforms used by the Atlanta league team.

We have just sold the Tech team, which shows we are headquarters for these goods.

Samples and prices furnished on application.

Anderson Hardware Co.,

33-35 Peachtree Street,
2-16 Edgewood Avenue.

Reach, Spalding and Victor Baseball Goods at Wholesale and Retail.

PACEMAKER VS. PACEFOLLOWER

Gussie Lawson Challenged Walthour to Defend Title to Championship.

Much interest is being manifested by Atlanta cycling fiends in the coming race between Bobby Walthour and Gussie Lawson, which will be run on the Coliseum track next Tuesday night, March 17.

Heretofore these two popular riders always have been linked together, Lawson as pacemaker and Walthour as pace follower, and it will be something new to the lovers of the sputtering motor to see them pitted against each other in a 15-mile motor paced race.

Lawson says he is going in to lick Walthour if it is posible for him to do so. He likes Bobby all right, but he has entered the pace following business with the object of winning, and Walthour will have to give an account of himself.

When Jack Prince came to Atlanta some years ago, and built the first Coliseum track, and when Bobby Walthour was just beginning his racing career as a sprinter, and was competing against Eddie Bald, Floyd McFarland, Jay Eaton and many other cracks of that day, Prince stated a number of times before the audience that in Bobby Walthour Atlanta would some day see the world's champion. As to how well his prediction has come true everybody knows.

Now Prince steps forth before the Atlanta people and makes another prediction, which is that Gussie Lawson is destained to become the world's champion.

Gus Castle backs this prediction up by saying there is no getting around the fact that Gussie Lawson's style of following pace is equal to any in the world. He has caught the "knack" of getting close to the motor, and the space between his front wheel and the rear of the motor would hardly admit the passing of a slip of paper.

This is the aim of all pace followers, and with all of the best men in the game this is what they strive for. Lawson has this down to a fine point, and among the best judges of riders today who have watched him on the wheel the opinion prevails that Lawson is a natural born pace follower. As for nerve, he has demonstrated this before the Atlanta audience time and time again in his superb work as a pacemaker, and carrying his man, Walthour, through tight squeezes, when it was nerve and a clear, level head that was needed.

There is no unfriendly feling between Bob and Gussie; on the other hand, both think as much of each other as brothers, but Gussie is in the pace following game to win, and his record so far entitles him to a call on Walthour for a race.

To win, even though it be only one heat from Bobby would mean worlds to him. He has ridden in Jacksonvillle in 1:27, which shows that he has speed.

Lawson is undoubtedly one of the best pacemakers in the world. He thoroughly understands all that is needed in pacemaking, and with this he has a slight advantage over Walthour. He is a fast rider, and with his speed he should put up one of the closest races ever seen on the Atlanta track.

This race takes place next Tuesday night, and the tickets will go on sale this morning at Folger Bros., at 9 o'clock.

In connection with the match race between Walthour and Lawson will be a 1-mile amateur handicap race, with entries limited to twenty riders, in heats and semi-finals.

Harry Caldwell and Bobby Walthour left for Jacksonville, Fla., last night, where they will meet this afternoon at 3 o'clock on the 8-lap track in that city in a 15-mile motor paced race.

Caldwell says he believes he can defeat Walthour on this track, since it is larger, and will permit a man of his weight to turn the curves at a faster rate of speed than on the Atlanta track.

TRACK IS CLEAR FOR STATE MEET

Three Colleges Will Contest at Athens on May Second.

Emory College, Oxford, Ga., March 12.—(Special.)—Manager Hull, of the University of Georgia, today notified the management of the Emory team that all obstacles to the Georgia-Emory-Mercer meet at Athens on May 2 had been removed.

The contracts have been signed by Manager Hull, of the university, and Manager Lee, of Emory, and are now in the hands of the Mercer management. All final arrangements for the meet will be made at once, as before this time it was not absolutely certain that the meet would come off.

The fact that the state meet is now assured will be heard with great interest throughout the state. Locally the enthusiasm over Emory's chances of success is unbounded, and the track candidates are working with a vim.

The basketball season will end Monday, the 16th of March, with the junior-senior game, which promises to be very exciting. Tomorrow afternoon a very good game is expected between the subfreshmen team and sophomores. The subs have shown unusual strength this season and intend to work their hardest tomorrow.

After Monday next all the baseball candidates for the class teams will be called out for practice. There is much new material in college this year, notably some good pitching material, and from the present prospects the baseball season this year at Emory college should be most successful.

Owing to the fact that the state track meet will be held on May 2, the local field day will be held on April 20, a few weeks earlier than in previous years.

MUCH INTEREST IN GOLF.

Piedmont Golf Club's New $1,800 Course Is Nearing Completion.

With the coming of the open weather the members of the Piedmont Golf Club are taking a more lively interest in their favorite sport. In a short time the new golf course at Piedmont park will be completed, and will be formally opened with a big tournament in which a number of Atlanta's crack players will take part.

When completed this will be one of the best golf links anywhere in the country. It will embrace about 2,500 yards. Eighteen hundred dollars is being spent in putting the course in tip-top shape.

In speaking of the matter yesterday F. G. Byrd, who is one of the most enthusiastic members of the club, said that he expected to see still more interest taken in this popular sport in the south. He stated that among the members of the Piedmont club were some of the best players of the country.

Much rivalry exists between the Macon Golf Club and the Piedmont, and several lively tournaments are scheduled for the summer.

ARMY MUSKET DEALS DEATH.

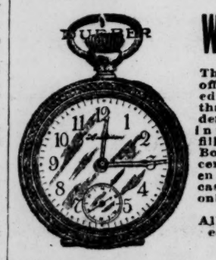
One Negro Killed and Another May Die.

Savannah, Ga., March 12.—(Special.)—The accidental discharge of an old army musket loaded with buckshot killed Ed Anderson, a colored boy, and Charlie Wilkes, another colored boy, may die from a wound just over the heart.

The weapon had been loaded by these two and Willie Wilkes near the city this afternoon. It was in Willie Wilkes' hands when it was discharged.

The buckshot went through the body of Anderson, killing him instantly, and one of the shot, after its passage through this boy, struck the other Kilkes boy.

SPECIAL SALE HIGH GRADE WATCHES.



This week we offer 21-Jewel-ed Elgin, Waltham or Hampden movement in 20-year, gold filled, Dueber Boss or Crescent 18-size open face case, only $21.75

All others at equally low prices.

KELLEY, The Jeweler,

55 WHITEHALL ST.

BUSH CUP HANDICAP TAKEN BY THE WAY

Easy Victory Scored By the Favorite in the Betting.

RACE WORTH ABOUT $2,000

Marshal Neil and Embarrassment Were the Only Other Favorites To Win—Peter Duryea, at 20 to 1, the Surprise of the Day.

New Orleans, March 12.—R. H. Clark's colt, The Way, a strong favorite in the betting, scored an easy victory in the Hush Cup handicap at 2 1-4 miles. The race was worth $1,680 to the winner, who also received a piece of plate valued at $300. Opening at twos, The Way was backed down to 7 to 5, the Corrigan pair, Zazel and Leflare, being next in demand a 3 to 2. Fuller rated The Way very cleverly through a mile and a half, worked his way up to the leaders on the final turn and came away at the end without an effort. Marshal Neil and Embarrassment were the only other winning favorites. The weather was showery and the track heavy.

FIRST RACE—One mile: Marshal Neil, 108 (Gannon), 1 to 4, won; Antonius, 108 (Fuller), 6 to 1, second; Insolence, 105 (Munro), 80 to 1, third. Time, 1:52 2-5. The Bouncer, Sir Fitzhugh, Luna Minor and Our Lady also ran.

SECOND RACE—Selling, 6 furlongs: Suburban Queen, 97 (Haack), 8 to 1, won; Russellton, 111 (Calvit), 40 to 1, second; Flora Levy, 89 (Wishard), 60 to 1, third. Time, 1:21 1-5. Mollie T, Miss Aubrey, Versifier, Rastus, Joe Buckley, Breaker and King Dodo also ran.

THIRD RACE—Seven furlongs: Embarrassment, 112 (Winkfield), 2 to 5, won; War Cry, 103 (Phillips), 7 to 1, second; Handspinner, 109 (Fuller), 13 to 5, third. Time, 1:38 1-5. Hand Organ, Pirate, The Skater and Sapere also ran.

FOURTH RACE—The Bush Cup handicap, 2 1-4 miles: The Way, 94 (Fuller), 7 to 5, won; Zazel, 96 (Davisson), 3 to 2, second; Leflare, 107 (Winkfield), 3 to 2, third. Time, 4:22 1-5. Major Mansir, Erne and Jessie Jarboe also ran.

FIFTH RACE—Selling, 6 furlong: Peter Duryea, 110 (McJoynt), 20 to 1, won; The Bronze Demon, 104 (Munro), 10 to 1, second; Blue Blaze, 105 (Phillips), 3 to 1, third. Time, 1:22 4-5. Sister Kate II, Moroni, Little Chico and Worthington also ran. Ben Frost pulled up.

SIXTH RACE—Selling, 1 mile and 70 yards: Illuminate, 99 (Fuller), 7 to 2, won; Star Gazer, 103 (W. Hicks), 16 to 1, second; Thurles, 99 (Tooman), 9 to 1, third. Time, 1:58 2-5. Marion Lynch, Charles D, Eliza Dillon and Glenzen also ran.

Today's Entries at New Orleans.

First Race—Purse, mile: Lady Mistake, 100; Pirate, 102; Duke Dashaway, Benefit, Safeguard, Spring Stead, Prince Eugene, War Cry, 106; Venus Victrix, Florham, Florrie S., 107; Anti Trust, 109.

Second Race—Purse, 4 furlongs: *Circulator, 104; *Mengis, 107; E. C. Runte, 107; Bird Pond, Becky Rice, Pastime, 109. *H. F. Griffin's entry.

Third Race—Purse, 5 1-2 furlongs: Lizzie Brooks, Topsy Over, 85; Imp Lady Winkle, 90; Centie, Mariam W., 95; Musical Slipper, 95; Fair Lass, Josette, 100.

Fourth Race—Purse, handicap, 7 furlongs: Bud Embry, 91;; Worthington, 94; Brush By, 96; Amigari, 98; Malster, Honolulu, 103; Censor, 104.

Fifth Race—Selling, mile and an eighth: Antagone, Ermack, 100; Ruby Ray, 102; Accodade, 106; Joe Doughty, Denny Duffy, 109; Latson, Charles D., Irving Mayer, Pay the Fiddler, 111; Kilogram, 114.

Sixth Race—Purse, 6 furlongs: Nimbledown, Insolence, The Boston, 100; Ran After, 102; Bummer II, Four Leaf C., Kiss Quick, 105; Lissome, Henry of Franstamar, Rastus, Velasquiz, The Black Scott, 107.

AT OAKLAND

FOUR RACES ARE TAKEN BY WELL-PLAYED HORSES

San Francisco, March 12.—Favorites again failed to land at Oakland today, although well played horses won four races. Raining; track muddy.

FIRST RACE—Selling, 7 furlongs: John Lemon, 106 (Donovan), 4 to 1, won; Honey Suckle, 101 (Knapp), 2½ to 1, second; Iras, 101 (Lewis), 15 to 1, third. Time 1:29. Alice Callahan, Master, Blissful, Batidor, Lady Gallantrie, Walter H ran.

SECOND RACE—Futurity course, maidens, purse: Instar, 109 (Bonner), 6 to 1, won; Von Zollern, 109 (Frawley), 7 to 1, second; Pickaway, 104 (Allarie), 30 to 1, third. Time 1:13 Swift Wing, Brennus, Baltest, Toto Gratiot, G. W. Tahern, Blue Miracle, J. Doherty, Modenta, Chemist, Sir Preston, Tuckback and Soso ran.

THIRD RACE—Mile and 100 yards, selling: Gronnock, 110 (Waterbury), 3 to 1, won; Fondo, 99 (J. Daley), 6 to 1, second; Star Cotton, 102 (Carson), 7 to 1, third. Time 1:49. Mission, Tufts, Cambaceres, Hutch Miller, Oso, Tenrica, Alturas and The Miller ran.

FOURTH RACE—Selling, three-quarters of a mile: Escalante, 108 (Bonner), 3 to 1, won; E. M. Brattain, 114 (Waterbury), 8 to 1, second; Hainault, 105 (W. Waldo), 2½ to 1, third. Time 1:14½. Sir Dugal, Pope Leo, Meehanus and Sweet Tooth ran.

FIFTH RACE—Mile, selling: James F. 83 (W. Daly), 4 to 1, won; Stunts, 91 (Bonner), 3 to 1, second; Mr. Dingle, 95 (Adkins), 6 to 1, third. Time 1:41 3-4. Harry Thatcher, Oriana, Light Ball, Past Master and Urchin ran.

SIXTH RACE—Selling, 7 furlongs: Snare, 96 (Reed), 8 to 1, won; Modisum, 101 (I. Powell), 7 to 1, second; Salver, 105 (W. Waldo), 4 to 1, third. Time 1:29. Ripper, Judge Voorheis, Prestolus, Horatius, Clausus and Mover ran.

Today's Entries at Oakland.

First Race—Futurity course, selling: Imp. Mildred Schultz, 106; Monteria, 104; Pupil, Bogus Bill, Gold Finder, Marineuse, I Do Go, Erema, Espirando, 108; Jennie Hughes, 105; Florinel II, 112; Montana Peeress, 97; Evander, Saul of Tarsus, Time Maker, 111.

Second Race—Seven-sixteenths, purse, maidens, 2-year-olds: H. L. Frank, St. Yuzef, Gipsy Ben, 109, Tannhauser, Keogh (formerly Echo), 105; Charlie Schweiner, Cayucos, Neko, Jack Morgan, Padua, 108; St. Francis, Quito, Emil, Whoa Bill, George Koesler, Sir Appleby, 112.

Third Race—Seven furlongs, selling: Helen Smith, 103; Myrtle H., Intrepido, Straight Shot, 105; I. O. U., Rud Hynicka, San Lution, 107; El Piloto, 115; Dark Secret, Choteau, Chileno, Arthur Ray, First Guard, 110; Buck Taylor, 108; Belle Street, 100.

Fourth Race—Six furlongs, handicap: Deutschland, *Nigrette, 88; Grantor, 103; Money Muss, 106; Beau Ormonde, 110; *Leader, 105; Mocorito, Americans, 104; Princess Titania, 109. *Jennings entry.

Fifth Race—Mile and three-sixteenths, selling: Castake, Lode Star, Frank Woods, 105; Expedient, 109; Fillbuster, 102; Bonnie Lissak, 103; Gold One, 107.

Sixth Race—Mile and a sixteenth, selling: Canejo, 107; Decoy, 109; Larry Wilt, Greenock, 108; Estado, 101; Oriana, 113; Tulare, David S., Light Ball, 105; Illowaho, 112.

Rural Routes for Laurens.

Dublin, Ga., March 12.—(Special.)—Rural Postal Inspector Charles W. Parker was in this county last week and as a result of his visit Laurens will soon have three new mail routes—one from Dublin, one from Lovett and one from Dexter. This will give Laurens county nine free delivery routes. The new system works like a charm here and the people are delighted with it.

CEYLON TEA

GREEN or BLACK

Stands all tests because it is pure and genuine tea. Its great popularity wherever it has been introduced is because it stands the crucial test—the household teapot—better than any other tea.

DIRECT FROM SUNNY CEYLON:

LIPTON'S CEYLON TEAS

World Renowned.

HIGHEST AWARD WORLD'S FAIR. GOLD MEDAL PARIS EXPOSITION.

Put up in quarter, half and one-pound air-tight tin canisters bearing planter's name. Never sold in bulk.

McCORD-STEWART CO.

Sole Distributors, Atlanta.

INSURANCE NOTES.

The executive committee of the Southeastern Tariff Association has just finished its labors in revising the general tariff, and the complete volume is now ready for distribution. The book is very thorough and contains schedules for every hazard in the south. Secretary Fleming issues a circular on the subject from which the following extracts are taken:

"Do not return to the association nor destroy the August, 1900, edition of 'Rates, Rules and Forms.' It is applicable and to be observed until the association revises town tariffs by application of the new general tariff.

"It was decided as advisable to publish the policy forms in a separate book for purposes of convenience. This new general tariff, as set forth in the two publications named, takes the place of all previous publications of a general character approved and promulgated by the association.

"No specific ratings on any class of risks, as promulgated in town tariffs or rate slips, are affected by this book, but all such ratings shall remain unchanged until the town tariff shall have been revised or the rating changed by publication, revision or amendment slip.

"For the information of companies we beg to advise that copies of both books above referred to will be at once forwarded to all local agents, representing association or cooperating companies, in the states of Virginia, North Carolina, Georgia, Alabama and Florida."

Many of the officers and managers of the S. E. T. A. have recently expressed the opinion that the annual meeting of the association should be held as usual at Old Point Comfort. Objection is raised to Washington because of the diversions of a large city, which impede and delay legislation. Old Point Comfort in May is a delightful spot, and it is hoped by underwriters that the executive committee of the association will consider it.

The S. E. T. A. has appointed a special committee to confer with a similar committee from the factory insurance association as follows: W. E. Chapin, ex-officio; S. Y. Tupper, George J. Dexter and Edgar S. Wilson. Complaints have arisen that the factory insurance association was soliciting risks not authorized under the rules and thereby injuring local agents and companies not connected with it. The conference committee of the two associations will, no doubt, present a report to the annual meeting.

Notice of the application for charter for the Cotton Mill Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Augusta, Ga., has been filed in the office of the secretary of state. The home office of this company is to be located in Augusta, Ga. The capital of the corporation is not given.

The cotton committee from the Southeastern Tariff Association for the years 1903 and 1904 is as follows: Milton Dargan, chairman; C. F. Low, C. H. Coffin, A. A. Wray, A. C. McIlwayne, F. C. Calkins and Dan B. Harris.

Frank J. McCarthy, who has been with the Southeastern Tariff Association for some time past assisting in the adjustment of rates in Virginia, has been promoted to a special agency of the association.

It is rumored in Atlanta that the Georgia Railway and Electric Company will materially reduce the amount of insurance on its Thurman street generating plant or may discontinue it entirely on the ground that the plant is practically fireproof. The rate on this plant was recently reduced by the tariff association. This company does not carry any insurance at all now upon its Butler street plant.

George E. Tarbell, second vice president of the Equitable Life, is expected in Atlanta by the middle of March. When he arrives a general southern convention of the agents of this company in Georgia, Florida, Alabama and the Carolinas will convene for several days.

The firm of Bagley & Willett, general agents for the Penn Mutual Life at Atlanta during 1902, lead all of the general agencies of the company in the volume of new business, and, with the exception of the home state of the company, Georgia led in the list. A number of changes have been made in the territory of this agency. W. C. Dobbins, formerly the superintendent of agencies, is now manager of the city department in Atlanta; J. E. Wilhelm is district agent for the territory contiguous to Atlanta and E. E. Kirby, formerly with the National Life, U. S. A., is a resident special agent.

Haas & McIntyre, who last year led the list of Atlanta local agents in premium receipts, have purchased the agency of Henry S. Jackson. Haas & McIntyre now represent the Royal, Liverpool and London and Globe of New York, North British and Mercantile, Commercial Union, Western Assurance, Philadelphia Underwriters and Greenwich Insurance Companies. The Jackson agency reported premiums received in 1902 as $29,969. The combined agency is now in its new offices in the Century building.

JUBILEE GIFTS TO HOLY FATHER

They Will Probably Be on Exhibition at St. Louis Exposition.

Rome, March 12.—Negotiations have been begun with the vatican with a view to securing the placing on exhibition at the St. Louis exposition of Pope Leo's jubilee presents. The American vessel which will transport the jubilee presents of Queen Victoria, which King Edward has promised to exhibit at the exposition, would call at Civitavecchia, the port of Rome, to embark the popes' jubilee presents if the negotiations are brought to a successful termination.

A "GYMNASIUM EVENING."

Members of Athletic Club Will Entertain Friends by Doing Regular Gym Work.

A "gymnasium evening" will be given at the Atlanta Athletic Club on the night of March 26, at which time friends of the members of this popular club will be invited to see the regular work which is done daily in the gymnasium.

The affair will be altogether informal, no special exhibition will be given, but the daily work, such as swinging clubs, boxing, wrestling, fencing and apparatus drills, will be seen.

Dr. Toepel, the physical director of the Athletic Club, will direct the work as he does every day. It will be an interesting sight to those who will be fortunate enough to attend, because of the fact that no special preparation will be made or training done, but the athletes will be seen just as they are every day in the gymnasium at the club building.

Manager George Adair, of the Athletic Club baseball team, stated yesterday that the club would have the fastest and best amateur baseball team this season anywhere in the south. About twenty members of the club are contesting for places on the team, and as soon as the business houses in the city begin to close at 2 o'clock in the afternoon on Saturdays hard work will be begun. Manager Adair has arranged for several games with Manager Powell.

Some time in May the Athletic Club will hold an outdoor athletic contest. Those among the members who enjoy outdoor contests will enter this, which promises to be of more than ordinary interest.

Putting the shot, throwing the hammer, sprinting 100 yards and 220 yards, standing broad jump, running broad jump and hurdling will be among the events.

A bowling contest at the club is also promised in the near future.

With the coming of spring the members of the Athletic Club are doubling their interest in athletics of all kinds.

A NEW BROKERAGE FIRM FOR ATLANTA.

A new firm has been added to Atlanta's business community. J. E. Crosland & Co., brokers and manufacturers' agents, seeking the advantages of a superior distributing point, have secured offices in the Century building. This firm will introduce new ideas in offering the Atlanta trade the products of leading manufacturers throughout the United States.

Mr. Crosland, who has just removed to Atlanta with his family, was until recently assistant general freight agent of the Plant system of railways, with headquarters at Savannah, Ga., and has been prominently identified with traffic affairs in the southeast for a number of years.

MAY GET HIS OLD JOB AGAIN.

Council's Finance Committee Considers Advisability of Again Making Collier the Tax Investigator.

J. T. Collier, who was formerly city tax investigator but who has of late been license inspector, may be given back his former job again. The office of investigator was abolished last year and at that time Mr. Collier was made license inspector.

The tax committee, of which Alderman LaHatte is chairman, has found, however, that the position of tax investigator was much more important than was supposed, and it has therefore requested the finance committee to appropriate a salary for the place in order that it may be recreated.

The finance committee considered the matter yesterday morning. Upon motion of Councilman Amorous, the question was referred to Chairman Inman with power to act.

TO DISCUSS CITY LIMITS.

Charter Revision Committee Meets Tuesday Afternoon and Will Hear from All Interested Citizens.

For the purpose of hearing from citizens of Atlanta and residents of outlying districts who have anything to say upon the proposition to extend the city limits of Atlanta, the charter revision committee, of which Councilman James L. Key is chairman, will meet next Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

The committee held a very brief session yesterday morning. It began at 10 o'clock and all members of the body were present.

The only discussion was regarding what should first be considered by the committee. Because some members believe that the city limits should be extended and because much of what goes into the new charter after that point have been determined will depend upon how the question has been settled, it was decided to first consider the proposed extension of the city limits and to hear from citizens upon the proposition next Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Does All But Open the Tomb.

I am a great sufferer from fall and winter colds, and until some one told me of Cheney's Expectorant I could find nothing to help me or enable me to sleep at night. This expectorant does it all.

M. DEIDRICH.
Milwaukee, Wis.

Flinch beats Euchre or Whist. Get the cards at Turner's, 124 Peachtree St.

To The Ladies . .



—OF—

OUR CITY AND VICINITY

Having received our New Spring Styles in the famous

Queen Quality

Shoes and Oxfords,

We earnestly solicit the favor of your presence, and an opportunity to demonstrate their merits.

The Shapes are new, handsome and distinctive. The leathers the latest and best.

Boots $3.00. Oxfords $2.50.

Daniel's Shoe Store,

32 Whitehall St.

Potts-Thompson Liquor Co.,

No. 9 North Pryor St., Atlanta, Ga.

Wholesale Dealers in Fine Wines, Liquors and "Budweiser" Bottled Beer.

Phones, Bell (Main) 48 . . . Standard 169

We carry in stock the best of everything in our line, and we are distillers of the celebrated STONE MOUNTAIN WHISKEY, the best grade of corn whiskey made in the world. Absolutely pure. Ask your dealer for it, and insist on having the genuine.

ORDERS FROM THE TRADE SOLICITED.

A WORD OF WARNING

The New Home Sewing Machine Co.,

ORANGE, MASS.,

Desires to warn its many friends against the reports of a malicious character that are being circulated by unscrupulous competitors to the effect that **The New Home Sewing Machine Company** "has sold out, or gone out of business, or joined a trust combination."

SUCH REPORTS ARE FALSE! *We have no connection with any Trust or Combination.*

We have, for over a quarter of a century been making the best family sewing machines ever put on the market, and they can only be bought from us or our authorized dealers.

The New Home Has Never Been Equaled.

Our lower priced machines are better than the higher priced machines of other make. Call and examine for yourself.

The New Home Sewing Machine Company,

ATLANTA OFFICE, EQUITABLE BUILDING.



SELECTING
FOR YOU

At our store when it comes to **Wall Papers.** We've done our part, it's your turn now, at this Spring Showing.

In selecting for your needs, we are not attracted by the **Too Fancy** kind.

CHARACTER

of design is what we select with just enough fancy effect to make it everlastingly pleasing to the eye. Price is an important consideration, but then we sell Wall Papers from 4 cents a roll to $1.00.

Georgia Paint & Glass Co.,

40 Peachtree.

Right Thro' to the Pacific.

Get aboard at Memphis or St. Louis. Get off at Los Angeles, San Francisco, or Portland, Ore.

That is what the Rock Island offers trans-continental travelers.

The trip is made in a comfortable tourist sleeping car. California Cars leaves Memphis and St. Louis every Tuesday and runs via El Paso; Portland cars leaves Thursday and runs via Denver and the Union Pacific Railroad.

All cars are in charge of an experienced excursion manager and make the trip in fast time and over the shortest route to the Pacific.

Extraordinarily low rates to California, Oregon, Washington, etc., February 15 to April 30. As an example, note that rate from Atlanta to Los Angeles or San Francisco is only $87.85.

Full information on request. Call or write.

Rock Island System

S. L. PARROTT,
TRAV. PASS. AGENT,
6 N. Pryor St.,
ATLANTA, GA.

NO DANGER FROM THE PUMP.

C. H. Anderson, the Expert, Declares There Is No Need for Alarm at the Present Time.

C. H. Anderson, of Lockport, N. Y., the special representative of the Holly Manufacturing Company, who is in Atlanta for the purpose of inquiring into the cause for the appearance of the cracks in the main braces of the engine, George Hillyer, at the Chattahoochee pumping station, has declared that there is no cause for serious alarm at this time.

He will make his report to the board of water commissioners during the next meeting. He will probably recommend decreased pumpage from the Chattahoochee station until a new engine can be installed at that place. This apparently indicates that he believes the cracks to have been caused by the unwarranted pressure that has been put upon the engine.

"There is no cause for serious alarm in Atlanta because of the cracks," he stated yesterday.

Mr. Anderson has made frequent visits to Atlanta since he came here to superintend the erection of the engines in 1892. He has made many friends in Atlanta who are always glad to see him again.

He Rolled a Perfect Score.

Joliet, Ills., March 12.—Louis Ludwig, a member of the Columbia bowling team, of Joliet, last night rolled a perfect score of 300 in a match contest.

Arkansas Sails for St. Louis.

Newport News, Va., March 12.—The monitor Arkansas sailed for Key West today, en route to St. Louis.

Big Four ROUTE.

Best Line to

CHICAGO

WESTERN AND NORTHWESTERN POINTS.

NO TRANSFER AT CINCINNATI.

Elegant Pullman and Dining Car Service.

W. PORTER BRAWLEY, T. P. A., CHATTANOOGA.

J. E. REEVES, Gen. Sou. Agt., CINCINNATI.

W. J. LYNCH, C. P. & T. A.

New Spring and Summer Goods.

SATZKY, Merchant Tailor,

37 N. Forsyth St. Prudential Bldg.

CLIQUE SUPPORT CAUSED LATE RALLY

Left the Market 1 Point Higher to 6 Points Lower.

ADVANCE IN SEPTEMBER

Receipts Turned Out Less Than Expected and Exports Were Heavy. Today's Estimates Heavy. Stock Market Closed Dull and Weak.

New York, March 12.—The cotton market opened steady at an advance of 2@3 points and worked upward a matter of 9@8 points under better Liverpool cables than were due on the New York close yesterday and continued flood reports. In the early trading the new crop months came in for special attention and the greatest advances were scored in the autumn positions on the ground that the recent unfavorable weather has greatly delayed planting and that consequently a late movement is probable. The main buying came from shorts, and when May had sold up to 9.86 and July to 9.65, long cotton began to come upon the market in large blocks, arousing fresh apprehensions among the smaller longs that the clique holdings were being liquidated. The weather south also showed signs of clearing up, leading to anticipations of an expanding movement, and the early estimates for the day's ports were considered liberal considering the conditions of the roads, as indicated by the statement from Washington postponing the March ginners' report to about April 1, for the reason, it is alleged, that the roads are impassable. Liverpool turned easier in the later trading, closing at a decline of 9 to 10 points against 6 1-2 to 7 1-2 points at the time of the local opening. The selling was further encouraged by the estimates for tomorrow's receipts at leading points and reports of labor trouble at certain New England centers, and as the decline progressed stop-loss orders were uncovered. After a loss of 13 to 19 points from the best had been recorded, the market took a fresh upward turn under renewed clique support and profit-taking by shorts. The port receipts turned out less than expected, being 18,148 bales against 21,300 last year, and the exports were heavy. There was a partial reaction under selling by longs and shorts. The market was finally stead net 1 higher to 6 lower, the advance being confined to September. Total sales futures estimated 450,000 bales.

Review of the New Orleans Market.

New Orleans, March 12.—The spot cotton market was decidedly quiet. The cloudy weather is unfavorable for the satisfactory inspection of cotton. The decline of 10 points in New York and the slump in futures caused a weakness in spots, which closed 1-16c lower on all grades with sales of 2,050 bales, including 500 to arrive.

Futures at the opening were 1@4 points higher, but under the influence of New York and Liverpool, options being decidedly lower at both points, the market here gradually gave way, the board at the close showing net losses of 5@7 points on all positions for March to October, inclusive. Trading light.

The Dry Goods Market.

New York, March 12.—The dry goods market has been dull, but no weakness in prices has been observable. Buyers have supplied themselves for current needs, and are not willing to contract ahead nor are sellers anxious to take orders for future delivery. Certain lines of bleached goods have been revised.

Following is the range of cotton futures in New York yesterday:

MONTHS	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Last Sale.	Closing bid.	Last asked.
March	9 88	9 88	9 75	9 79	9 79-86	
April					9 73-74	
May	9 80	9 86	9 67	9 73	9 73	
June	9 60	9 60	9 57	9 57	9 51-52	
July	9 59	9 65	9 46	9 51	9 57	
August	9 35	9 41	9 22	9 29	9 29-30	
September	8 84	8 91	8 78	8 83	8 83-84	
October	8 56	8 58	8 51	8 53	8 53-54	
November	8 50	8 50	8 42	8 42	8 45-47	
December	8 48	8 50	8 42	8 45	8 44-46	
January						
February						

Futures closed steady.

Following table shows receipts, exports and stock at all ports yesterday:

	RECEIPTS		EXPORTS		STOCKS	
	1903	1902	1903	1902	1903	1902
Saturday	20390	21296	45415	19898	780033	736594
Monday	21035	25300	31273	44734	762862	714538
Tuesday	38622	23006	29466	4895	710053	734300
Wednesday	23478	19165	47965	31823	681983	719275
Thursday	18148	21300	37738	10355	634557	722279
Friday						
Total	121783	110067	191879	111205		

The following were the closing bids for cotton futures in New Orleans:

March	9 67	September	8 29
April	9 67	October	8 46
May	9 69	November	9 35
June	9 69	December	9 36
July	9 71	January	
August	9 50	February	

Futures closed steady.

The Liverpool Market.

Liverpool, March 12—12:15 p.m.—Cotton, spot, quiet with prices unchanged; middling uplands 5.32; sales 6,000 bales; American 5,100; speculation and export 500; receipts 62,000; American 61,100.

Futures steneceasier.

	Opening.	Closing.
March	5 15	5 13-14
March-April	5 16	5 13-14
April-May	5 16	5 14
May-June	5 17	5 15
June-July	5 16	5 15
July-August	5 16	5 14-15
August-September	5 03	5 06
September-October	4 83	4 79-80
October-November	4 62	5 60

Futures closed weak and irregular

Hubbard Bros. & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, March 12.—A new factor today was the withdrawal of spinners from Liverpool, their purchase there being the smallest for many months. This, together with the weak market here yesterday, brought about a weak foreign market. At the opening the decline was not considered to equal the break here yesterday, and we had at first a substantial rally. The improvement did not last, as the outside selling orders on the better weather conditions brought a rapid decline, which was quickly rallied from time to time by the bull leaders, but somehow the local traders have obtained the impression that there has been heavy selling under cover. The market will now be governed by receipts. European spinners' action in falling back on their reserve supplies is a new factor against the market at these prices. At the close May was supported with the remainder of the list quieter. Liverpool is expected to be lower tomorrow. The spot market was dull at 10 points decline.

Southern Exchange Cotton Letter.

New York, March 12.—The liquidation of large lots of long cotton and short sales toward noon broke the local market belw 9.70. Sellers were extremely active all the way down from 85 to 9.68, where prices rallied and rose 10 points, only to be hammered down again by eager longs who still produced contracts for liquidation.

In the face of the decline which the future market has undergone of late it is no less remarkable that the spot market has been especially strong. Large shipments at the ports are attracting factors and exporters. Estimated ports 20,000, against 21,000 last year.

Bruce Jones & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, March 12.—Cotton futures opened steady, with the first call at slight advances, during the first few minutes' trading, prices reached 3 to 4 points net advance, and with the shorts hunting cover these figures were further improved upon to the extent of 6 to 8 points above yesterday's final figures. Advices from the flood districts were not quite as alarming as heretofore, but still were quite serious in tone. This influenced buying orders to a considerable degree. It became evident later, however, that the shorts were the best buyers, and with little to indicate that the bull clique were disposed to support prices, the support fell off, and sentiment became bearish. There was a steady feeling at the lower levels. Weather conditions were more favorable as a rule, but the reports from Texas and the Mississippi valley still cause some apprehension. The eastern portion of the cotton belt still reported rain. The movement continues liberal, and indications point toward a weekly movement of 145,000 at the ports. The speculative crowd in the local market were inclined to be rather nervous in the latter portion of the session, and although eral were less serious, though cloudy weather was still noted in some sections in the western portion of the belt. The eastern gulf states continued to report rain. The movement generally was of pretty good size and the indications continued to point to port receipts for the week of, at least, 145,000 bales. The speculative crowd in the local market was rather nervous at times in the latter part of the day, and while Wall street interests were inclined to buy May and July cotton outsiders through commission houses sold August and October cotton. Southern business generally went to the long side of the account. Liverpool news was bearish. Private advices stated the long interest was extant and that longs were having some difficulty in maintaining their position. Spot markets were fairly steady. Moderate demand from spinners and exporters. Mill reports were

FRANK HAWKINS, President. H. M. ATKINSON, Vice Pres. JOS. A. McCORD, Cashier. THOS. C. ERWIN, Asst. Cashier.

Third National Bank.

Capital, - - - - - - $200,000
Surplus, - - - - - - $150,000

DIRECTORS.

H. M. ATKINSON, P. R. A. W. CALHOUN, JOHN W. GRANT, E. B. ROSSER. FRANK HAWKINS, H. Y. McCORD, J. CARROLL PAYNE.

Letters of Credit and Foreign Exchange Sold on All Parts of the World.

JAMES SWANN, President. F. ROMARE, Vice-President. C. E. CURRIER, Cashier. H. R. BLOODWORTH, Ass't Cashier.

ATLANTA NATIONAL BANK,
ATLANTA, GA.
UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY.
Capital, ... $500,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits, . $290,000.00
DIRECTORS:
James Swann, P. Romare, A. E. Thornton, F. E. Block, S. M. Inman, C. E. Currier, H. T. Inman.
Accounts with individuals, firms, corporations and banks solicited. Issues letters of credit. Buys and sells foreign exchange.

THE SPOT COTTON MARKETS IN DETAIL

MARKET.	Tone.	Middling.	Net Receipts.	Gross Receipts.	Sales.	Stock.	EXPORTS TO Gt. B't'n.	Coastwise.	Continent.	France.
Atlanta	Dull	9¾	451	.....	.....	11.980	.....	.....	.....	.....
Galveston	Nominal	10	4.344	4,344	67	119.133	5.407	5.275	.....	.....
Norfolk	Dull	10	603	603	541	25.558	.....	830	.....	.....
Baltimore	Nominal	10¼	.....	450	.....	5.025	.....	.....	.....	.....
Boston	Quiet	10.15	930	4,880	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wilmington	Firm	9½	180	180	.....	6.627	11,867	.....	.....	.....
Philadelphia	Quiet	10.30	8	8	.....	3.992	.....	.....	.....	.....
Savannah	Quiet	9¾	3.342	3.342	.....	84.237	.....	1.370	6.671	.....
New Orleans	Steady	9 11-16	5.842	5.842	1.550	274.869	.....	.....	7.600	.....
Mobile	Quiet	9 9-16	281	281	100	15.107	.....	100	.....	.....
Memphis	Quiet	9¾	1.312	1.506	500	43.813	.....	.....	.....	.....
Augusta	Nominal	10	852	940	2.427	30.967	.....	.....	.....	.....
Charleston	Firm	9¾	29	29	.....	11.749	.....	117	.....	.....
Cincinnati	Quiet	10	93	93	.....	10.629	.....	.....	.....	.....
Louisville	Firm	9¾	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Louis	Quiet	9¾	50	2.509	.....	24.492	.....	.....	.....	.....
Houston	Dull	10	2.787	2.787	.....	31.199	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York	Dull	10.05	.....	2.037	1.153	89.966	3.354	.....	250	.....
Fort Townsend		.....	500	1.500	.....	.....	.....	.....	1.500	.....
San Francisco		.....	1.089	1.089	.....	.....	.....	.....	1.089	.....

Total receipts today, 18,148. Exports to Great Britain today, 20,628; to continent, 17,110. Stock, 654,559.
Consolidated receipts 5 days, 121,733. Exports to Great Britain 5 days, 83,399; to France, 34,503; to continent, 73,977.
Receipts since Sept. 1, 6,778,803. Exports to Great Britain, 2,283,917; to France, 679,028; to continent, 2,383,526.

OFFICIAL RANGE AND SALES OF STOCKS

Railway Stocks.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Cls. Bids. Today.	Cls. Bids. Yest'day.
Atchison	1.800	82¼	81⅞	81⅞	81⅞
do. preferred	1.400	97⅝	97½	97⅝	97⅝
Baltimore and Ohio	3.100	92⅝	92¼	92¼	92⅝
do. preferred	.....	.....	.....	92	92
Canadian Pacific	6,900	129	128⅛	128⅝	129⅛
Canada Southern	.....	.....	.....	73	73
Chesapeake and Ohio	400	46¼	46⅛	46¼	46⅛
Chicago and Alton	700	32	31⅝	31¾	31
do. preferred	100	69½	69½	69	69
Chicago and Great Western	1.700	24⅛	24	24	24¼
do. A preferred	.....	.....	.....	80	79
do. B preferred	600	39¾	39½	39¾	39⅝
Chicago and Northwestern	900	187	185½	186½	186⅝
Chicago, Term. and Trans.	200	16½	16¼	16½	16¼
do. preferred	400	29⅜	29½	29⅝	29⅝
C., C., C. and St. Louis	.....	.....	.....	91½	92
Colorado Southern	1.400	26¼	25½	25½	25
do. 1st preferred	400	66¼	66	65½	65½
do. 2d preferred	300	40	39	39½	39
Delaware and Hudson	700	170⅛	169	169½	169¼
Delaware, Lack. and West.	.....	.....	.....	255	255
Denver and Rio Grande	400	37⅛	37	37⅜	36⅝
do. preferred	100	86¾	86⅜	86½	86⅛
Erie	11.200	35½	34¾	35	35¼
do. 1st preferred	1.800	67½	66⅜	66¾	66⅝
do. 2d preferred	2.400	53½	52⅝	52⅝	53
Great Northern preferred	.....	.....	.....	192	190
Hocking Valley	.....	.....	.....	102	102
do. preferred	.....	.....	.....	97½	97½
Illinois Central	1.300	140	139¾	139¾	139¾
Iowa Central	800	37½	37	37	36½
do. preferred	100	67¼	67¼	66	65
Lake Erie and Western	300	43½	43	41	41
do. preferred	.....	.....	.....	113	113
Louisville and Nashville	2.600	119	118	118	117¾
Manhattan L.	19.700	143¾	142½	142⅞	142¾
Metropolitan St. Ry.	11.800	134¼	132	132⅝	134
Mexican Central	1.100	27	26½	26⅝	26⅝
National Ry. of Mexico	200	17⅝	17½	17⅝	17¼
Minneapolis and St. Louis	100	100	100	99	100
Missouri Pacific	10.500	108⅝	107¾	108	108⅝
Missouri, Kansas and Texas	1.100	25⅝	25⅜	25¼	25⅜
do. preferred	200	57	57	56	57
New Jersey Central	.....	.....	.....	177	175
New York Central	4.500	140	138¼	139⅜	138⅝
Norfolk and Western	2.200	71⅜	70⅞	70⅞	71¼
do. preferred	.....	.....	.....	89	89
Ontario and Western	2.500	30⅝	30⅜	30⅜	30⅝
Pennsylvania	13.950	144¼	143⅝	143⅝	144
Reading	4.900	59⅜	58	58⅜	58⅝
do. 1st preferred	100	84¼	84¼	84	84
do. 2d preferred	100	71⅜	71⅛	71½	71½
St. L. and San Francisco	1.400	79	78	77⅜	79
do. 1st preferred	.....	.....	.....	82	82
do. 2d preferred	400	70	69⅜	70	69⅜
St. Louis Southwestern	300	24⅝	24⅜	24½	24½
do. preferred	400	58	57	56½	58⅝
St. Paul	36.800	169¼	167⅝	168	168¼
do. preferred	300	190	190	188	186
Southern Railway	55.500	63¼	62	62	62⅜
do. preferred	4.000	32⅜	31¾	31⅞	32
Southern Pacific	200	94	93½	93¼	93½
Texas and Pacific	2.000	38⅜	37⅝	37⅞	37⅝
Toledo, St. Louis and West.	300	26¼	25⅝	25⅞	25⅞
do. preferred	100	42	42	41⅝	42

Railway Stocks.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Cls. Bids. Today.	Cls. Bids. Yest'day.
Union Pacific	43.700	92⅝	91⅝	91⅞	92¼
do. preferred	1.000	91¼	91	90½	90½
Wabash	800	28	27⅛	27½	28
do. preferred	2.400	49	48¼	48¼	48¼
Wheeling and Lake Erie	.....	.....	.....	23¼	23
do. 2d preferred	.....	.....	.....	32½	33⅓
Wisconsin Central	900	26¼	25	26	25
do. preferred	200	50	50	50	49
Express Companies.					
Adams	.....	.....	.....	215	215
American	.....	.....	.....	215	215
United States	.....	.....	.....	130	130
Wells Fargo	.....	.....	.....	220	220
Miscellaneous.					
Amalgamated Copper	77.900	75¾	74½	74¾	74¾
American Car and Foundry	1.200	39¾	39⅜	39½	39⅜
do. preferred	300	91	90½	91	90
American Linseed Oil	1.000	15	15	14½	14¾
do. preferred	100	40¾	40⅜	39½	39½
American Smelt. and Refng.	500	49	48¼	48¼	48
do. preferred	500	95⅞	95¾	95¾	95⅝
Anaconda Mining Co.	2.800	125	124	123½	121¾
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	3.200	65⅝	64¾	64⅝	64⅞
Colorado Fuel and Iron	1.000	65½	63½	63½	65½
Consolidated Gas	800	209	208¾	209	208¼
Continental Tobacco pfd.	700	115	114½	114½	114
General Electric	300	192¾	191	192	191
Hocking Coal	200	19¾	19⅝	19½	19¾
International Paper	500	17¼	17	17	16¾
do. preferred	.....	.....	.....	73	73½
International Power	400	54½	54	54¼	53¾
Laclede Gas	.....	.....	.....	99	99
National Biscuit	100	46¾	46¾	46½	46⅛
National Lead	100	25	25	25	25
North American	.....	.....	.....	105	105
Pacific Coast	100	64	64	64	65
Pacific Mail	100	36½	36½	36	36½
People's Gas	500	102	101½	101¾	101½
Pressed Steel Car	600	61¼	61	60¾	60⅝
do. preferred	.....	.....	.....	92	92¼
Pullman Palace Car	.....	.....	.....	220	220
Republic Steel	1.000	20¾	20¼	20¾	20
do. preferred	400	79¾	79¾	79¾	79
Sugar	33.100	125¼	123¾	124½	125¼
Tennessee Coal and Iron	1.500	63¼	62¼	62⅝	62¼
Union Bag and Paper Co.	200	12⅝	12½	12½	12⅝
do. preferred	.....	.....	.....	76	76
United States Leather	1.800	12⅝	12¼	12½	12⅜
do. preferred	400	92	91¼	91½	91⅝
United States Rubber	300	15½	15½	15¾	15⅝
do. preferred	.....	.....	.....	51	51
United States Steel	11.650	37½	36⅞	37	36⅞
do. preferred	8.285	86⅛	86	85⅞	86⅛
Western Union	200	89¼	88⅞	88⅞	88½
American Locomotive	800	28	27⅞	27⅞	28
do. preferred	400	94¾	94¼	94¼	93½
Kansas City Southern	100	31	31	30½	30⅞
do. preferred	200	55	54⅜	54½	55½
Rock Island	31.100	43⅝	42½	42⅞	42⅝
do. preferred	2.100	77½	76⅞	77⅛	76⅞
Va.-Car. Chem. Co.	1.000	.....	.....	62¼	61⅞
do. preferred	.....	.....	.....	124½	125
Seaboard Air Line common	.....	.....	.....	24⅜	24¼
do. preferred	.....	.....	.....	40¼	.....
do. bonds fours	.....	.....	.....	83½	83

Total sales for the day, 473,500 shares.

CLOSING BOND QUOTATIONS.

U. S. refunding 2s registered	107¼	Chicago, Mirn. and St. Paul gen. 4s	110⅞
do. coupons	107¾	Chicago and Northwestern consol 7s	131¾
U. S. 3s registered	107¼	Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific 4s	105
do. coupon	108	C., C., C. and St. Louis general 4s	100½
U. S. new 4s registered	135	Chicago Terminal 4s	84
do. coupon	136	Colorado and Southern 4s	89
U. S. old 4s registered	108½	Denver and Rio Grande 4s	98¾
do. coupon	109½	Erie prior lien 4s	98
U. S. 5s registered	103	do. general 4s	85¾
do. coupon	103	Fort Worth and Denver City 1st	110¼
Atch son general 4s	101⅞	Hocking Valley 4½s	107¼
do. adjustment 4s	91¼	Manhattan Gold convertible 4s	103½
Baltimore and Ohio 4s	102½	Louisville and Nashville unified 4s	100
do. 3½s	92⅝	Mexican Central 4s	77
do. convertible 4s	103	do. 1st income	26½
Canada Southern 2ds	105	Minneapolis and St. Louis 4s	101¾
Central of Georgia 5s	107½	Missouri, Kansas and Texas 4s	100
do. 1st incomes	75½	do. 2ds	80½
do. 2d income	37	New York Central general 3½s	103¾
Chesapeake and Ohio 4½s	104	New Jersey Central general 5s	131¾
Chicago and Alton 3½s	75¼	Northern Pacific 4s	103¼
Chicago, Burlington and Quincy new 4s	93¼	do. 3s	72¼
Norfolk and Western consol 4s	100		
Reading general 4s	96½		
St. Louis and Iron Mountain consol 5s	114		
St. Louis and San Francisco 4s	96⅛		
St. Louis Southwestern 1sts	86		
do. 2ds	83		
San Antonio and Aransas Pass 4s	88		
Southern Pacific 4s	90½		
Southern Railway 5s	117		
Texas and Pacific 1sts	119		
Toledo, St. Louis and Western 4s	76¾		
Union Pacific 4s	102		
do. convertible 4s	102¾		
Wabash 1sts	116		
do. 2ds	107		
do. debenture Bs	80		
West Shore 4s	110½		
Wheeling and Lake Erie 4s	90½		
Wisconsin Central 4s	91		
Continental Tobacco 4s	62¾		
Colorado Fuel convertible 5s	88¾		
Pennsylvania convertible 3½s	101⅝		

Wall street bought the early months, the outside were selling the latter positions through commission houses. Private advices from abroad were to the effect that a large long interest was still extant there. Spots were fairly steady at the centers of trade, but spinners were moderate buyers. The market was active during the greater portion of the day, and scalpers reaped the benefits of the wide fluctuations in the market. We have persistently advised our customers that the present market was a "money maker" in the way of scalping operations, and no better demonstration of this is necessary than a glance at today's market fluctuations. We advise purchases on all weak spots.

Baxter & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, March 12.—There was a slight improvement in cotton in the early market, when it was seen that Liverpool had not weakened to any great extent. In that market there was 6 to 8 points decline when New York opened, but spots held their own, while receipts of 61,000 at Liverpool helped to swell the stocks at that point. New York hesitated somewhat because of better weather in the south. Rain fell today only at a few points, and was in no instance heavy, while the early forecast was for fair weather in all directions. Everything now depends on the action of parties in control of actual cotton. It was expected that these would let go when sooner; in fact, when prices were 1-2c lower, and it is now a question whether they will hold on until they are 1-2 to 1c still higher. The only thing against the market is the possibility of increased receipts, but then again the high rivers in the southwest may more than offset these. Taking this into consideration, an upward tendency set in after the opening and shorts covered pretty freely, but after advancing 6 to 7 points the market broke 18 points on stop orders when a recovery followed. Cables were 9 to 10 points lower. Port receipts 18,148 against 21,300 last year.

Atlanta Brokerage Co.'s Cotton Letter

New York, March 12.—Cotton futures in the local market today opened steady in tone with first prices at a small advance averaging 2 to 3 points. In consequence of covering by shorts, the market maintained a firm tendency for a time and prices advanced some 6 to 8 points. The flood outlook, while figured to be improved by many, was regarded as still quite serious by a few, and the buying as a result was a help. However, it became apparent that shorts were the best buyers and with no indications that the old clique was disposed to support its position on the long side of the account sentiment soon became bearish and the market declined appreciably. There was a steadier feeling on the reaction theory, but their buying was not of the aggressive type, and as the day wore on there was more or less irregularity. The weather conditions were regarded as more favorable as a whole, but the conditions in Texas and the Mississippi valley in general were not especially new features. At the close the general feeling in the pit was rather mixed.

Foreign Finances.

London, March 12.—Consols for money 91 7-16; consols for account 91 5-8. Atchison 83 5-8; Atchison preferred 100; Illinois Central 143; Louisville and Nashville 112.

Bar silver weak at 22 5-8d per ounce.
Money 3 1-2@4 per cent.
Short bills 3 3-4@3 7-8; three months' bills 3 3-4@3 3-16.

Gold premiums: Buenos Ayres 127.30; Madrid 33.92; Lisbon 25.

The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

Total reserve, increase, £515,000; circulation, decrease, £235,000; bullion, increase, £180,000; other securities, decrease, £1,474,000; other deposits, decrease, £2,108,000; public deposits, increased, £1,253,000; notes reserve, increase, £488,000; securities, increase, £104,000.

The proportion of the Bank of England's reserve to liabilities this week is 47.08 per cent, as compared with 45.34 per cent last week.

The rate of discount is unchanged at 4 per cent.

Paris, March 12.—Three per cent rentes 100 francs; 10 1-2 centimes for account.

The weekly statement of the Bank of France show the following changes:

Notes in circulation, decrease, 71,400,000 francs; treasury accounts current, increase, 54,125,000 francs; gold in hand, decrease, 5,075,000 francs; bills discounted, increase, 24,250,000 francs; silver in hand, increase, 475,000 francs.

Berlin, March 12.—Exchange on London 20 marks, 52 pfennings for checks. Short bills 1 3-4; three months' bills 2 1-2 per cent.

Naval Stores.

Savannah, March 12.—Turpentine firm at 65; receipts 51; shipments 57; exports 173. Rosin firm; receipts 1,426; sales 775; exports 845. Quote: A B C D E F 42; G $2.15; H $2.40; I $2.85; K $3.20; M $3.40; N $3.60; windowglass $3.85; waterwhite $4.25.

Charleston, March 12.—Turpentine firm. Rosin firm; A B C D E F $1.95; G $2.05; H $2.35; I $2.80; K $3.15; M $3.35; N $3.55; windowglass $3.80; waterwhite $4.20.

Wilmington, N. C., March 12.—Spirits turpentine firm at 65; receipts 12 casks. Rosin firm at 22; receipts 353 barrels. Crude turpentine firm at $2.40@4; receipts 95 barrels. Tar firm at $1.65; receipts 65 barrels.

Coffee and Sugar.

New York, March 12.—Coffee, spot Rio steady; No. 7 invoice 5 3-4; mild quiet. The market for coffee futures opened steady at a partial advance of 5 points. Foreign market news was irregular, but the rate of Brazilian exchange was again advanced, the interior Santos receipts were smaller, and shortly after midday the bull clique was a buyer of the near months, so that the market, while at times irregular, was finally steady net 5 points higher; sales 4,700 bags, including March at 4.30@4.35; May 4.50@4.55; July 4.70; September 4.85@4.90. Sugar, raw steady. Refined steady.

New Orleans, March 12.—Sugar steady; open kettle 2 3-4@3 3-8; open kettle centrifugal 3 1-8@3 3-4; centrifugal whites 4 5-16; yellow 3 5-8@4 1-16; seconds 2 1-8@3 1-2. Molasses, open kettle nominal at 13@26; centrifugal 6@18. Sirup nominal at 19@24.

Allen-Miles Co.'s Hide and Leather Letter.

Chicago, March 12.—Packer hides dull for February heavy native steers and cows; steady for light Texas steer hides and light native cow hides. The receipts of cattle are smaller at the close of the week, but this week's receipts will be larger than a year ago. Bids of 8 3-4c declined for 10,000 December, January and February branded cows; but late January and February are offered at these prices. No sales of packer hides reported today. Country market quiet, but dealers less disposed to offer light hides. As a canvass of country points indicates light receipts in the near future and consequently firmer prices, it is generally supposed large dealers here are accumulating hides with expectations of obtaining higher prices soon. One small dealer reports sale of one car buffs at 8 1-4c, which cannot be verified. Heavy steers and cows continue dull easy, but buyers in daily expectation of a sale of calfskins at a further advance. Eastern tanners still talking bearish, but refuse to make offers, but large Ohio dealers have been buying in Michigan this week at prices which necessitate their getting higher figures. One Indiana dealer asks 8 5-8c for a car of buffs.

The Metal Market.

New York, March 12.—Tin advanced 10s in London to £140 5s for spot and £138 10s for futures, was irregular and unsettled but held higher locally with spot closing at $30.60@31.25.

Copper had a sensational day in London, prices there being rapidly advanced, and the market closed net 25s higher at £66 10s for both spot and futures. The local copper market was higher today, but continued unsettled and nominal. Standards are quoted at $14; lake and electrolytic at $14.75@15; casting at $14.62½@15.

Lead was unchanged in New York at $4.37½, while in London it was advanced 2s 6d to £15 15s.

Spelter also advanced 2s 6d in London, closing there at £23 2s 6d, but here it remained unchanged at $5.20@5.25.

Iron closed at 56s 6d in Glasgow and at 51s 7½d in Middlesboro. In New York iron was quiet and unchanged: No. 1 foundry, northern, $24@24.50; No. 1 southern, and No. 1 do soft, $23.50@24.50; No. 2 foundry, northern, $22@22.50. Warrants continue nominal.

St. Louis, March 12.—Lead firm at $4.27½. Spelter strong at $5.

GRAINS WERE DULL, PROVISIONS EASIER

Wheat Opened Firm On Higher Cables and Colder Weather.

SELLING GENERAL AT CLOSE

Closed 3-8 to 1-2c Lower—Corn Was Dull with Prices About Steady. Oats Exceedingly Dull—Provisions Were Easy and Lower.

Chicago, March 12.—Dullness prevailed in the grain pits today and after holding fairly steady the greater part of the session wheat closed weak with May 3-8@1-2c lower. May corn was 1-8c lower, but oats were 1-8@1-4c higher. Provisions were easier, the May products closing unchanged to 15c lower.

Wheat opened firm on higher cables and colder weather in the northwest, May being unchanged to 1-8c higher at 75 3-8@75 1-2c. The strong close at Paris caused a fair amount of buying and the price advanced to 75 3-4c, but with light trade and with no especial demand from foreigners the market eased off. Just before the close there was general selling of May, and the price broke to 74 7-8c, and final figures were at 74 7-8@75c, a loss of 3-8@1-2c. Clearances of wheat and flour were equal to 280,000 bushels. Primary receipts were large at 434,000 bushels, compared with 448,000 the corresponding time last year. Minneapolis and Duluth reported receipts of 308 cars, which, with local receipts of 20 cars, none of contract grade, made total receipts for the three points of 328, against 313 last week and 422 a year ago.

Trading in corn was dull and prices ruled about steady. No outside business of any importance developed, and local traders showed little disposition to trade one way or the other, all waiting for some of the leaders to show their hand. Predictions of colder weather induced some selling early and the market eased a little, but remained comparatively steady the remainder of the session. The close on May was 1-8c lower at 47 1-2@47 5-8c after the price had ranged between 47 3-8@47 3-4c. Local receipts were small at 237, none of which were contract.

Oats were exceedingly dull and the market was without any further feature. Prices ruled steady throughout the day, the late break in wheat having no influence on this. May closed 1-8@1-4c higher at 34 3-8c after selling between 34 5-8@34 7-8c. Local receipts were small at 196 cars.

Following a firm opening in provisions on the strong hog market, the whole list receded, traders being disposed to raid the market, thus forcing out a number of stop-loss orders. Good buying of lard and ribs by packers caused a rally, but close was easy with May pork off 15c at the advance was only temporary and the $18.17 1-2; May lard was down 7 1-2c at $10.15, and ribs were unchanged at $9.97 1-2.

Estimated receipts for tomorrow: Wheat, 15 cars; corn, 225 cars; oats, 190 cars; hogs, 15,000 head.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

Articles.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
WHEAT—				
May	75½	75¾	74	75
July	72⅛	72½	72¾	71⅞
September	70⅝	70⅞	70¼	70⅜
CORN—				
March	.....	.....	.....	45½
May	47⅜	47⅜	47⅜	47⅝
July	44⅞	44⅞	44⅜	44⅜
September	43⅞	43⅞	43⅜	43⅜
OATS—				
March	.....	.....	.....	33¾
May	34¾	34¾	34⅝	34¾
July	31⅝	31⅝	31⅜	31½
September	28¾	28¾	28⅜	28⅝
MESS PORK—				
May	18.35	18.35	18.10	18.17½
July	17.85	17.87½	17.62½	17.67½

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To Sell Real Estate
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WANTED—Good, reliable party to organize stock company for the manufacture of family medicines and physicians' supplies; fine locality. "Pharmacist," care Constitution.

WANTED—Young man with fair knowledge of double entry books; quick, accurate in figures; position permanent. Address in own hand with reference and salary expected. B. Smart, Constitution office.

YOUNG MAN with some cash for gents' furnishing department.
Stenographer for railroad office.
Coat maker.
Three commercial stenographers.
The Empire Business Bureau, Grant bldg.

WANTED—Job printers; good salaries; permanent position. Apply Foote & Davies, 65 E. Alabama st.

A FINE POSITION—The Southern Shorthand and Business University, this city, is daily placing young people in fine positions. Learn bookkeeping and shorthand and then get the assistance of this reputable school in securing a position. Catalogue free.

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WANTED—At once, experienced collar and cuff girl. Trio Steam Laundry.

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SCIENTIFIC facial and scalp treatment, hairdressing, manicuring, etc., at the New York Rejuvenating Parlors, No. 58 1-2 Whitehall. Bell 'phone 3573. (Over Wiley's.)

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OFFICE or desk room for rent. Call at 627-628 Empire bldg. 3-11-tf

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that I will apply at the next regular meeting of the city council for a wholesale liquor license at 27 East Alabama street. Harry Moses

NOTICE—I will apply at next regular meeting of council for retail beer license at 300 Marietta st. John Benson.

NOTICE—At next meeting of general council I will apply for wholesale beer license at 51 So. Broad street. J. R. Seawright.

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LOST—One ladies' plain gold double-case watch, Elgin movement, with monogram "D. T. C." on case and "Dorothy Colquitt" engraved in back of case. Also ladies' black leather silver-mounted pocketbook containing small sum of money and above described watch. Reward will be paid for return to P. S. Arkwright, 202 Empire bldg.

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FREE for the asking, sample card containing 14 of the famous Tuxedo aluminum pens; they are made with perfect round points, will not spurt the ink or stick in paper. We are sole agents for the state of Georgia. Foote & Davies Co., 65 E. Alabama street.

PARTIES wishing cuts for catalog and high class printing can find them in our establishment. We make the finest half-tones and zinc etchings. For prices and further information address Southern Engraving Company, Atlanta, Ga.

WE are especially prepared to make newspaper cuts. In order that a half-tone may show up well in the newspaper it must be made especially for printing of that character. Our newspaper half-tones receive the highest praise by publishers generally. For price and further information address the Southern Engraving Company, Atlanta, Ga.

DON'T forget that we have the best loose leaf system on the market. Call and let us convince you. Foote & Davies Co., 65 East Alabama street.

SECOND-HAND woodworking machinery and iron machine tools. Richards Machine Company, 64 South Forsyth street, Atlanta, Ga.

AUTOMOBILES, bicycles, sundries and repairs. Aleander-Elyea Co., the largest bicycle supply house in the south. 35 N. Pryor st.

75 WALTHAM and Elgin watches. Will close them out at $3 to $5 this week. F. L. Williams, jeweler, 97 Decatur street.

FOR EXCHANGE—REAL ESTATE

UNINCUMBERED property to exchange for equities; farm for city property; vacant for improved; residence for investment, and vice versa. For exchanges, see Chas. P. Glover, 716 Prudential bldg.

WAGONS AND CARRIAGES.

FINLEY CARRIAGE CO.—Rubber vehicle tires, complete stock carriages and delivery wagons. Special prices and trems. Depot wagons a specialty.

HIGH-GRADE pleasure and business vehicles made to order on short notice. Repairing promptly and neatly done. C. T. Heniger, 62 North Broad. 'Phone 3378.

FURNITURE.

THE cheapest place to buy furniture, mattings, rugs on cash or easy payments. J. C. & J. G. Evins, 73 Whitehall.

THE CHEAPEST place in Georgia to buy furniture. Robison's, 18 E. Hunter.

FOR RARE bargains in furniture and house furnishings, cash or credit, call on Bazaar Furniture Co., 39 W. Mitchell.

MONEY TO LOAN.

SPECIAL home money to loan at 5 per cent in sums to suit without delay. R. M. Gann, 328 Empire.

ATLANTA Banking and Savings Co., 216 Century building, buys purchase money notes. Loans on real estate.

NOTES.
MORTGAGES.
ANY GOOD PAPER.
MANAGER, 511 LOWNDES BLDG.

WEYMAN & CONNORS, 825 Equitable building, have money to lend on city property at 5, 6 and 7 per cent. Money on hand for those desiring quick loans.

REAL ESTATE mortgages and notes negotiated on city property. S. B. Turman, 16 South Broad street.

R. C. DeSAUSSURE, Room 46 Inman building, real estate loans.

SPECIAL home funds to lend; any amount; 5 and 6 per cent. Write or call. S. W. Carson, 6½ South Broad.

MONEY supplied salaried people without security. Largest business, 42 principal cities. Tolman, 624 Austell building

QUICK LOAN at low rates on property anywhere convenient to Atlanta. W. P. Pattillo, second floor, Gould building.

MONEY ADVANCED responsible salaried people without security. American Discount Co., No. 510 Lowndes bldg. tf

$50,000 TO LOAN at small rate of interest in amounts of $500 and upward on good city property. No delay; money on hand. G. J. Dallas, 19 South Broad.

$1,000 TO $5,000 to loan at very low rate of interest on real estate security. S., care 419 Empire bldg.

IF YOU wish to borrow money on your salary without security, see Jackson Loan Co., 7½ 1-2 Peachtree st.

MONEY ADVANCED, SALARIED PEOple, without security; easy payments. Union Investment Company, 515-516 Empire building.

$20,000 TO LEND on Atlanta real estate at 6 per cent. Home funds. John Carey, 18 East Alabama street, Century Building.

LOANS, without real estate, mortgage, salary orders or collateral. 416-417 Empire building.

5 AND 6 PER CENT money to loan on city property; any amounts; no delay. Charles Herman, 202-3 Temple Court bldg.

CHEAP local and eastern money for quick loans. Edwin P. Ansley, 6-8-10 E. Alabama st.

WE MAKE LOANS
WITHOUT REAL ESTATE
WITHOUT MORTGAGES
WITHOUT SALARY ORDERS
WITHOUT COLLATERAL.
ATLANTA DISCOUNT CO., 817 and 818 Century Bldg.

TYPEWRITERS AND SUPPLIES

TYPEWRITERS, new and second hand, especially "Williams." Hardin Co., 78-80 Peachtree, largest dealers and best repairers south.

HAVE you seen the new No. 7 Blickensderfer? Guaranteed to do more and better work than any machine made. K. M. Turner, general southern agent. No. 124 Peachtree street, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—We sell hundreds of typewriters, all makes; more than any other typewriter house south. Every one guaranteed. Write for catalogue, prices, terms. Established 14 years. Big bargains. The Myers Co., Nashville, Tenn.

COAL AND WOOD.

$5.50—By mentioning this ad. you can get a ton of best Jellico lump coal for $5.50. I handle only the best grades. Henry Meinert, 516 Marietta st. Both 'phones 1787.

IRON BROKERS

WE carry in stock light rail, hoisting engines and boilers, piping, etc., for contractors' use. R. S. Armstrong & Bro.

DYEING AND CLEANING.

SOUTHERN DYE AND CLEANING WORKS, main office 38 N. Forsyth st. Skilful, prompt and reliable.

JEWELRY AND SILVERWARE.

PRIZES—Hat pins, belt pins, vases cologne bottles, novelties suitable for whist prizes or gifts. Everything sterling. Prices very low, at Holzman, 71 Whitehall street.

200 GILBERT'S ALARM CLOCKS, guaranteed, regular price $1.50, will close out at 75c. B. Goldin, 24 W. Mitchell st.

FOR RENT—HOUSES, ETC.

GET our weekly rent bulletin giving descriptions of everything to rent. We move tenants free; see notice. John J. Woodside, Renting Agent, 50 N. Broad.

OFFICE SUPPLIES.

WANTED—You to know that we are sole agents for the state of Georgia for the Tuxedo aluminum pens; get our sample card and try them. Foote & Davies Co., 65 E. Alabama street.

EXPERT ACCOUNTANTS.

THE Haltiwanger-Sheldon Audit Co., 1219 Empire bldg., Bell 'phone 1196, will audit your books, make trial balances, annual statements ,or do special work. References: Banks and merchants of Atlanta.

ELEVATORS.

MORSE, WILLIAMS & CO., manufacturers of freight and passenger elevators. Repairs and inspection a specialty. 56 South Broad street, Atlanta.

RESTAURANT.

IF YOUR FOOD does not taste good and you wish something to hit the spot, try Vignaux's Restaurant, 15 South Pryor.

SIGN PAINTING.

WELLS SIGN COMPANY,
SIGN PAINTERS;
FROM THE CHEAPEST "THAT'S GOOD" TO THE "BEST THAT'S MADE."
31-2 NORTH BROAD STREET.
BELL 'PHONE 509.

M. R. HAMMOND, successor to Hammond Sign Co., signs of all kinds painted. 41 1-2 S. Broad. Bell 'phone 1141.

CARRIAGE HARDWARE.

W. M. SPRATLIN, 92-94 South Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga., carries in stock a full line of wagon and carriage hardware, such as wheels, rims, shafts, spokes, hubs, iron, steel, axles, bolts, etc. Also buggy tops, cushions, backs, rubber and enamel goods and blacksmith tools. White for price list.

SEALS, STAMPS, STENCILS.

ALUMINUM trade checks, badges, daters, pads, door numbers. Bennett's.

DEPOSIT BOXES.

YOU should keep your bonds, deeds, insurance policies and all valuable papers in a safety deposit box in our burglar and fireproof vault. Trust Company of Georgia, first floor Equitable building, a modern fireproof structure.

WALL PAPER.

ROOMS papered for $3; high grade molding 2 cents a foot. Gate City Paint Co., 118 Whitehall.

SEE my new line of paints and wall paper before you buy. A few more rooms of the fine paper at prices of cheap paper. D. J. Sanders, 133 Whitehall st.

CIGAR MANUFACTURE

EL TEDESCO CIGAR CO., 53 1-2 East Alabama street, manufacturers of clear Havana cigars. Leading brands; El Tesdesco, Standartee, Nosotros, La Calma, La Granoella, Little Havana.

SEED.

E. D. DAVIS, garden and field seed; red and white onion sets; Maine seed potatoes; mail orders promptly filled. 250 Peters, 155 Decatur.

SWEET peas now ready; also garden peas, onion sets, spinach. Mark W. Johnson Seed Co., 35 South Pryor street.

MARBLE AND GRANITE.

20 PER CENT off during this month on all monuments in stock. Cherokee Marble and Granite works, cor. Hunter st. and Piedmont ave.

FOR BEST work at lowest prices in monument and cemetery work call on Atlanta Marble and Granite Co., 72 E. Hunter.

MOVED.

WHITTEMORE Optical Co., has moved to 103 Peachtree, opposite Piedmont hotel; eyes tested and repairing promptly done. 103 Peachtree.

PALMISTRY.

WORLD Famed and scientific palmist. Mystified are they who call on this gifted woman, Swanhill. No matter what troubles you have, come; she will guide you. Everything private and confidential. Hours, 9 a. m. to 10 p. m. Charges reasonable. 59 Garnett, near Whitehall.

TO INDUSTRIAL PROMOTERS

DESIRABLE sites for all character of manufacturing industries are available along the lines of the Western and Atlantic railroad; liberal rates of switching in Atlanta district guaranteed. Before locating do not fail to call upon or address J. A. Sams, division freight agent, Atlanta, or H. F. Smith, traffic manager, Nashville.

OWN THE HOUSE YOU LIVE IN.

If you own a lot let us build you a house on it and you pay us in monthly installments.

If you havet no lot, we will buy you one or sell you one of ours, build you a house according to your plans, and you pay us in the same way.
SOUTHERN TRADING CO.,
416 Austell Building.

PHOTOGRAPHY.

Don't fail to have some of our popular panel photos made; 4 for 25c; all college students are getting them. 15 1-2 Peachtree street. Novelty Photo Co.

BOOKS, ETC.

"LOVEY MARY," by the author of "Mrs. Wiggs of the Cabbage Patch." Price postpaid 90c. 190 engraved cards $1. Orr Stationery Co., 94 Whitehall st.

WIRE FIELD FENCE.

AMERICAN and Page fences and gates put up. F. R. Barford, manager, Anderson Hardware Company, Atlanta, Ga.

WATCHMAKING AND REPAIRING

WATCHES cleaned 50c; mainsprings 50c. 19 jewel Raymond watches, $22.50. Langley, the Jeweler, 114 Decatur st.

WANTED—REAL ESTATE.

I WISH to purchase house and lot to cost from $2,000 to $3,500; would go $4,000 if close in on North or South Side. Give street and number. P. O. Box 710.

FOR SALE—FARMS.

90-ACRE farm, one mile from manufacturing city of 10,000; good market; excellent 8-room house, 2 barns, 2 tenant houses; buildings worth $1,500; good soil, all in cultivation or pasture; well watered; grapes, apples, peaches. Price $2,250. Also milk wagon, 20 cows. Dayton, Griffin, Ga. 3-11-15

Houses for Rent by D. M. Mathews & Co., No. 16 and 18 N. Pryor St., Kimball House.

75-rooms, boarding house, 25 Houston street, gas, water and bath....$60 00
10 rooms, 33 Peters street, near Forsyth street, suitable for boarding house, per month..... 30 50
9 rooms, 37 Spruce street, Inman Park; all modern conveniences.... 50 00
8 rooms, 832 Decatur road, near Hurt street, Inman Park, new.. ..... 22 50
6 rooms, 687 E. Fair, new.. .. .... 15 00
6 rooms, 61 Strong street, new.. .. .. 10 00
6 rooms, 58 Strong street, large lot.. 12 00
5 rooms, Tye street, near Kirkwood avenue; new.. ..... 11 50
5 rooms, 35 Robins, good condition.. 12 50
4 rooms, 42 Hightower, good condition..... 11 00
4 rooms, 36 Robins, good condition, large lot..... 12 50

For Sale by Girardeau & Saunders, 24 Walton Street, Prudential Bldg.

$2,600.00—Money lender, look at this! Two new six-room and one four-room cottages and two vacant lots for $2,600.00, or $2,200.00 for the three houses. They are rented for $29.00 per month. Sixteen per cent on your money.
$52,000.00 will buy a corner lot, 200 by 200 feet. This lot is on one of the best business streets in the city and runs back to the railroad. It is half improved and rents for $250.00 per month.
$2,200.00—If you are hunting for a lot in the nicest part of the city, come and look at this nicely shaded Inman Park lot, 90 by 250 feet. It is in the very best part of the park.
$2,800.00—We have a very cheap 7-room, two-story house on Richardson street, near Washington street, with all modern improvements. It is only $2,800.00. This is close in and a real bargain.
$2,000.00—No. 30 Lucile ave. is one of the prettiest new six-room cottages in the city. It is well-built and modern. Reasonable terms.
$8,500.00 will buy five 4-room houses, one 6-room house and one 3-room house inside the 3-4-mile circle, north side, and rented for $80.00 per month. Paved street, sewer water and gas.
Call for Glenn Faver. Either 'phone 164.

SAM'L W. GOODE,

Real Estate and Loan Agent, 18 Wall Street, Kimball House.

TO PEOPLE OF GEORGIA AND THE SOUTH: Owners desiring to sell or exchange city and town properties, farms, mineral and timber lands, are requested to send me a full description of said properties, which I will sell to people of this section, and to those of the northern, middle, western and northwestern states, as I have had a practical experience in real estate transactions for the last twenty-two years.

SAMUEL W. GOODE,
Real Estate and Loan Agent, No. 18 Wall street, Atlanta, Ga. 3-13-90t

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

A BEAUTIFUL 2-acre lot with 5-room cottage on car line, white neighborhood, grove, plenty of grapes and fruits, only two blocks from city limits at a great bragain; owner wants to sell; make me an offer. Apply 511 Lowndes bldg.

A. J. West & Co., 213 and 214 Century Building—Bell 'Phone 1754.

COURTLAND AVE.—Two 6-room houses, one brick and one frame, rented for $451.20 per year, on lot 80 feet front. This is a bargain. $3,700.
JACKSON ST.—100 by 335 feet; best part of street. $4,000
WEST FAIR ST.—Near Forsyth and Whitehall sts. 8-room 2-story residence; large lot and all conveniences. $3,250 or will exchange.
COLLEGE PARK.—Nice shady corner in this beautiful suburb. $500 or will exchange.
EAST PINE ST., corner Bedford ave. Beautiful level corner lot, near in, and very cheap. Few like it left.
We handle real estate of all descriptions and have bargains in both vacant and improved business, residence and suburban properties; also farm lands.
If you have anything for sale at reasonable prices, list it with us and we will dispose of it for you.
REAL ESTATE LOANS.

For Sale by Henry L. Wilson, at 515 Prudential Building.

$30,000 worth of cotton factory stock in Forsyth, Ga., to exchange for income property in Atlanta. Owner has moved to Atlanta.
Elegant block of vacant property on northwest corner of Forsyth and Brotherton sts. Here is your bargain.
$3,000 for 7-room house and splendid lot, 50 by 150 feet to alley. No. 214 Pine st.
Handsomest block in Atlanta, fronting the city on Broyles st., near Grant park. Original shade; elevated; a grand site for a gentleman of means. Price moderate; terms easy.
41 feet by 120 on Decatur street, only $60.00 per front foot; big bargain here; price any other piece if you doubt it.
2 brand new 4-room houses and choice lots on Henry street, near Greensferry avenue. Only $900 each.
Come up, back up, run up, jump up, any way to get up to my office if you want to buy, sell or trade in real estate. 'Phone 1340.

To Rent IN NEW YORK,

Furnished or unfurnished, in First-class Apartment Hotel for balance of lease, until October 1st, Corner Suite of 4 bedrooms and 2 bathrooms.

All light and sunny.
Beautiful view of Central Park.

R. A. ANTHONY,
122 Fifth Ave., New York.

BANKRUPT SALE.

By virtue of an order of the Court of Bankruptcy for the Northern District of Georgia, the undersigned will receive bids, subject to conformation by the Court, upon the stock of dry goods, shoes and notions of J. Levine, No. 180 Decatur street, until 12 o'clock, noon, Saturday, March 14, 1903. An inventory and appraisement of the stock is on file in the Clerk's office of the U. S. District Court and also at my office, 17½ South Broad street. Full information furnished on application, and inspection of the stock permitted.
H. N. RANDOLPH, Receiver.
March 11, 1903.

STATE OF GEORGIA, COUNTY OF FULTON, CITY OF ATLANTA.—Advertisement for bids for the electric lighting of the streets of the City of Atlanta.
At a meeting of the Mayor and General Council to be called on the 23d of March, 1903, at 3 p. m., at the City Hall, sealed bids will be received for the electric lighting of the streets of the City of Atlanta with arc and series incandescent lights. The arc lamps to show a consumption of not less than five hundred and fifty (550) watts measured at the arc with a recording Watts meter, and the incandescent lights to be seventy-five (75) candle power. The bids must be for each and every of the several terms of one, three and five years from the commencement of the contract, which shall not be earlier than April 1st, 1903, and not later than October 1st, 1903, the date at which the bidder wishes to commence to be specified in his bid.
In the event the lighting contract is awarded under either bid received, the successful bidder will be required to enter into a written contract with the city of Atlanta, satisfactory to the Mayor and General Council, and the faithful performance thereof to be guaranteed by a surety bond in an amount to be fixed by said Mayor and General Council, if they desire security.
The right is reserved to the Mayor and General Council to accept the bids of any one of said terms, one, three and five years as aforesaid, and also the further right to reject any or all of said bids.
This advertisement is inserted under resolution of the Mayor and General Council of the City of Atlanta, approved March 9th, 1903.
Sealed bids can be deposited with the Mayor, if desired, prior to the meeting of the Mayor and General Council at which same will be opened, as above specified, and same will be transmitted to said meeting by His Honor, the Mayor.
Bidders are advised that there are at present seven hundred and ninety-two (792) arc lights and four hundred and fifty-three (453) series incandescent lights, and that they will be required to bid upon the continuation of these lights as now installed, and at the same places, or approximately thereto.
CITY OF ATLANTA.
By Evan P. Howell, Mayor.
Inserted by City Attorney under resolution of the Mayor and General Council.

NOTICE is hereby given that there has been filed with the Mayor and General Council of the city of Atlanta, a petition to have that portion of North Broad street lying between Marietta and Walton streets repaved with asphalt. This petition is signed by owners of more than one-half of the real estate abutting upon the portion of the street sought to be repaved, and is approved by the City Engineer and Commissioner of Public Works, who have furnished a statement of the estimated cost of the proposed repaving.
This petition and an ordinance providing for the repavement as prayed for, and requiring the assessment and collection of the cost thereof, as provided by the charter and ordinances of the city, will be considered and acted upon at the regular meeting of the Mayor and General Council of the city of Atlanta, to be held in the City Council Chamber at 3 o'clock p. m. on Monday, March 16, 1903.
W. J. CAMPBELL,
Clerk of Council of the City of Atlanta.

SCHEDULES.

Showing the arrival and departure of passenger trains of the following roads, union depot, Atlanta, Ga.:

CENTRAL OF GEORGIA RAILWAY.

Arrive From—		Depart To—	
*Savannah	7 25 am	*Macon.	1 40 am
*Macon	11 20 am	*Savannah ..	7 50 am
*Savannah	4 15 pm	*St. Augustine	9 00 am
*Macon	7 45 pm	*Macon .. .	4 00 pm
*St. Augustine	7 55 pm	*Savantah..	8 45 pm
Suburban Trains:		Suburban Trains:	
Jonesboro	8 15 am	Jonesboro	6 25 am
Jonesboro	8 15 am	Jonesboro	12 20 pm
Jones'oro	2 15 pm	Jonesboro	3 45 pm
Jonesboro	5 40 pm	Jonesboro	6 10 pm
Sunday Only:		Sunday Only:	
Jonesboro	8 55 am	Hapeville	9 00 am
Hapeville	10 45 am	Jonesboro	12 50 pm

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

Arrive From—		Depart To—	
*Nashville	7 36 am	*Nashville ...	8 22 am
Marietta.	8 32 am	Marietta	12 10 pm
*Chicago	8 50 am	*Chattanooga.	4 30 pm
*Chattanooga .	11 45 am	Marietta.	5 30 pm
Marietta.	2 05 pm	*Chicago	8 05 pm
*Nashville	7 30 pm	*Nashville ..	8 30 pm

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD.

Arrive From—		Depart To—	
LaGrange	5 20 am	*Montgomery.	5 30 am
*Selma	11 40 am	*Montgomery.	1 05 pm
*Selma	12 50 pm	*Selma	4 20 pm
*Montgomery .	9 00 pm	LaGrange	5 30 pm
*Selma	11 40 pm	*Montgomery.	11 15 pm

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILROAD.

Arrive From—		Depart To—	
*Norfolk	5 15 am	*Washington	12 00 n'n
*Abbeville	9 35 am	*Abbeville ..	4 00 pm
*Washington ..	6 40 pm	*Norfolk	8 10 pm

GEORGIA RAILROAD.

Arrive From—		Depart To—	
*Augusta	5 00 am	*Augusta	7 35 am
Conyers	8 45 am	Lithonia	10 08 am
Covington	7 45 am	*Augusta	3 35 pm
*Augusta	1 00 pm	Conyers	5 00 pm
Lithonia	3 25 pm	Covington	6 10 pm
*Augusta	6 15 pm	*Augusta	11 45 pm

*Daily. All other trains daily except Sunday.

Sanitary Plumbing Saves Doctor Bills

Poor Plumbing is the Undertaker's best Friend.

I Make a Specialty of High-Class Work

D. W. Yarbrough,
20 E. Hunter St.

— USE —
SOUTHERN EXPRESS CO.'S
MONEY ORDERS

for all your Small Remittances, by mail or otherwise.

Sold on all points in the United States, Canada, and on Havana, Cuba.

CHEAP AND CONVENIENT.
NO APPLICATION REQUIRED.

A receipt is given and money will be refunded if order is lost.

Sold at all agencies of the Southern Express Company at all reasonable hours.

RATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

	CENTS		CENTS
Not Over $ 2.50...	3	Not Over $102.50...	32
" 5.00...	5	" 105.00...	35
" 10.00...	8	" 110.00...	38
" 20.00...	10	" 120.00...	40
" 30.00...	13	" 130.00...	43
" 40.00...	15	" 140.00...	45
" 50.00...	18	" 150.00...	48
" 60.00...	20	" 160.00...	50
" 75.00...	25	" 175.00...	55
" 100.00...	30	" 200.00...	60

SHIP YOUR GOODS
BY THE
SOUTHERN EXPRESS COMPANY
which operates on 30,000 miles of first-class routes, with connections with other companies, to all points accessible by express.

ESTABLISHED IN 1857.

PETER LYNCH,
95 Whitehall St.,

Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Wines and Liquors of the purest kinds, also Tobaccos and Cigars of the best.
Also at 7 W. Mitchell st. Peter Lynch has his great variety store, which consists of Leather and Cloth Shoes, India Rubber Shoes and Rubber Boots and Ladies' and Gents' Arctics, which he is selling as low as the lowest. Horse Collars, Bridles and Plow Gear of all kinds, very low in price. Also Hardware, Guns and Pistols, and Ammunition for same. Hoes, eye and handle, and other hardware. Just receiving his spring stock of Garden and Field Seeds, which are, as usual, very reliable and true to name, etc. All orders filled promptly. Terms, cash.

Dropsy Cured in 30 to 60 days, 10 days' treatment free.
O. F. COLLUM DROPSY MEDICINE CO.,
813-813 Lowndes Building, Atlanta, Ga.

Southern Railway
TRAINS LEAVE ATLANTA.

5:30 A. M.—NO. 13 DAILY. Solid vestibule train. Pullmans to Cincinnati.
5:30 A. M.—NO. 16 DAILY. Pullmans to Birmingham and Kansas City; arrive

DeWitt

DeWitt is the name to look for when you go to buy Witch Hazel Salve. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is the original and only genuine. In fact DeWitt's is the only Witch Hazel Salve that is made from the unadulterated

Witch-Hazel

All others are counterfeits—base imitations, cheap and worthless—even dangerous. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is a specific for Piles; Blind, Bleeding, Itching and Protruding Piles. Also Cuts, Burns, Bruises, Sprains, Lacerations, Contusions, Boils, Carbuncles, Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum, and all other Skin Diseases.

SALVE

PREPARED BY
E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago

MORPHINE Opium or Whiskey habits cured at home without pain. 20 years a specialty. Over 10,000 treated. Endorsed by physicians. Cost within reach of all. Book of testimonials *Free*. Dr. WOOLLEY, 104 N. Pryor St., Atlanta, Ga.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

SOUTHERN SHORTHAND AND *Business University* ATLANTA, GA.

8,000 Graduates. Receives from 1 to 8 applications daily for bookkeepers and stenographers. Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Telegraphy taught. Refers to Atlanta business men and bankers. Write for catalogue. Address A. C. Briscoe, Pres., or L. W. Arnold, Vice Pres., Atlanta, Ga.

Sullivan, Crichton & Smith's *Business College* Atlanta, Ga.
The Complete Business Course. Total Cost, $50.00. Actual Business from start to finish. Most thorough Shorthand Dept in America. 400 graduates. Cat. free.

My personal attention is given to the classes in **China Painting** which are still going on every morning. Now entering into the Twentieth Year, having been established in August, 1883.
WM. LYCETT Atlanta Ga.

ARTISTS
Are invited to make my new store their headquarters. White and Hand Painted China, Paints, Papers, Artistic Picture Framing, Models, Pyrography outfits and supplies.
K. M. TURNER.
Things that Artists Use and Make,
124 Peachtree St., Piedmont Hotel Block.
Send for Catalogue.



H. M. Ashe
General State Dealer, Y. M. C. A. Building Atlanta, Ga.
Second-hand machines of all the different makes for sale at LOW PRICES.



Cluett Brand 25c
Arrow Brand 2 for 25c
TABHURST
Cluett, Peabody & Co.

Our Spring and Summer
Stock of Woolens are now in, and we are ready to make up Suits in Blues Blacks and Mixed Colors at $27.50 and up. Sale room, No. 4 Walton S Work shop, 422 Austell Building.
ROSENFELD & SHOMO.

ADAIR'S DENTAL MOUTH WASH
ADAIR'S DENTIFRICE CREAM
Prepared by Robinson-Adair Drug Co. ATLANTA
Sold by Druggists or Dr. Adair, Lowndes Bldg

WORMS

"I write to let you know how I appreciate your Cascarets. I commenced taking them last November and took two ten cent boxes and passed a tapeworm 14 ft. long. Then I commenced taking them again and Wednesday, April 4th, I passed another tape worm 28 ft. long and over a thousand small worms. Previous to my taking Cascarets I didn't know I had a tape-worm. I always had a small appetite."
Wm. F. Brown, 184 Franklin St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Best For The Bowels
Cascarets
CANDY CATHARTIC
THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe, 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped CCC. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.
Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N.Y. 594
ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES

A. F. LIEBMAN,

Real Estate, Renting and Loans,

No. 28 PEACHTREE ST.

An ideal suburban home, large house, with all the comforts of the city, 18 acres of land and chert road to East Point.

Can be bought for less than value of improvements, or will rent to acceptable tenant.

Wanted—Offers on lot 60x150 on Boulevard, near North ave.; 50x160 on Windsor st., near Georgia ave.

A non-resident is anxious to sell 10 acres on the Boulevard just beyond city limits.

$3,500 buys 126 feet front on Marietta st., running back to railroad, between Thurmond and Simpson streets. Will pay handsomely if improved.

A. F. LIEBMAN,

28 PEACHTREE STREET.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U.S.A.

MEN AND WOMEN.
Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.
Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles $2.75. Circular sent on request.

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS

Notable Opinions Handed Down Yesterday Morning.

LOCAL CASES ARE DECIDED.

Court of Last Resort Brings to a Close a Number of Issues Long Pending.

Decisions rendered Thursday, March 12, 1903.

299. Epping v. City of Columbus et al. Before Judge Butt. Muscogee superior court. Roff v. Mayor, etc., of Calhoun et al. Before Judge Gober. Gordon superior court. Validation of bonds.

Cobb, J.—1. In interpreting the provisions of a constitution it is to be presumed that the words therein used were employed in their natural and ordinary meaning; and where a word has a technical as well as a popular meaning, the courts will generally accord to it its popular signification, unless the nature of the subject indicates, or the context suggests, that it was used in a technical sense.

2. Constitutions are the result of popular will, and their words are to be understood ordinarily in the sense they convey to the popular mind.

3. The presumption is that the same meaning attaches to a given word or phrase wherever it occurs in a constitution, and where a word or phrase is used in one part of a constitution in a plain and manifest sense, it is to receive the same interpretation when used in every other part, unless it clearly appears, from the context or otherwise, that a different meaning should be applied to it.

4. The proceedings and debates of a constitutional convention, while powerless to vary the terms of the constitution, are nevertheless valuable aids in determining the purpose and consequent meaning of a doubtful provision.

5. The debt of an individual, corporation, state, etc., when the word is taken in the sense that it ordinarily conveys to the popular mind, is the principal and accrued interest on a given date. Unearned interest is not, in such a sense, a part of the debt.

6. The debt of a municipal corporation, within the meaning of that provision of the constitution which prohibits such a corporation from incurring a debt that exceeds 7 per centum of the assessed valuation of all the taxable property within the municipality, is to be ascertained by adding to the principal of all outstanding indebtedness the amount of all accrued interest that may be past due and payable on the day the amount of the debt is to be fixed. In ascertaining the amount of such debt, future interest that is not due on the day it becomes necessary to fix the sum of indebtedness is not to be counted. Unearned interest is not, within the true intent and meaning of the constitution, a part of the debt of the municipality.

7. A long-continued and unquestioned interpretation of a paragraph of the constitution by the general assembly, or the executive, or the officer whose duty it is to obey and carry into effect the provisions of the paragraph, is a weighty argument in favor of such interpretation; especially where any language of the paragraph is equivocal, doubtful, or ambiguous.

8. The ruling made in the present case does not conflict with that made by the majority of the court in Park v. Candler, 114 Georgia 466, nor with the views entertained by the dissenting justices in that case. The question there involved was whether the public property fund could lawfully be appropriated to the payment of accrued interest, when at the time of such payment no part of the principal of the public debt was extinguished; the majority of the court holding that accrued interest could be discharged in this manner without reference to whether any part of the principal was paid off at the same time, while the minority were of opinion that the public property fund could not be used for the payment of accrued interest except as a mere incident to the retirement of a part of the principal.

9. The Dawson water works case, 106 Georgia 696, did not involve the question whether interest, either accrued or unearned, was a part of the debt of the municipal corporation within the meaning of the provision of the constitution before referred to. The contract sought to be enforced in that case related to a principal liability payable in annual installments; and this was held to be a debt within the meaning of the constitution.

10. If a final judgment of a court from which a writ of error lies is, from a defect appearing on the face of the record, erroneous, this defect may be taken advantage of in a direct bill of exceptions containing a specific assignment of error setting forth the defect, even though no such objection was raised in the court below prior to the rendition of the judgment.

11. A provision by a municipal corporation for the assessment and collection of an annual tax sufficient in amount to pay the principal and interest of a bonded debt within the time prescribed by the constitution is a sufficient compliance with the constitution, although the ordinance making the provision provides that the interest and a portion of the principal may from year to year be paid from other sources, if funds from such sources are available at the time the interest and principal are due.

12. When the charter of a town provides that the books for registration of voters for an election shall be closed ten days before the election, and the ordinance following the charter makes the same provision, a published notice of an election, which is capable of a construction that the books will be closed earlier than ten days, will not have the effect of invalidating the election held in pursuance thereof, when it does not appear that the books were in fact illegally closed, and that persons qualified to vote were for this reason prevented from registering.

13. When the charter of a town authorizes the town authorities "to provide for the registration of voters," and "to make all needful laws and regulations for the same," an ordinance providing that two members of the town council shall be registrars, whose duty it shall be to ascertain who are the qualified voters of the town and entitled to register, and that in case of disagreement between such registrars in reference to whether any person offering to register is a qualified voter, then may call in a citizen of the town to act as umpire, whose decision shall be final, is a reasonable regulation and one authorized by the provisions of the charter.

14. When in an application for the validation of an issue of bonds a citizen appears and is made a party to the proceeding, and interposes objections to the validation, based upon facts that do not appear in the pleadings of the parties, it is incumbent upon him to establish by proof the truth of the matters thus set up; and unless this is done, the objections should be overruled.

15. A ground of objection to the validation of an issue of bonds, that a specified number of voters who had voted in favor of the issuance of bonds were not qualified voters, is properly stricken on demurrer when it does not appear that with this number eliminated two-thirds of the qualified voters had not voted in favor of the issuance.

16. An election held to determine the question whether a town will incur an indebtedness will not be invalidated by reason of the fact that voters were improperly influenced to cast their votes in favor of incurring the debt; certainly not when it does not appear that any voter was actually coerced to cast a vote contrary to his wishes.

17. The constitution does not require that provision shall be made by a municipal corporation desiring to incur a debt, for the payment of such debt, until "at or before" the liability is created. It is not necessary that the provision for payment should be made before the application to validate. If on the hearing of such an application nothing appears to the contrary, the presumption is that provision will be made at the time and in the manner prescribed by the constitution. If, however, it does distinctly appear that the municipal corporation does not intend to make such provision, a judgment of validation should not be entered. In the case of Wilkins v. Waynesboro, 116 Ga. 359 (in press), it distinctly appeared that the city authorities did not in any event intend to make provision for the payment of the debt in the manner prescribed by the constitution.

18. The fact that the authorities of a municipal corporation have entered into a contract to sell bonds which it is seeking to have validated, at a sum that is less than the bonds are really worth, is no reason for refusing to enter a judgment validating the issue of bonds.

Judgment affirmed.

Louis F. Garrard and Little & Battle, for Epping.

T. T. Miller and S. P. Gilbert, for Columbus.

R. J. & J. McCamy and Harkins & Lang, for Roff.

W. R. Rankin and Sam P. Maddox, for Calhoun.

L. Mayson, W. P. Hill, W. W. Lambdin, S. H. Myers and C. J. Swift filed briefs in favor of validation.

Salem Dutcher, contra.

300. Walker v. State. Before Judge Roan. Fulton superior court.

Fish, J.—1. Where one intrusted with money by another fraudulently converts it to his own use, he is guilty of larceny after trust, though he may have fraudulently induced the delegation of the trust with intent so to convert money. Wylie v. State, 97 Georgia 207, distinguished.

2. The evidence warranted the verdict, and the refusal of a new trial was proper.

Judgment affirmed.

F. R. Walker and R. J. Jordan for plaintiff in error.

C. D. Hill, solicitor general, contra.

301. Southern Railway Company v. Cook. Damages. Before Judge Bennet. Coffee superior court.

Candler, J.—1. Where one persists in maintaining a nuisance which is not permanent in its character but which can and should be abated, every continuance of the nuisance is a fresh nuisance for which a new action will lie.

2. A suit against one who maintains a nuisance of the character just indicated for damages thereby done to land of the plaintiff from a named date to the date of the filing of the petition is no bar to a fresh action for damages since done to the same land by a continued maintenance of the same nuisance.

Judgment affirmed.

DeLacy & Bishop for plaintiff in error.

E. D. Graham, contra.

302. Crawford v. State. Laster v. State. Cheating and swindling. Before Judge Bower. City court of Bainbridge.

Lamar, J.—1. Obtaining money by false statements as to title to or interest in real estate may be an offense under the penal code, sec. 670, even though the true state of the title might have been discovered by an inspection of the records in the clerk's office of the county where the land lies.

2. Silence may be a deceitful means or artful practice within the meaning of the [illegible] but where the defendant claims that he remained silent because he thought the person alleged to have been deceived knew the facts, such theory must be submitted to the jury where there is any evidence on which to base a charge and can properly be submitted, even though such contention appear only from the defendant's statement.

3. Concealment of a material fact would not be an offense under that section unless the concealment was fraudulent and intended to deceive, and was purposely resorted to as a means of obtaining money or other thing of value from a person who was actually deceived thereby.

4. Failure to give a proper instruction requested in writing is not cured by covering the same principle in the charge, if it appears that other portions of the general charge detract from that part relied on as a substitute for the special request.

5. Where a defendant in his statement used a plat, his counsel may exhibit the same to the jury and comment thereon in his argument, even though the plat was not introduced in evidence.

6. Expressions of opinion by the court as to what has been proved require the grant of a new trial.

Judgment reversed.

A. L. Townsend and Arnold & Arnold, for plaintiffs in error.

Albert H. Russell, solicitor, contra.

303. Smith v. State. Before Judge Dart. Camden superior court.

Simmons, C. J.—1. Where in a criminal case two distinct and independent theories of defense are raised by the prisoner's statement, each having its foundation solely in that statement, it is not error, in the absence of a proper request, for the trial judge to wholly fail to charge as to one of these theories, although he may have charged the law applicable to the other.

2. The evidence warranted the verdict.

Judgment affirmed.

Simon W. Hitch, for plaintiff in error.

John W. Bennett, solicitor general, contra.

304. Anderson v. State. Conviction of manslaughter. Before Judge Dart. Ware superior court.

Simmons, C. J.—1. In the trial of one accused of murder, evidence of declarations of the deceased as to the cause of his death and the person who killed him should be submitted to the jury, with proper instructions, when the preliminary evidence shows prima facie that these declarations were made when the deceased was in articulo mortis and conscious of his condition.

2. There is no merit in an assignment of error to the effect that a certain charge, correct in itself, is erroneous because the court failed to charge some other proposition of law applicable to the case.

3. In instructing the jury as to the law of self-defense in a case of homicide, there is no error, though the accused be a woman, in charging that, in order to justify the killing, it must appear that the circumstances were sufficient to excite the fears of a reasonable man, of one reasonably courageous and reasonably self-possessed, and not of a coward, the word "man" being used in its generic sense.

4. In the absence of a request to charge, a new trial will not be granted because of the failure of the trial judge to instruct the jury as to be law applicable to the impeachment of witnesses.

Judgment affirmed.

S. W. Hitch and J. T. Myers, for plaintiff in error.

John W. Bennett, solicitor-general, and J. Walter Bennett, contra.

305. Petty v. State. Murder. Before Judge Roan. Fulton superior court.

Cobb, J.—No error of law being complained of, and there being sufficient evidence to warrant the verdict, the discretion of the trial judge in overruling the motion for a new trial will not be controlled.

Judgment affirmed. (No further opinion.)

Harvey Hill and VanAstor Batchelor, for plaintiff in error.

John C. Hart, attorney-general, and C. D. Hill, solicitor-general, contra.

306. Snead v. State. Gaming. Before Judge Covington. City court of Moultrie.

Candler, J.—While the evidence was conflicting, there was evidence to support the judment of conviction, and that judgment will not be disturbed by this court.

Judgment affirmed. (No further opinion.)

Humphreys & Humphreys and W. M. Hammond, for plaintiff in error.

M. J. Pearsall, solicitor, contra.

307. Hall v. State. Selling liquor. Before Judge Carter. City court of Baxley.

Lamar, J.—1. Where witnesses summoned by the defendant are present at the trial but not examined, a new trial will not be granted on the ground that since the verdict the defendant has for the first time learned that they could have testified to facts material to his defense. Civil Code, section 5480.

2. A motion for a new trial on the ground of newly discovered evidence is not intended to serve the purpose of cross-examination. Hence a new trial will not be granted where the sole witness for the state testified that he bought whisky from the defendant, and after a verdict of guilty made affidavit that he did not mean that he had personally made the purchase, but that he had sent money for that purpose by an agent, who told him that he had bought it from defendant. Civil Code, sections 5480, 5566, 5282.

Judgment affirmed. (No further opinion.)

J. B. Moore and W. W. Bennett, for plaintiff in error.

N. J. Holton, solicitor, contra.

308. Clark vs. State. Murder. Before Judge Foster. Walton superior court.

Fish, J.—1. The suspension of the trial of a criminal case to receive the presentments of the grand jury is not cause for a new trial, when it is not shown how the rights of the accused could have been affected thereby. This is especially true when no objection was made at the time. Perry vs. State, 116 Ga., 850.

2. Where the solicitor general, in his argument to the jury, said: "Here is (H), a prominent and wealthy man, over here working for this defendant, handing notes to and from defendant's counsel. He comes from a town where they have big banks, big hotels, electric lights, etc. (H) has brought a lot of witnesses over here," and, upon objection to such language by counsel for the accused, the court said: "The solicitor has the right to remark upon anything occurring in the presence of the jury or in the evidence; outside of this he cannot go;" the remark of the judge was not calculated to impress the jury that he inclined in his opinion as to the case towards the side of the state;" nor did the language of the solicitor, in view of the declaration of the court, require the grant of a new trial.

3. Testimony to the effect that immediately after the accused shot, some one said to him: "There, you done killed him," to which the accused made no reply, was not inadmissible upon the ground that it was heresay. Civil Code, sections 5179, 5195.

4. A witness sought to be impeached by previous contradictory statements may be sustained by proof of the general good character, the effect of the evidence to be determined by the jury. Penal Code, section 1026.

5. Failure to charge upon the law of confessions, in the absence of a request to so charge, is not cause for a new trial. Malone vs. State, 77 Ga., 767.

6. The evidence for the state, if creditable, showed that the accused, intentionally and wantonly, shot into a crowd of persons and killed one of them. The evidence for the accused and his statement, if creditable, showed that he did not shoot at all. It follows that a failure to charge upon the law of involuntary manslaughter was not erroneous. Hunnicutt vs. State, 114 Ga., 448.

7. Evidence that another person, after the conviction of the accused of murder, pleaded guilty to carrying a concealed weapon on the occasion of the homicide, and that an indictment against such other person, charging him with the murder of the deceased, was, after the conviction of the accused, "nol prossed," is not cause for a new trial.

8. Evidence that one of the state's witnesses, since the trial, has made declarations, even though under oath, that his testimony given upon the trial was false, is not cause for a new trial. See Felton vs. State, 56 Ga., 84; Brown vs. State, 60 Ga., 210; O'Kelly vs. Felker, 71 Ga., 775; Lasseter vs. Simpson, 78 Ga., 61; Munro vs. Moody, ib., 127; Davis vs. Bagley, 99 Ga., 142; Civil Cde, section 5366.

9. Newly-discovered evidence which is merely cumulative and impeaching in its character is not cause for a new trial.

10. There was no material error in any of the charges complained of; the evidence warranted the verdict, and the court did not err in refusing to grant a new trial.

Judgment affirmed. (No further opinion.)

Z. B. Rogers, S. L. Olive and A. C. Stone, for plaintiff in error. John C. Hart, attorney general, and C. H. Brand, solicitor general, contra.

309. Drakeford vs. State. Before Judge Roan. Fulton superior court.

Candler, J.—No complaint is made that the court committed any error of law. The evidence was sufficient to authorize the jury to find the accused guilty. The trial judge has approved their finding, and this court cannot hold that there was any error in overruling the motion for a new trial.

Judgment affirmed. (No further opinion.)

F. R. Walker, for plaintiff in error.

C. D. Hill, solicitor general, contra.

310. Board of Roads and Revenues of Jefferson County vs. Clark, treasurer. Mandamus. Before Judge Evans. Jefferson superior court.

Cobb, J.—The public road fund provided for in the Political Code, section 575, is a county fund within the meaning of the Political Code, section 458; and there being nothing in the general road law, or in any law relating to the county of Jefferson, that requires the county commissioners of that coutny to disburse this fund, it was their duty, when the fund came into their possession, to pay it over to the county treasurer; and a performance of this duty may be compelled by mandamus at the instance of the county treasurer.

Judgment affirmed.

Cain & Hardeman, for plaintiffs in error.

Phillips & Phillips, contra.

BACK TO THE WOODS.

The story of a fall from grace, by Hugh McHugh, author of "John Henry," "Down the Line with John Henry," "It's Up to You," etc. Just out. first edition 25,000. Sent postpaid for 75c. John M. Miller Co., 39 Marietta st., Atlanta, Ga.



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Munyon's Witch Hazel Soap is really a skin food and vitalizer. The only soap containing witch hazel—its success has caused imitators to brand their soap witch hazel; these words cannot be trade-marked. See that the soap is stamped Munyon. It nurishes the skin as much as food nurishes the body. It puts every pore into a healthy condition; assits nature in throwing off poisons from the body; allays inflammation, cools, soothes and heals all irritated parts. It cures chapped hands and lips, and all forms of chafing. No soap, no lotion, no wash ever made will so quickly quiet a baby suffering with prickly heat or any form of rash as Munyon's Witch Hazel Soap. Its soothing effect upon the little one is almost instantaneous. I want every person troubled with hives, or who is tormented by any itching, to bathe with Munyon's Witch Hazel Soap, using water as hot as the skin can bear. Relief will be immediate. There is not a case of dandruff, and I know of no scalp disease but this soap will cure. It is ideal for shampooing. It prevents hairs from falling out by strengthening and feeding the roots. Ladies will find this soap a great blessing as a wash for certain irritations, weaknesses and discharges. It is antiseptic, allays all inflammation, and removes all unpleasant odors. Every gentleman who shaves himself should try this soap. It softens the beard and prevents the skin from becoming irritated and sore. No smarting, no burning, no need of bay rum or witch hazel for bathing. For the general toilet it is an exquisite luxury, it improves any complexion and makes the skin soft as velvet. It is as far superior to any other soap ever made as the electric light is to the tallow dip. You cannot afford to be careless about your soap, especially if there are young children in the family. Sold everywhere. MUNYON.

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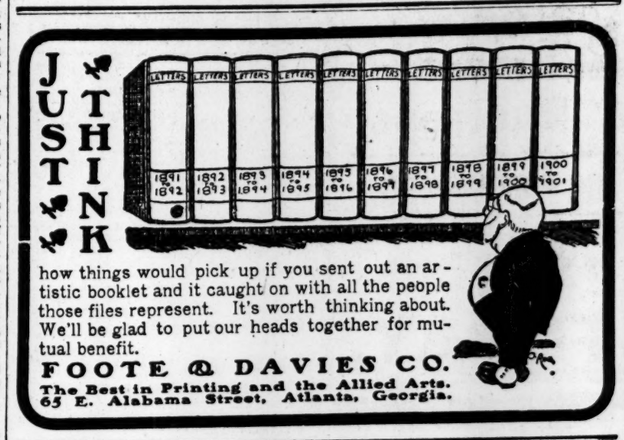
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THE DAY IN WALL STREET.

New York, March 12.—The stock market today started out with its recent tendency to reverse its position of the day before. This vacillating course is usual toward the termination of a wide price movement, but the arc measuring the oscillation fell to such small proportions today that the room traders became discouraged in their efforts to scalp a profit and in the end abandoned the market to semi-stagnation. Speculative attention reverted to special causes affecting individual stocks and today's largest dealings and widest movements were in this class. There was no evidence of further urgent pressure of liquidation, and call loans were made on the stock exchange at 5 1-2 per cent and in exceptional cases at 5 per cent. This was partly due to the release of funds by the liquidation of stocks and partly to the decreased demand in view of the speculative dullness. It is clear that such funds as have come to New York have been attracted by higher interest rates, and the sources from which they have been drawn show the effect in a tightening of their own money rates, as in the case of Chicago. The volume of credits has been more diffused than reduced. Wall street was obliged to accept the intimation received today that the secretary of the treasury had decided that the present money situation in New York did not require action for relief by his department. The fact is beginning to be better understood that any release of treasury holdings now will increase the necessity of drawing upon government deposits with the banks to make the Panama canal payment. In so far as the payment shall be made by drawing on funds actually in the treasury it will go to increase the available cash. As to whether this cash goes abroad in the shape of gold exports or remains here must depend upon the international exchange situation at the time. It is clear that these payments will be available to foreigners, but they will nevertheless increase the supply of loanable funds and may be an actual relief to the New York money market by borrowing. Today's report of the exports of domestic products for February gave a good impression of the growth of the trade balance in our favor, showing as it does an increase compared with February of last year of over $20,000,000. Corn exports play a considerable part in this showing, but the increase in the value of cotton exports, compared with February of last year, amounts to the substantial figure of $12,664,566. The culmination of the speculative rise in cotton, and the heavy selling at the reaction, give promise of continued replenishment of our foreign credits by the outgo of cotton. As for the immediate money situation, the subtreasury yesterday took another half a million dollars from the market. There was a deposit of $200,000 today for transfer to New Orleans, and a small subtreasury debit balance at the clearing house foreshadowed another heavy requirement by tomorrow's statement. There is some anxiety lest the payment on Monday of $20,000,000 of Standard Oil dividend may disarrange the money market, as it is probable that the funds collected for this purpose have been out in loans and will have to be recalled. The stock market closed dull and weak. Of the day's special movements, the rise in Amalgamated was due to the excited jump in the copper market. St. Paul was lifted apparently on the declaration of the regular dividend. Sugar weakened on the fear that the Cuban treaty will be defeated. Union Pacific declined on the call for proxies by the Southern Pacific minority.

Bonds were about steady. Total sales, par value, $1,705,000.

United States bonds were all unchanged on the last call.

Money on call firm at 5@6 per cent; highest 6; closing at 5 1-2@6 per cent; time money steady; 60 and 90 days 6 per cent; six months 5 1-2@6 per cent; prime mercantile paper 3.

Sterling exchange steady at the advance, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86.75 for demand and at $4.83.25 @4.83.30 for 60-day bills; posted rates $4.84 @4.87 1-2; commercial bills $4.82 3-4@4.83.

Bar silver 49c.

Mexican dollars 38 1-2c.

Government bonds steady.

State bonds inactive.

Railroad bonds steady.

Baxter & Co.'s Stock Letter.

New York, March 12.—There was a material falling off of business today and prices marked by frequent changes from weakness to strength. The fluctuations, while showing moderate limits, were without the sharpness and violence which were characteristic of those of the earlier part of the week. Early depression was due to lower cables and fears that the apparent speculative consequences concerning Southern Pacific-Union Pacific relations might develop unfortunate speculative consequences. Some are still impressed with regard to the money situation and most of the discussions regarding the bank statement were dependent in tone. No selling pressure was brought about by the early discussions, and shortly after the noon hour a general rally of 1 per cent occurred. The February statement of domestic exports were encouraging. The weakness of Union Pacific and Southern Pacific after the midday rally was traceable to the information of quarrel. Copper was 1-4c higher at one time. Sugar was weak from the start, losing 3 1-4c and closed at almost bottom prices. Local tractions were irregular. Manhattan and Brooklyn Rapid Transit were well sustained. Metropolitan reacted materially. In the late dealings the general market drifted downward in a listless fashion and closed heavy, although speculation was too dull to possess much significance.

Cotton Seed Oil and Meal.

New York, March 12.—Cotton seed oil was firm and strongly held and the south appears to be higher. Prime crude here nominal; prime crude, f. o. b. mills, 34 1-2 @35c; prime summer yellow 41@41 1-2c; off summer yellow 38 1-2@38 3-4c; prime white 45c; prime winter yellow 45c. Prime meal $27.50@28.00.

Memphis, March 12.—Cotton Seed Oil—Car load lots per gallon, prime crude 35c; off crude 30@33c; prime summer yellow 38 1-2c; off summer yellow nominal; choice cooking summer yellow, less than car load lots, 43c. Meal—Prime $20.50@ 21.75. Cake $20.00.

New Orleans, March 12.—Cotton Seed Oil—Prime refined in barrels 40 1-2c; off refined in barrels 36 1-2c; prime crude 35c.

The London Wool Market.

London, March 12.—The offerings at the wool auction sales today numbered 13,344 bales. The attendance was large. North Wales Merino combing sold briskly to the continent. Crossbreds were taken chiefly by the home trade. Fair supply of Lincoln Hoggetts ewes and a few slips were taken by America. Broken fleece wools were in keen demand. Cape of Good Hope and Natal offerings were large. Fine grades were but slow and grassy sorts were dull. Following are the sales in detail:

New South Wales, 1,300 bales; scoured 10 1-2@1s 9d; grassy 6 1-4d@1s 1-2d.

Queensland, 1,100 bales; scoured 1s 10 1-2d; grassy 6s@1s 6d.

Victoria, 1,200 bales; scoured 1s 1 1-2d; greasy 6 1-2d@1s 1 1-2d.

South Australian, 600 bales; greasy 4 1-2d @1s 1-2d.

West Australia, 1,400; scoured 11d@1s 5d; greasy 5 1-2d@11d.

New Zealand, 6,500; scoured 6 1-2d@13 5d; greasy 4 1-2d@1s 1-2d.

Cape of Good Hope and Natal, 1,100; scoured 1s 1-2d@1s 9d; greasy 6 1-2d@9 1-2d.

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At Turner's, 124 Peachtree St., Tel. 64.

RACES
COLISEUM TUESDAY NIGHT, MARCH 17.
WALTHOUR vs. LAWSON.
The terrible Swede meets him for the Championship of America, 5 mile heats match race paced by motors.
Tickets on sale at Folger Bros., 41 N. Pryor.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

FURSTENBURG—The friends of Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Furstenburg are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. A. L. Furstenburg today (Friday), at 10 a. m., from his late residence, 317 South Pryor street. Interment at Oakland. The following gentlemen will act as pallbearers and meet at office of H. M. Patterson at 9:30 a. m.: A. L. Montgomery, J. Bigler, D. Zaban, J. Steinheimer, B. Rosenthal, Walter Visanska, F. Revison and Dr. J. L. Sommerfield.

SMITH—The friends of Mr. and Mrs. Hiram B. Smith, Mr. DeWitt Smith, New York; Frank Smith, Los Angeles, Cal.; Burton Smith, Jr., Misses Nettie B. and Florence Smith are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. Hiram B. Smith at the residence, 31 Walker street, Friday, March 13, at 10 o'clock. Mr. A. P. Herrington, J. H. Harwell, Jack Bagby, T. H. McDowell, W. M. Nichols and Ed. Holland will act as pallbearers and meet at Hillburn & Poole's, 49 E. Hunter street, at 9:30. Interment at Westview.

MEETING NOTICE.

A regular communication of Piedmont lodge, No. 447, Free and Accepted Masons, will be held in Masonic temple this (Friday) evening, March 13, 1903, at 7:30 o'clock. The degree of Fellow Crafe will be conferred. All Masons duly qualified fraternally invited to meet with us.
A. H. ESTERLY, Worshipful Master.
H. M WOOD, Secretary.

NOTICE OF MEETING.

The regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the Atlanta Gas Light Company will be held at the gas office, corner of Broad and Alabama streets, Atlanta, Ga., Saturday, March 14, 1903, at 10 o'clock, a. m., for the election of directors and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.
W. L. COSGROVE, Secretary.

KARL A. FRIESEKE, dentist, 616 Century bldg; office phone 3351.

M. M. Mauck, 42 Peachtree Street. Paints, paper, painting, paper-hanging.

THE WEATHER.

Washington, March 12.—Forecast for Friday and Saturday:

Virginia, North and South Carolina and Georgia—Rain Friday and Saturday; light to fresh northeast winds.

Eastern Florida—Rain Friday and Saturday; light east to southeast winds.

Tennessee—Fair Friday, except rain in southwest portion, warmer in west portion; Saturday rain.

Highest temperature 67
Lowest temperature 59
Mean temperature 63
Normal temperature 51
Precipitation for past 24 hours ..... .00
Deficiency since first of month ..... .57
Excess since January 1 ..... .71

From Various Stations.

Stations and State of Weather.	Temperature, 7 p. m.	Highest Temperature	Rainfall 12 hours in Inches.
Atlanta, cloudy	64	67	.00
Abilene, clear	60	68	.00
Augusta, cloudy	62	70	.00
Buffalo, cloudy	38	40	T
Charleston, cloudy	60	70	.00
Charlotte, cloudy	54	58	T
Chattanooga, cloudy	66	68	.00
Chicago, clear	42	42	.00
Cincinnati, clear	50	52	.00
Corpus Christi, rain	58	62	.80
Detroit, cloudy	40	42	.00
Dodge City, part cloudy	58	70	.00
Galveston, cloudy	62	76	.14
Huron, cloudy	32	64	.00
Jacksonville, part cloudy	66	76	.00
Kansas City, clear	60	66	.00
Knoxville, clear	58	70	.00
Memphis, clear	54	58	.00
Mobile, cloudy	68	72	.00
Montgomery, cloudy	68	74	.40
New Orleans, rain	66	68	.10
New York, clear	50	52	.00
Norfolk, clear	40	52	.00
North Platte, part cloudy	60	74	.00
Omaha, clear	60	66	.00
Palestine, cloudy	64	68	.00
Raleigh, cloudy	58	58	T
Rapid City, clear	36	66	.00
St. Louis, clear	52	54	.00
St. Paul, part cloudy	58	60	.00
Savannah, cloudy	66	76	.00
Tampa, cloudy	70	80	T
Vicksburg, rain	62	64	.02
Wilmington, cloudy	56	62	T

T indicates trace of rain or snow.
J. B. MARBURY, Local Forecast Official.

Winter Tourist Tickets to Florida
Are now on sale at all coupon ticket offices at greatly reduced rates, good to return until May 31, 1903, via Central of Georgia railway and connections. Pullman sleeping cars through to Jacksonville without change. Ticket office 11 Wall street, and Union depot.

THE GRAND
Tonight and Saturday. Matinee Saturday.
THE BOSTONIANS
Presenting Tonight and Matinee Saturday.
ROBIN HOOD
Saturday Night.
MAID MARIAN
Night Prices, 25c to $1.50.
Matinee, 25c to $1.00.

Monday and Tuesday, March 16-17
MATINEE TUESDAY.
Broadhurst and Aerrie present
EDWARD GARVIE
and a Company of twenty-five
in the Musical Comedy Success.
MR. JOLLY OF JOLLIET
PRETTY CHORUS. A laugh for everybody.
No increase in prices.

BIJOU
Tonight, Saturday Matinee and Night.
VAUDEVILLE
Colby Family—Flying Rathburns—Bellman and Moore—Progectograph—Carr and Burns—Fialkowski—Pierce Brothers.
Same Bijou prices.
All Next Week!
BIJOU Musical COMEDY COMPANY.
"THE HOUSE THAT Jack Built." All Fun.
SEATS Start SELLING TODAY.
GET IN LINE.